

Converting Colors

`RYB(58, 119, 123)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(58, 119, 123) contains.

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Color

`RYB(58, 119, 123)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A7B3E
RGB	58, 123, 62
RGB Percent	23%, 48%, 24%
CMY	0.7725, 0.5176, 0.7558
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.49, 0.52
HSL	124°, 36%, 35%
HSV	124°, 53%, 48%
XYZ	9.7046, 15.4161, 7.0594
YIQ	96.6110, -19.1590, -32.7510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

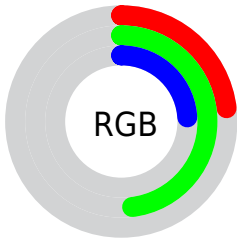
Format	Color
RYB	58, 119, 123
Decimal	3832638
CIELab	46.20, -34.40, 26.89
CIELCh	46, 43.668, 141.985
Yxy	15.4161, 0.3016, 0.4791
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282022718 (0xFF3A7B3E)
YUV	96.6110, -17.0632, -33.8618
Hunter-Lab	39.2634, -24.5917, 16.8243

Details

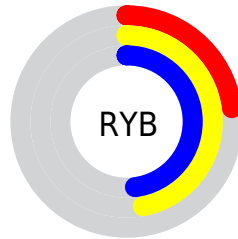
The RYB color **58, 119, 123** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **123, 58, 119**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **110, 175, 176**, and **0, 60, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 118, 123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 119, 123**.

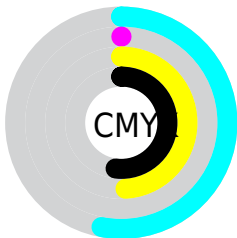
Distribution



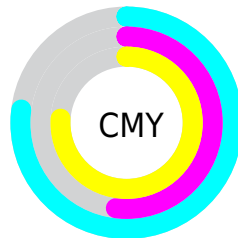
- Red (23%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 58, 119, 123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 58, 119, 123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



58, 119, 123



58, 119, 123

255, 255, 255



31, 91, 98



110, 175, 176



0, 59, 73



137, 204, 204



0, 50, 50



163, 232, 231



0, 30, 30



191, 255, 254



0, 0, 0



219, 255, 253



247, 255, 252



58, 119, 123



58, 119, 123



46, 118, 123



70, 119, 123

■ 33, 117, 123

■ 83, 121, 123

■ 21, 116, 123

■ 95, 121, 123

■ 9, 116, 123

■ 107, 122, 123

■ 0, 115, 123

■ 120, 123, 123

■ 132, 123, 131

■ 144, 123, 143

■ 156, 123, 154

■ 169, 123, 166

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37, 116, 50



58, 119, 123



0, 72, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58, 119, 123



0, 71, 182



176, 78, 84

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58, 119, 123



123, 58, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 77, 121



58, 119, 123



94, 103, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58, 119, 123



0, 71, 166



145, 89, 155



164, 109, 53

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58, 119, 123



0, 65, 127



145, 89, 155



177, 77, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58, 119, 123



135, 159, 161



58, 123, 61



66, 81, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58, 119, 123



59, 154, 161



58, 100, 123



55, 61, 61



0, 117, 125



0, 236, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



123, 58, 119



161, 59, 154



123, 58, 87



61, 55, 61



125, 0, 117



252, 0, 236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 58, 119, 123 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

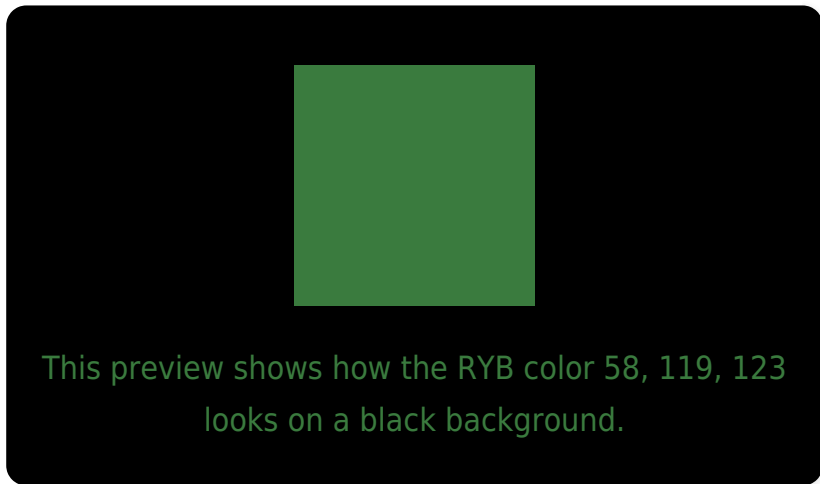
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

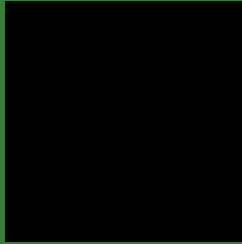
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 58, 119, 123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 58, 119, 123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 58, 119, 123.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58, 119, 123

Protanopia

70, 120, 57

Deuteranopia

116, 132, 67



Tritanopia
72, 96, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color
58, 119, 123

Protanomaly
59, 114, 76

Deuteranomaly
65, 111, 71

Tritanomaly
67, 98, 119

Monochromacy



Original Color
58, 119, 123

Achromatopsia
97, 97, 97

Achromatomaly
83, 105, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 58, 119, 123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 123, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 123, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 123, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 123, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 58, 119, 123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 123, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 123, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 123, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 123, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 123, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 123,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 58, 119, 123 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 123, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 123,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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