

Converting Colors

`RYB(56, 202, 225)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(56, 202, 225) contains.

RYB(56, 202, 225)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(56, 202, 225)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38E153
RGB	56, 225, 83
RGB Percent	22%, 88%, 33%
CMY	0.7804, 0.1176, 0.6760
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.63, 0.12
HSL	129°, 74%, 55%
HSV	129°, 75%, 88%
XYZ	30.1029, 55.3099, 17.1969
YIQ	158.2810, -55.1420, -79.9900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

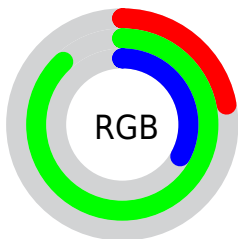
Format	Color
RYB	56, 202, 225
Decimal	3727699
CIELab	79.22, -69.61, 56.06
CIELCh	79, 89.377, 141.151
Yxy	55.3099, 0.2934, 0.5390
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281917779 (0xFF38E153)
YUV	158.2810, -37.1135, -89.7004
Hunter-Lab	74.3706, -57.8973, 38.3497

Details

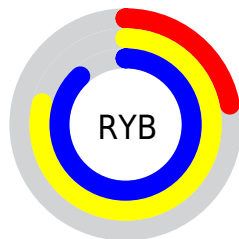
The RYB color **56, 202, 225** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **225, 56, 198**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128, 247, 255**, and **0, 147, 168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 199, 225**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79, 205, 225**.

Distribution



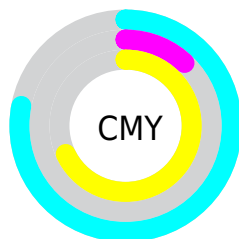
- Red (22%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 56, 202, 225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 56, 202, 225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



56, 202, 225



56, 202, 225

255, 255, 255



0, 153, 196



128, 247, 255



0, 148, 168



160, 250, 255



0, 141, 141



191, 253, 255



0, 114, 114



222, 255, 255



0, 88, 88



251, 255, 253



0, 63, 63



0, 38, 38



0, 0, 0



56, 202, 225



56, 202, 225

■ 34, 199, 225

■ 79, 205, 225

■ 11, 196, 225

■ 101, 208, 225

■ 0, 195, 225

■ 124, 212, 225

■ 146, 215, 225

■ 169, 218, 225

■ 191, 221, 225

■ 214, 224, 225

■ 236, 225, 234

■ 255, 225, 253

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 210, 32



56, 202, 225



0, 135, 232

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56, 202, 225



0, 116, 255



255, 112, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 202, 225



225, 56, 198

Split Complementary

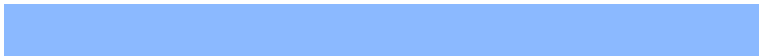
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 110, 225



56, 202, 225



139, 172, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56, 202, 225



0, 121, 255



255, 145, 255



255, 214, 64

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 202, 225



0, 119, 234



255, 145, 255



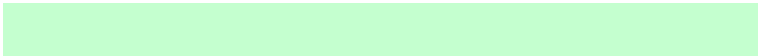
255, 106, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 202, 225



196, 246, 255



56, 225, 81



92, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 202, 225



25, 223, 255



56, 158, 225



101, 110, 112



0, 152, 176



0, 41, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



225, 56, 198



255, 25, 219



225, 56, 115



112, 101, 110



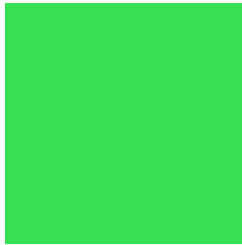
176, 0, 148



48, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 56, 202, 225 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 56, 202, 225 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 56, 202, 225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 56, 202, 225.

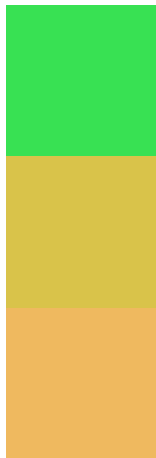


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 56, 202, 225.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

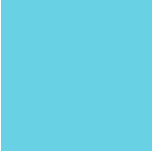
Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 202, 225

Protanopia
100, 217, 74

Deuteranopia
181, 239, 95



Tritanopia
104, 161, 228

Trichromacy



Original Color

56, 202, 225



Protanomaly

77, 206, 125



Deuteranomaly

90, 200, 118



Tritanomaly

87, 164, 216

Monochromacy



Original Color

56, 202, 225



Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158



Achromatomaly

121, 173, 182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 56, 202, 225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 225, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 225, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 225, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 225, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 56, 202, 225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 225, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 225, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 225, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 225, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 225, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 225,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 56, 202, 225 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 225, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 225,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor