

Converting Colors

`RYB(59, 114, 103)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(59, 114, 103) contains.

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Color

R_YB(59, 114, 103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	46723B
RGB	70, 114, 59
RGB Percent	27%, 45%, 23%
CMY	0.7255, 0.5529, 0.7686
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.48, 0.55
HSL	108°, 32%, 34%
HSV	108°, 48%, 45%
XYZ	9.3325, 13.6525, 6.2810
YIQ	94.5740, -8.5690, -26.4330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

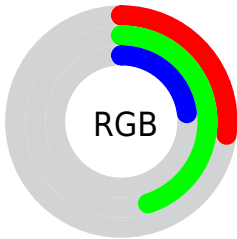
Format	Color
RYB	59, 114, 103
Decimal	4616763
CIELab	43.73, -26.79, 25.71
CIELCh	44, 37.127, 136.182
Yxy	13.6525, 0.3189, 0.4665
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282806843 (0xFF46723B)
YUV	94.5740, -17.5380, -21.5514
Hunter-Lab	36.9493, -19.5763, 15.7858

Details

The RYB color **59, 114, 103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **103, 59, 114**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107, 166, 152**, and **14, 65, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 114, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 114, 105**.

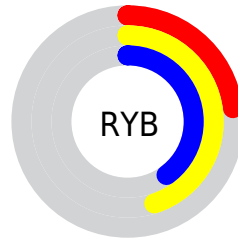
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (45%)

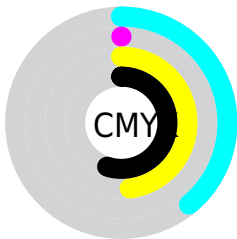
Blue (23%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (40%)

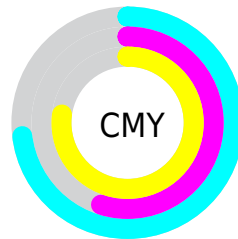


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 59, 114, 103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 59, 114, 103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



59, 114, 103



59, 114, 103

255, 255, 255



36, 89, 79



107, 166, 152



14, 65, 59



133, 194, 180



0, 43, 43



159, 222, 207



0, 21, 21



186, 250, 234



0, 0, 0



214, 255, 238



243, 255, 243



59, 114, 103



59, 114, 103



48, 114, 101



70, 114, 105

■ 36, 114, 98

■ 82, 114, 108

■ 25, 114, 96

■ 93, 114, 110

■ 13, 114, 93

■ 105, 114, 113

■ 2, 114, 92

■ 116, 114, 116

■ 0, 114, 91

■ 125, 114, 127

■ 134, 114, 139

■ 143, 114, 150

■ 152, 114, 162

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41, 107, 43



59, 114, 103



3, 69, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59, 114, 103



0, 66, 163



161, 77, 88

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 114, 103



103, 59, 114

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153, 79, 119



59, 114, 103



81, 97, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59, 114, 103



0, 65, 147



127, 89, 146



153, 94, 60

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 114, 103



0, 62, 119



127, 89, 146



160, 77, 98

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 114, 103



127, 148, 144



73, 114, 59



61, 74, 71



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 114, 103



62, 148, 131



59, 101, 114



50, 56, 54



0, 120, 96



0, 247, 198

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103, 59, 114



131, 62, 148



114, 59, 98



55, 50, 56



96, 0, 120



198, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 59, 114, 103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 59, 114, 103 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

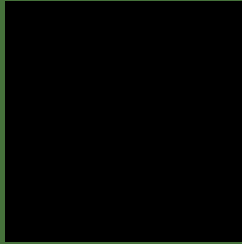
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 59, 114, 103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 59, 114, 103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 59, 114, 103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[59](#), [114](#), [103](#)

Protanopia

[67](#), [113](#), [55](#)

Deuteranopia

[111](#), [125](#), [63](#)



Tritanopia
80, 96, 116

Trichromacy



Original Color

59, 114, 103

Protanomaly

56, 107, 66

Deuteranomaly

63, 105, 62

Tritanomaly

76, 98, 110

Monochromacy



Original Color

59, 114, 103

Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95

Achromatomaly

82, 102, 98

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 59, 114, 103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 114, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 114, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 114, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 114, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 59, 114, 103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 114, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 114, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 114, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 114, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 114, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 114,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 70, 114, 59 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 114, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 114,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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