

Converting Colors

`RYB(60, 110, 232)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(60, 110, 232) contains.

RYB(60, 110, 232)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(60, 110, 232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C82E8
RGB	60, 130, 232
RGB Percent	24%, 51%, 91%
CMY	0.7647, 0.4883, 0.0902
CMYK	0.74, 0.44, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	215°, 79%, 57%
HSV	215°, 74%, 91%
XYZ	24.4772, 22.8833, 79.4708
YIQ	120.6980, -74.4620, 16.8820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

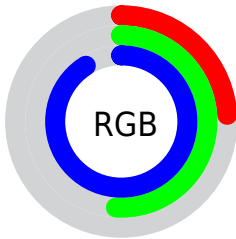
Format	Color
R _{YB}	60, 110, 232
Decimal	3965672
CIE _{Lab}	54.95, 12.28, -57.74
CIE _{LCh}	55, 59.033, 282.009
Y _{xy}	22.8833, 0.1930, 0.1804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282155752 (0xFF3C82E8)
YUV	120.6980, 54.8719, -53.2321
Hunter-Lab	47.8365, 7.6219, -65.0130

Details

The RYB color **60, 110, 232** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **178, 232, 60**, and the grayscale version is **121, 121, 121**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128, 166, 255**, and **0, 56, 176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 94, 232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 126, 232**.

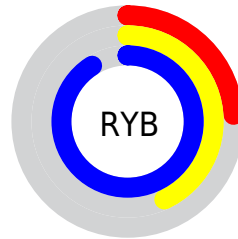
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (51%)

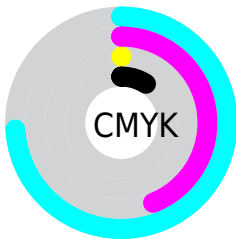
Blue (91%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (91%)

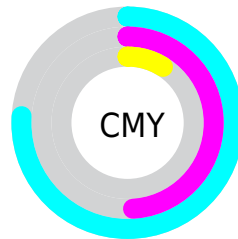


Cyan (74%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (76%)


















Magenta (49%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 60, 110, 232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 60, 110, 232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 60, 110, 232	 60, 110, 232
 255, 255, 255	 0, 70, 203
 128, 166, 255	 0, 56, 176
 159, 192, 255	 0, 43, 148
 190, 218, 255	 0, 30, 122
 221, 238, 255	 0, 17, 97
 251, 253, 255	 0, 7, 72
	 0, 4, 48
	 0, 1, 27
	 0, 0, 0

■ 60, 110, 232

■ 60, 110, 232

■ 37, 94, 232

■ 83, 126, 232

■ 14, 77, 232

■ 106, 143, 232

■ 0, 67, 232

■ 130, 160, 232

■ 153, 176, 232

■ 176, 192, 232

■ 199, 209, 232

■ 222, 225, 232

■ 243, 246, 232

■ 233, 255, 232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 89, 229



60, 110, 232



160, 109, 208

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60, 110, 232



213, 104, 65



0, 94, 154

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60, 110, 232



178, 232, 60

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49, 147, 116



60, 110, 232



133, 182, 25

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60, 110, 232



224, 81, 113



11, 138, 9



0, 79, 156

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60, 110, 232



196, 93, 180



11, 138, 9



0, 99, 152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60, 110, 232



199, 215, 255



60, 169, 232



94, 104, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60, 110, 232



28, 94, 255



74, 60, 232



103, 107, 115



0, 52, 179



0, 15, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 60, 130



255, 28, 121



60, 232, 74



115, 103, 108



179, 0, 73



51, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 60, 110, 232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 60, 110, 232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

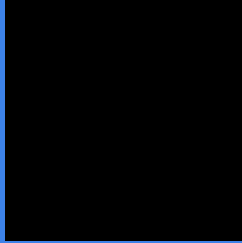
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

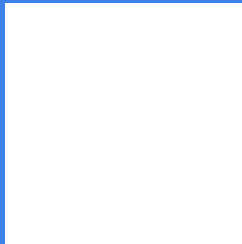
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 60, 110, 232 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 60, 110, 232.

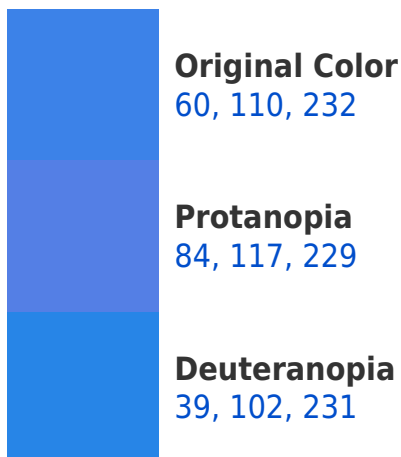


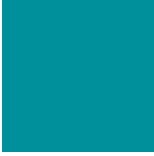
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 60, 110, 232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 75, 156

Trichromacy



Original Color
60, 110, 232

Protanomaly
75, 114, 230

Deuteranomaly
47, 105, 231

Tritanomaly
22, 90, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color
60, 110, 232

Achromatopsia
121, 121, 121

Achromatomaly
99, 117, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 60, 110, 232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 130, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 130, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 130, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 130, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 60, 110, 232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 130, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 130, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 130, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 130, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 130, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 130,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 60, 110, 232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 130, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 130,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor