

Converting Colors

`RYB(57, 206, 181)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(57, 206, 181) contains.

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Color

RYB(57, 206, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52CE39
RGB	82, 206, 57
RGB Percent	32%, 81%, 22%
CMY	0.6784, 0.1922, 0.7765
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.72, 0.19
HSL	110°, 60%, 52%
HSV	110°, 72%, 81%
XYZ	26.2895, 46.2319, 11.4089
YIQ	151.9380, -26.0750, -72.6270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

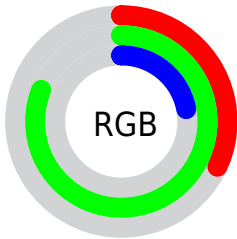
Format	Color
RYB	57, 206, 181
Decimal	5426745
CIELab	73.70, -60.84, 60.36
CIELCh	74, 85.705, 135.229
Yxy	46.2319, 0.3132, 0.5508
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283616825 (0xFF52CE39)
YUV	151.9380, -46.8044, -61.3356
Hunter-Lab	67.9940, -49.9735, 37.6473

Details

The RYB color **57, 206, 181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **181, 57, 206**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113, 255, 224**, and **0, 150, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 206, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 206, 185**.

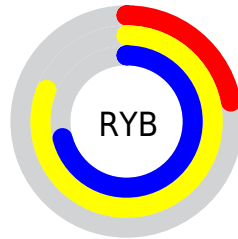
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (81%)

Blue (22%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (71%)

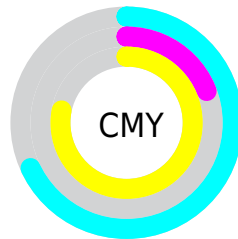


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (72%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 57, 206, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 57, 206, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 57, 206, 181

 57, 206, 181

255, 255, 255

 24, 178, 156

 113, 255, 224

 0, 150, 150

 140, 255, 221

 0, 124, 124

 168, 255, 219

 0, 98, 98

 197, 255, 218

 0, 72, 72

 226, 255, 226

 0, 50, 50

 0, 21, 21

 0, 0, 0

 57, 206, 181

 57, 206, 181

■ 36, 206, 177

■ 78, 206, 185

■ 16, 206, 174

■ 98, 206, 188

■ 0, 206, 171

■ 119, 206, 192

■ 139, 206, 194

■ 160, 206, 198

■ 181, 206, 202

■ 201, 206, 205

■ 219, 206, 222

■ 236, 206, 242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 190, 11



57, 206, 181



0, 130, 214

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57, 206, 181



0, 112, 255



255, 97, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57, 206, 181



181, 57, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 103, 223



57, 206, 181



75, 140, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57, 206, 181



0, 116, 255



234, 140, 255



255, 152, 71

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57, 206, 181



0, 114, 216



234, 140, 255



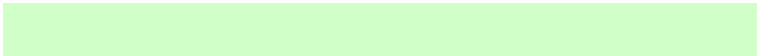
255, 93, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57, 206, 181



199, 255, 246



90, 206, 57



94, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57, 206, 181



33, 255, 218



57, 170, 206



92, 102, 100



0, 166, 138



0, 38, 32

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 57, 206



218, 33, 255



206, 57, 159



100, 92, 102



138, 0, 166



32, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 57, 206, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 57, 206, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

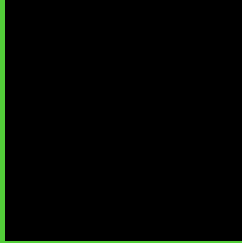
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 57, 206, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 57, 206, 181.

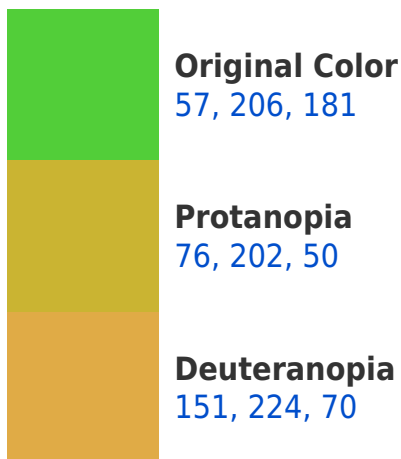


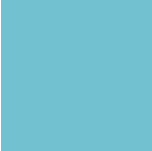
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 57, 206, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
114, 157, 208

Trichromacy



Original Color

57, 206, 181



Protanomaly

53, 189, 84



Deuteranomaly

65, 184, 77



Tritanomaly

102, 164, 197

Monochromacy



Original Color

57, 206, 181



Achromatopsia

152, 152, 152



Achromatomaly

117, 172, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 57, 206, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 206, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 206, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 206, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 206, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 57, 206, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 206, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 206, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 206, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 206, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 206, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 206,  
57) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 57, 206, 181 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 206, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 206,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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