

# Converting Colors

`RYB(4, 125, 0)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(4, 125, 0) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(4, 125, 0)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7900
RGB	125, 121, 0
RGB Percent	49%, 47%, 0%
CMY	0.5098, 0.5250, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 1.00, 0.51
HSL	58°, 100%, 25%
HSV	58°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	15.3099, 18.0649, 2.6800
YIQ	108.4020, 41.2250, -36.7830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

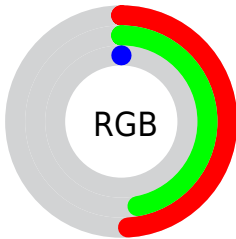
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	4, 125, 0
Decimal	8222976
CIE Lab	49.57, -10.60, 54.88
CIE LCh	50, 55.897, 100.932
Yxy	18.0649, 0.4246, 0.5010
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286413056 (0xFF7D7900)
YUV	108.4020, -53.4422, 14.5564
Hunter-Lab	42.5028, -10.0826, 26.0135

# Details

The RYB color **4, 125, 0** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **0, 4, 125**, and the grayscale version is **109, 109, 109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 181, 64**, and **0, 73, 1** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4, 125, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 125, 12**.

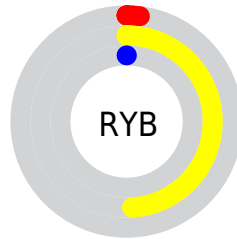
# Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (47%)

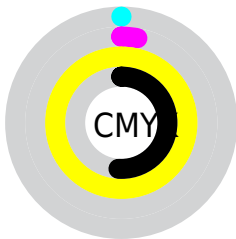
Blue (0%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (0%)

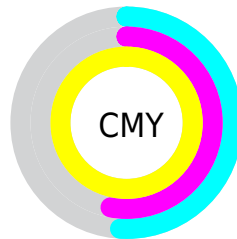


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 4, 125, 0 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 4, 125, 0 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4, 125, 0

 4, 125, 0

255, 255, 255

 2, 98, 0

 73, 181, 64

 0, 73, 1

 102, 210, 91

 0, 51, 5

 129, 239, 117

 0, 30, 8


 144, 255, 144

 0, 0, 0

 172, 255, 172

 200, 255, 200

 229, 255, 229

 4, 125, 0

■ 15, 125, 12

■ 28, 125, 25

■ 41, 125, 38

■ 52, 125, 50

■ 65, 125, 63

■ 77, 125, 75

■ 88, 125, 87

■ 101, 125, 100

■ 113, 125, 113

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125, 166, 18



4, 125, 0



39, 132, 99

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4, 125, 0



0, 78, 179



187, 77, 150

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4, 125, 0



0, 4, 125

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 97, 190



4, 125, 0



0, 80, 208

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4, 125, 0



0, 72, 140



41, 94, 212



203, 70, 102

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4, 125, 0



0, 91, 137



41, 94, 212



176, 83, 165



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4, 125, 0



115, 163, 114



125, 0, 4



53, 82, 52



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4, 125, 0



5, 163, 0



0, 125, 58



57, 64, 57



4, 128, 0



0, 0, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0, 4, 125



0, 5, 163



58, 0, 125



57, 58, 64



0, 4, 128



0, 0, 0



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 4, 125, 0 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

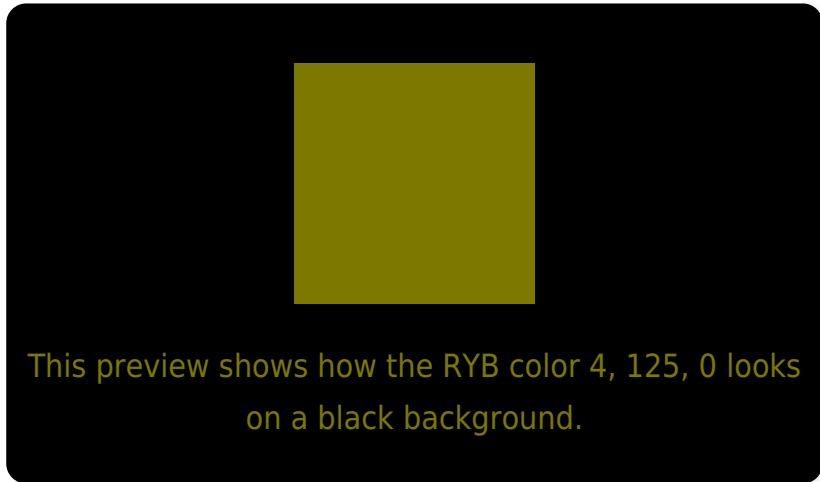
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 4, 125, 0 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 4, 125, 0.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 4, 125, 0.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


4, 125, 0

**Protanopia**

17, 133, 0

**Deuteranopia**

70, 149, 18



**Tritanopia**  
133, 113, 121

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4, 125, 0

**Protanomaly**

12, 130, 0

**Deuteranomaly**

42, 140, 11

**Tritanomaly**

96, 130, 77

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4, 125, 0

**Achromatopsia**

108, 108, 108

**Achromatomaly**

70, 114, 69

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 4, 125, 0 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 121, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 121, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 121, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 121, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 4, 125, 0 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 121, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 121, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 121, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 121, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 121, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 121,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 4, 125, 0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 121, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
121, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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