

Converting Colors

`RYB(51, 44, 190)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(51, 44, 190) contains.

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Color

R_YB(51, 44, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	332CBE
RGB	51, 44, 190
RGB Percent	20%, 17%, 75%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8275, 0.2549
CMYK	0.73, 0.77, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	243°, 62%, 46%
HSV	243°, 77%, 75%
XYZ	11.5602, 6.2229, 49.3070
YIQ	62.7370, -42.6940, 46.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

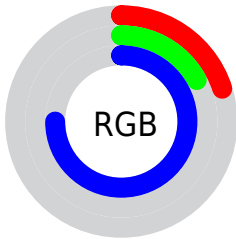
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 44, 190
Decimal	3353790
CIE _{Lab}	29.97, 49.59, -74.33
CIE _{LCh}	30, 89.354, 303.711
Yxy	6.2229, 0.1723, 0.0928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281543870 (0xFF332CBE)
YUV	62.7370, 62.7407, -10.2933
Hunter-Lab	24.9457, 39.0644, -99.7292

Details

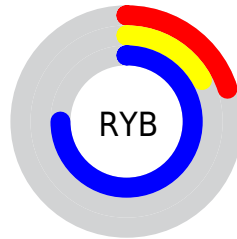
The RYB color **51, 44, 190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. A complement of this color would be **44, 190, 51**, and the grayscale version is **62, 62, 62**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **119, 92, 248**, and **0, 0, 135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 25, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 63, 190**.

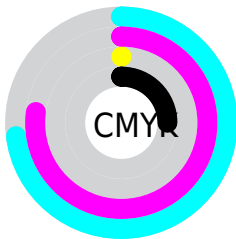
Distribution



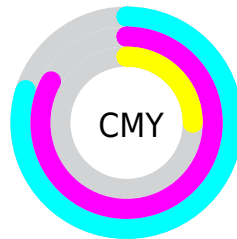
- Red (20%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 51, 44, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 51, 44, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 44, 190

■ 51, 44, 190

255, 255, 255

■ 0, 18, 162

■ 119, 92, 248

■ 0, 0, 135

■ 149, 118, 255

■ 0, 0, 109

■ 180, 144, 255

■ 0, 6, 83

■ 210, 171, 255

■ 0, 5, 59

■ 240, 199, 255

■ 0, 2, 37

■ 255, 227, 255

■ 0, 1, 13

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 51, 44, 190

■ 51, 44, 190

■ 33, 25, 190

■ 69, 63, 190

■ 15, 6, 190

■ 87, 82, 190

■ 9, 0, 190

■ 105, 101, 190

■ 123, 120, 190

■ 141, 139, 190

■ 160, 158, 190

■ 178, 177, 190

■ 190, 196, 190

■ 190, 215, 191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 58, 215



51, 44, 190



154, 0, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51, 44, 190



133, 49, 0



0, 51, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 44, 190



44, 190, 51

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 91, 91



51, 44, 190



9, 80, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51, 44, 190



170, 0, 0



0, 86, 86



0, 58, 148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 44, 190



177, 0, 89



0, 86, 86



0, 59, 93

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 44, 190



193, 190, 247



44, 116, 190



92, 90, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 44, 190



31, 20, 247



122, 44, 190



85, 85, 94



8, 0, 158



1, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 44, 183



247, 20, 236



44, 190, 122



94, 85, 94



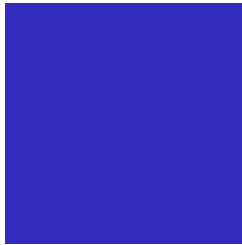
158, 0, 151



31, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 51, 44, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

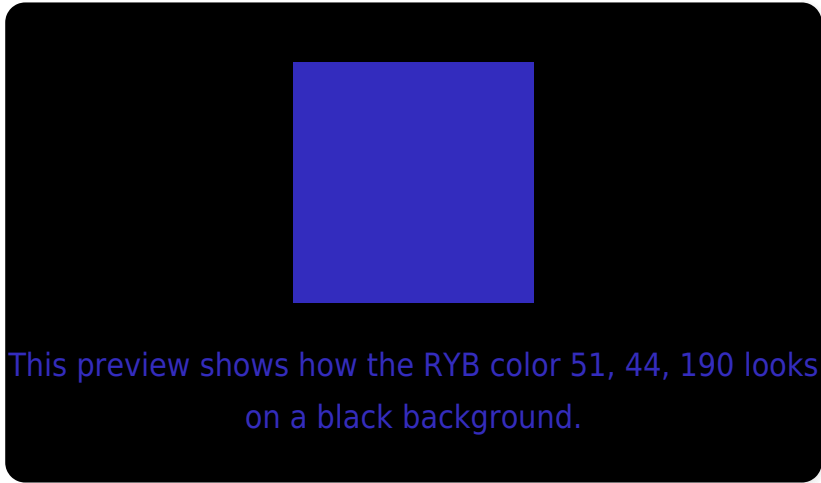
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

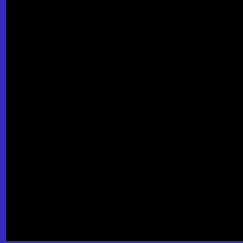
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 51, 44, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 51, 44, 190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 51, 44, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 44, 190

Protanomaly

19, 50, 160

Tritanomaly

19, 51, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 44, 190

Achromatopsia

63, 63, 63

Achromatomaly

59, 56, 109

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 51, 44, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 44, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 44, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 44, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 44, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 51, 44, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 44, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 44, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 44, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 44, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 44, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 44,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 51, 44, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 44, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 44,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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