

Converting Colors

`RYB(49, 93, 131)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(49, 93, 131) contains.

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Color

R_YB(49, 93, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	318378
RGB	49, 131, 120
RGB Percent	19%, 51%, 47%
CMY	0.8078, 0.4863, 0.5301
CMYK	0.63, 0.00, 0.09, 0.49
HSL	172°, 46%, 35%
HSV	172°, 63%, 51%
XYZ	12.7621, 18.2372, 20.5590
YIQ	105.2280, -45.3410, -20.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

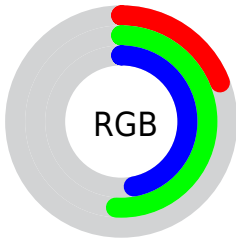
Format	Color
RYB	49, 93, 131
Decimal	3244920
CIELab	49.78, -27.51, -1.32
CIElCh	50, 27.543, 182.748
Yxy	18.2372, 0.2475, 0.3537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281435000 (0xFF318378)
YUV	105.2280, 7.2826, -49.3120
Hunter-Lab	42.7051, -21.3906, 1.3502

Details

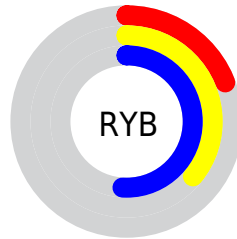
The RYB color **49, 93, 131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **131, 49, 60**, and the grayscale version is **105, 105, 105**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **105, 148, 184**, and **0, 43, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 87, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 99, 131**.

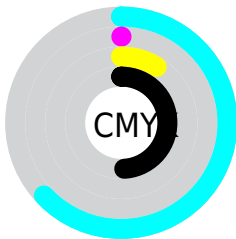
Distribution



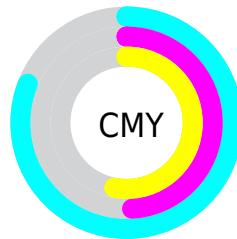
- Red (19%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 49, 93, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 49, 93, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 93, 131

 49, 93, 131


255, 255, 255

 13, 62, 106

 105, 148, 184

 0, 43, 81

 132, 176, 212

 0, 31, 57

 160, 204, 241

 0, 20, 36

 188, 222, 255

 0, 0, 2

 217, 236, 255

 0, 0, 0

 246, 251, 255

 49, 93, 131

 49, 93, 131

 36, 87, 131

 62, 99, 131

■ 23, 81, 131

■ 75, 105, 131

■ 10, 75, 131

■ 88, 111, 131

■ 0, 70, 131

■ 101, 117, 131

■ 114, 123, 131

■ 128, 130, 131

■ 141, 131, 132

■ 154, 131, 134

■ 167, 131, 136

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79, 116, 129



49, 93, 131



27, 82, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49, 93, 131



124, 112, 158



152, 136, 77

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 93, 131



131, 49, 60

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 104, 94



49, 93, 131



150, 104, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49, 93, 131



89, 111, 165



163, 100, 117



89, 132, 71

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 93, 131



38, 89, 155



163, 100, 117



156, 120, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 93, 131



138, 156, 171



49, 131, 119



67, 78, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 93, 131



43, 112, 171



49, 81, 131



60, 63, 66



0, 70, 130



0, 2, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131, 49, 60



171, 43, 60



131, 94, 49



66, 60, 61



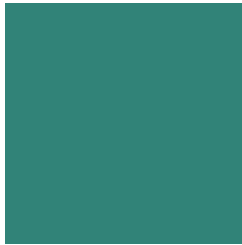
130, 0, 18



3, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 49, 93, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 49, 93, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 49, 93, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 49, 93, 131.

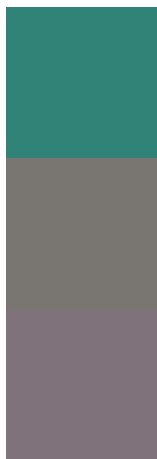


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 49, 93, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[49](#), [93](#), [131](#)

Protanopia
[119](#), [121](#), [112](#)

Deuteranopia
[127](#), [114](#), [123](#)



Tritanopia
57, 95, 139

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 93, 131

Protanomaly

95, 111, 122

Deuteranomaly

99, 110, 122

Tritanomaly

54, 92, 132

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 93, 131

Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105

Achromatomaly

85, 101, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 49, 93, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 131, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 131, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 131, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 131, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 49, 93, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 131, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 131, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 131, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 131, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 131, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 131,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 49, 93, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 131, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 131,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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