

Converting Colors

`RYB(54, 82, 153)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(54, 82, 153) contains.

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Color

R_YB(54, 82, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	365D99
RGB	54, 93, 153
RGB Percent	21%, 36%, 60%
CMY	0.7882, 0.6351, 0.4000
CMYK	0.65, 0.39, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	216°, 48%, 41%
HSV	216°, 65%, 60%
XYZ	11.1892, 10.9203, 31.6551
YIQ	88.1790, -42.5040, 10.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

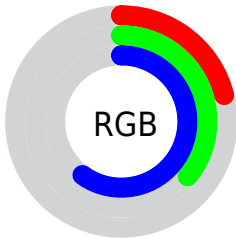
Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 82, 153
Decimal	3562905
CIE _{Lab}	39.45, 6.06, -36.90
CIE _{LCh}	39, 37.390, 279.327
Yxy	10.9203, 0.2081, 0.2031
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281752985 (0xFF365D99)
YUV	88.1790, 31.9568, -29.9750
Hunter-Lab	33.0459, 2.6088, -33.6626

Details

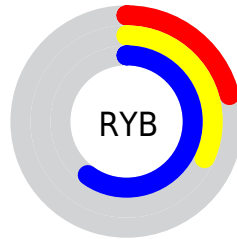
The RYB color **54, 82, 153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **118, 153, 54**, and the grayscale version is **88, 88, 88**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **110, 135, 208**, and **0, 33, 101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 71, 153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 93, 153**.

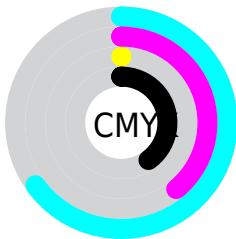
Distribution



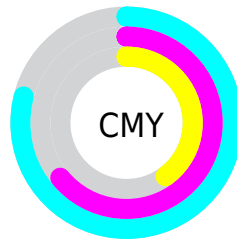
- Red (21%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 54, 82, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 54, 82, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



54, 82, 153



54, 82, 153

255, 255, 255



19, 54, 127



110, 135, 208



0, 33, 101



138, 162, 236



0, 21, 77



166, 188, 255



0, 2, 54



195, 215, 255



0, 2, 32



224, 239, 255



0, 0, 4

253, 254, 255



0, 0, 0



54, 82, 153



54, 82, 153



39, 71, 153



69, 93, 153

■ 23, 60, 153

■ 85, 104, 153

■ 8, 49, 153

■ 100, 115, 153

■ 0, 43, 153

■ 115, 126, 153

■ 131, 137, 153

■ 146, 148, 153

■ 158, 161, 153

■ 168, 176, 153

■ 180, 192, 153

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 61, 150



54, 82, 153



107, 81, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54, 82, 153



144, 76, 56



11, 70, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 82, 153



118, 153, 54

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43, 102, 77



54, 82, 153



116, 127, 35

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54, 82, 153



149, 66, 85



37, 101, 29



0, 56, 108

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 82, 153



129, 73, 124



37, 101, 29



38, 88, 105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 82, 153



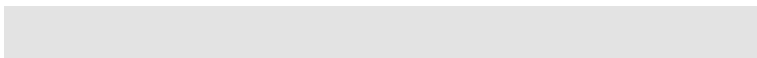
161, 172, 199



54, 116, 153



77, 83, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 82, 153



44, 88, 199



64, 54, 153



69, 71, 77



0, 39, 140



0, 4, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 54, 93



199, 44, 105



54, 153, 64



77, 69, 72



140, 0, 55



13, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 54, 82, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 54, 82, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 54, 82, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 54, 82, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 54, 82, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 82, 153

Protanopia

69, 86, 151

Deuteranopia

53, 82, 153



Tritanopia
29, 67, 110

Trichromacy



Original Color

54, 82, 153

Protanomaly

64, 85, 152

Deuteranomaly

53, 82, 153

Tritanomaly

38, 74, 126

Monochromacy



Original Color

54, 82, 153

Achromatopsia

88, 88, 88

Achromatomaly

76, 86, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 54, 82, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 93, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 93, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 93, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 93, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 54, 82, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 93, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 93, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 93, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 93, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 93, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 93,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 54, 82, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 93, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 93,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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