

Converting Colors

`RYB(51, 195, 158)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(51, 195, 158) contains.

RYB(51, 195, 158)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(51, 195, 158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58C333
RGB	88, 195, 51
RGB Percent	35%, 76%, 20%
CMY	0.6549, 0.2353, 0.8000
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.74, 0.24
HSL	105°, 59%, 48%
HSV	105°, 74%, 76%
XYZ	24.1371, 41.3439, 9.8400
YIQ	146.5910, -17.5480, -67.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

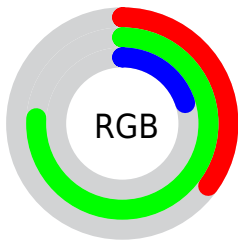
Format	Color
RYB	51, 195, 158
Decimal	5817139
CIELab	70.42, -55.85, 59.24
CIELCh	70, 81.420, 133.314
Yxy	41.3439, 0.3205, 0.5489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284007219 (0xFF58C333)
YUV	146.5910, -47.1264, -51.3843
Hunter-Lab	64.2993, -45.5170, 35.9361

Details

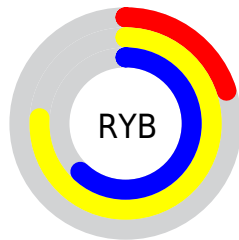
The RYB color **51, 195, 158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **158, 51, 195**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107, 252, 212**, and **0, 140, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 195, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 195, 163**.

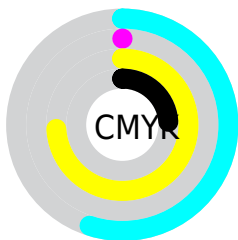
Distribution



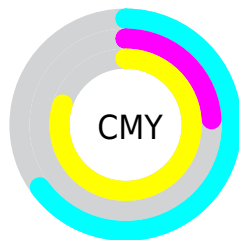
- Red (35%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 51, 195, 158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 51, 195, 158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 51, 195, 158

 51, 195, 158


255, 255, 255

 16, 167, 127


 107, 252, 212

 0, 140, 135

 134, 255, 212

 0, 114, 114

 162, 255, 210

 0, 88, 88

 190, 255, 208

 0, 63, 63


 219, 255, 219


 0, 41, 41

 248, 255, 248

 0, 3, 3

 0, 0, 0

 51, 195, 158

 51, 195, 158

■ 31, 195, 152

■ 70, 195, 163

■ 12, 195, 148

■ 90, 195, 168

■ 0, 195, 145

■ 110, 195, 174

■ 129, 195, 178

■ 148, 195, 183

■ 168, 195, 188

■ 187, 195, 193

■ 204, 195, 207

■ 218, 195, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 179, 3



51, 195, 158



0, 125, 203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51, 195, 158



0, 110, 255



255, 93, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 195, 158



158, 51, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 101, 217



51, 195, 158



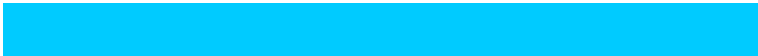
51, 126, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51, 195, 158



0, 113, 255



216, 136, 255



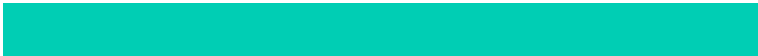
255, 136, 73

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 195, 158



0, 110, 206



216, 136, 255



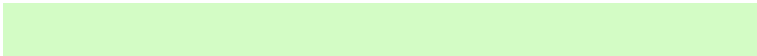
255, 91, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 195, 158



197, 252, 238



103, 195, 51



94, 128, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 195, 158



28, 252, 195



51, 167, 195



87, 97, 94



0, 161, 120



0, 33, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158, 51, 195



195, 28, 252



195, 51, 161



94, 87, 97



119, 0, 161



25, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 51, 195, 158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 51, 195, 158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 51, 195, 158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 51, 195, 158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 51, 195, 158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

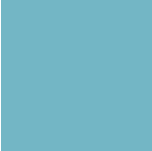
Dichromacy



Original Color
51, 195, 158

Protanopia
70, 192, 45

Deuteranopia
142, 213, 64



Tritanopia
115, 152, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 195, 158



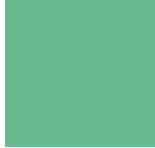
Protanomaly

47, 180, 73



Deuteranomaly

59, 174, 65



Tritanomaly

105, 161, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 195, 158



Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147



Achromatomaly

112, 164, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 51, 195, 158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 195, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 195, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 195, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 195, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 51, 195, 158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 195, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 195, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 195, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 195, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 195, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 195,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 51, 195, 158 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 195, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 195,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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