

Converting Colors

`RYB(55, 99, 142)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(55, 99, 142) contains.

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Color

R_YB(55, 99, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	378E8C
RGB	55, 142, 140
RGB Percent	22%, 56%, 55%
CMY	0.7843, 0.4431, 0.4509
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	179°, 44%, 39%
HSV	179°, 61%, 56%
XYZ	15.9839, 22.0523, 28.2338
YIQ	115.7590, -51.2100, -19.0660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

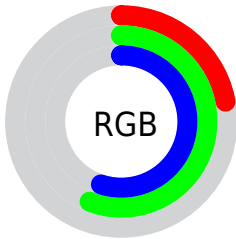
Format	Color
R _{YB}	55, 99, 142
Decimal	3640972
CIE _{Lab}	54.08, -26.10, -6.70
CIE _{LCh}	54, 26.943, 194.408
Y _{xy}	22.0523, 0.2412, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281831052 (0xFF378E8C)
YUV	115.7590, 11.9508, -53.2856
Hunter-Lab	46.9599, -21.4234, -2.7751

Details

The RYB color **55, 99, 142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **142, 55, 57**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112, 155, 196**, and **0, 46, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 92, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 106, 142**.

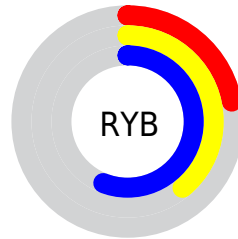
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (56%)

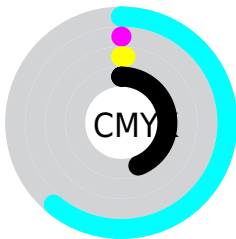
Blue (55%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (56%)

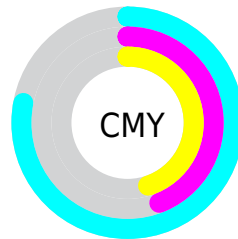


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 55, 99, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 55, 99, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



55, 99, 142



55, 99, 142

255, 255, 255



19, 68, 116



112, 155, 196



0, 46, 91



140, 183, 224



0, 34, 67



168, 211, 253



0, 22, 45



197, 226, 255



0, 12, 24



226, 241, 255



0, 0, 0



55, 99, 142



55, 99, 142



41, 92, 142



69, 106, 142



27, 85, 142



83, 113, 142

■ 12, 78, 142

■ 98, 120, 142

■ 0, 72, 142

■ 112, 127, 142

■ 126, 134, 142

■ 140, 141, 142

■ 154, 142, 142

■ 169, 142, 143

■ 183, 142, 143

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80, 118, 141



55, 99, 142



51, 100, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55, 99, 142



146, 119, 163



143, 156, 85

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 99, 142



142, 55, 57

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 122, 98



55, 99, 142



167, 113, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55, 99, 142



115, 126, 174



175, 112, 119



87, 134, 84

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 99, 142



68, 109, 171



175, 112, 119



162, 148, 88

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 99, 142



151, 168, 184



55, 142, 139



72, 82, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 99, 142



48, 117, 184



55, 85, 142



64, 68, 71



0, 68, 135



0, 4, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 55, 57



184, 48, 51



142, 133, 55



71, 64, 64



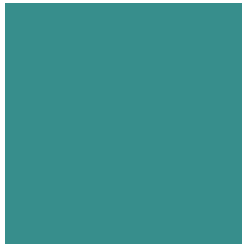
135, 0, 3



8, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 55, 99, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

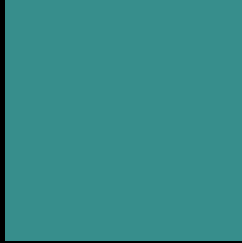
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 55, 99, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 55, 99, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 55, 99, 142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 55, 99, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[55, 99, 142](#)

Protanopia
[130, 128, 131](#)

Deuteranopia
[134, 125, 144](#)



Tritanopia
60, 103, 152

Trichromacy



Original Color

55, 99, 142

Protanomaly

103, 118, 134

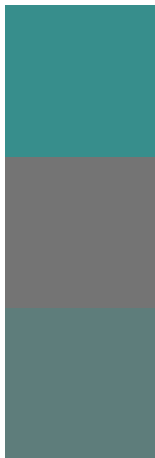
Deuteranomaly

105, 120, 143

Tritanomaly

58, 101, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color

55, 99, 142

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

94, 110, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 55, 99, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 142, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 142, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 142, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 142, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 55, 99, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 142, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 142, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 142, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 142, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 142, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 142,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 55, 99, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 142, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 142,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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