

Converting Colors

`RYB(59, 218, 145)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(59, 218, 145) contains.

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Color

R_YB(59, 218, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84DA3B
RGB	132, 218, 59
RGB Percent	52%, 85%, 23%
CMY	0.4824, 0.1451, 0.7686
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.73, 0.15
HSL	92°, 68%, 54%
HSV	92°, 73%, 85%
XYZ	35.3765, 55.3641, 12.9595
YIQ	174.1600, -0.2170, -67.6810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

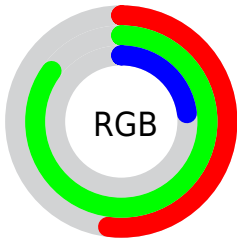
Format	Color
RYB	59, 218, 145
Decimal	8706619
CIELab	79.25, -50.90, 65.85
CIELCh	79, 83.225, 127.705
Yxy	55.3641, 0.3411, 0.5339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286896699 (0xFF84DA3B)
YUV	174.1600, -56.7739, -36.9743
Hunter-Lab	74.4071, -45.3452, 41.7584

Details

The RYB color **59, 218, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **145, 59, 218**, and the grayscale version is **175, 175, 175**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116, 255, 181**, and **0, 162, 89** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 218, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 218, 155**.

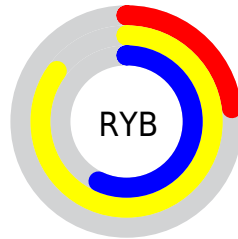
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (85%)

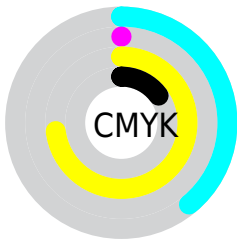
Blue (23%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (57%)

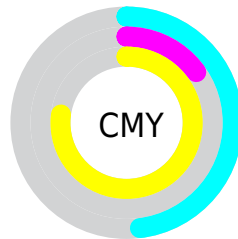


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (73%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 59, 218, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 59, 218, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 59, 218, 145

 59, 218, 145


255, 255, 255

 24, 190, 111

 116, 255, 181

 0, 162, 89


 144, 255, 179

 0, 136, 97

 172, 255, 177

 0, 109, 109

 201, 255, 201

 0, 84, 84

 230, 255, 230

 0, 60, 60

 0, 38, 38

 0, 0, 0

 59, 218, 145

 59, 218, 145

■ 37, 218, 135

■ 81, 218, 155

■ 15, 218, 125

■ 103, 218, 165

■ 0, 218, 118

■ 124, 218, 175

■ 146, 218, 185

■ 168, 218, 195

■ 190, 218, 205

■ 212, 218, 215

■ 226, 218, 233

■ 238, 218, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17, 215, 0



59, 218, 145



0, 144, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59, 218, 145



0, 118, 255



255, 116, 180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 218, 145



145, 59, 218

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 131, 255



59, 218, 145



0, 112, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59, 218, 145



0, 121, 255



224, 166, 255



255, 146, 105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 218, 145



0, 128, 232



224, 166, 255



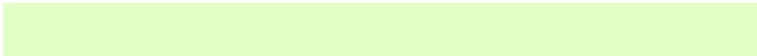
255, 117, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 218, 145



199, 255, 229



197, 218, 59



94, 128, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 218, 145



31, 255, 152



59, 213, 218



99, 110, 105



0, 173, 93



0, 46, 25

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 59, 218



152, 31, 255



218, 59, 213



105, 99, 110



94, 0, 173



25, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 59, 218, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 59, 218, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 59, 218, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 59, 218, 145.

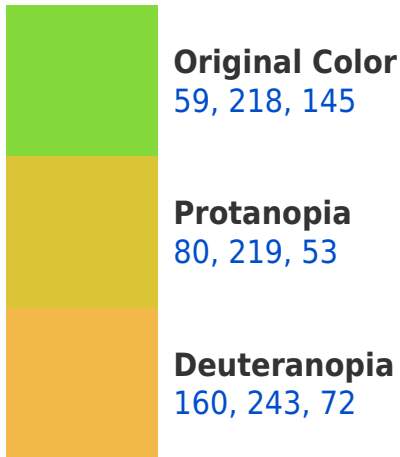


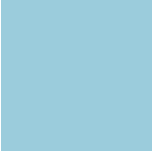
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 59, 218, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
155, 183, 220

Trichromacy



Original Color

59, 218, 145



Protanomaly

55, 204, 72



Deuteranomaly

73, 203, 67



Tritanomaly

147, 197, 208

Monochromacy



Original Color

59, 218, 145



Achromatopsia

174, 174, 174



Achromatomaly

132, 190, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 59, 218, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 218, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 218, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 218, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 218, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 59, 218, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 218, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 218, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 218, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 218, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 218, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 218,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 59, 218, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 218, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
218, 59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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