

Converting Colors

`RYB(51, 170, 208)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(51, 170, 208) contains.

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Color

`RYB(51, 170, 208)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33D065
RGB	51, 208, 101
RGB Percent	20%, 82%, 40%
CMY	0.8000, 0.1843, 0.6034
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.51, 0.18
HSL	139°, 63%, 51%
HSV	139°, 75%, 82%
XYZ	26.2767, 46.7578, 19.9867
YIQ	148.8590, -59.2250, -66.5610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

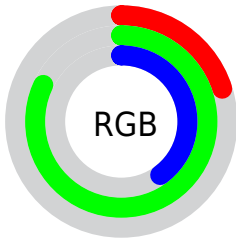
Format	Color
RYB	51, 170, 208
Decimal	3395685
CIELab	74.03, -62.36, 41.57
CIELCh	74, 74.943, 146.313
Yxy	46.7578, 0.2825, 0.5027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281585765 (0xFF33D065)
YUV	148.8590, -23.5945, -85.8223
Hunter-Lab	68.3797, -51.0711, 30.5359

Details

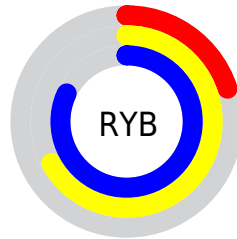
The RYB color **51, 170, 208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as dark muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **208, 51, 158**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121, 229, 255**, and **0, 114, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 165, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72, 175, 208**.

Distribution



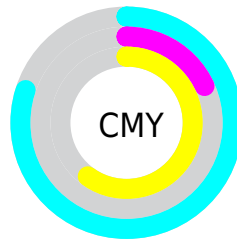
- Red (20%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 51, 170, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 51, 170, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 51, 170, 208

255, 255, 255


 121, 229, 255

 151, 232, 255

 182, 235, 255

 212, 239, 255

 243, 249, 255

 51, 170, 208

 0, 127, 180

 0, 114, 152

 0, 105, 125


 0, 99, 99


 0, 73, 73

 0, 51, 51

 0, 23, 23

 0, 0, 0

 51, 170, 208

 51, 170, 208

■ 30, 165, 208

■ 72, 175, 208

■ 9, 160, 208

■ 93, 181, 208

■ 0, 158, 208

■ 113, 185, 208

■ 134, 190, 208

■ 155, 195, 208

■ 176, 200, 208

■ 197, 206, 208

■ 217, 208, 214

■ 238, 208, 229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41, 196, 80



51, 170, 208



0, 119, 214

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51, 170, 208



0, 110, 255



255, 121, 125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 170, 208



208, 51, 158

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 114, 194



51, 170, 208



165, 167, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51, 170, 208



0, 115, 255



255, 136, 255



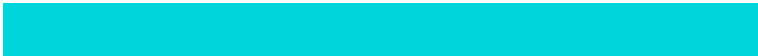
255, 212, 65

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 170, 208



0, 108, 219



255, 136, 255



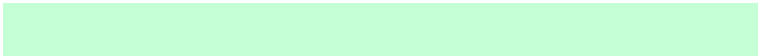
255, 116, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 170, 208



196, 241, 255



51, 208, 101



92, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 170, 208



23, 199, 255



51, 137, 208



94, 103, 105



0, 127, 168



0, 31, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 51, 158



255, 23, 181



208, 51, 80



105, 94, 101



168, 0, 115



41, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 51, 170, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 51, 170, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 51, 170, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 51, 170, 208.

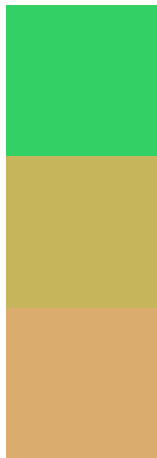


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 51, 170, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
51, 170, 208

Protanopia
114, 199, 92

Deuteranopia
190, 218, 110



Tritanopia
92, 148, 212

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 170, 208



Protanomaly

95, 191, 141



Deuteranomaly

107, 185, 135



Tritanomaly

77, 146, 200

Monochromacy



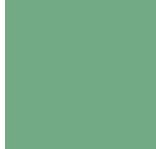
Original Color

51, 170, 208



Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149



Achromatomaly

113, 156, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 51, 170, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 208, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 208, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 208, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 208, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 51, 170, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 208, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 208, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 208, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 208, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 208, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 208,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 51, 170, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 208, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 208,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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