

Converting Colors

`RYB(61, 25, 182)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(61, 25, 182) contains.

RYB(61, 25, 182)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(61, 25, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D19B6
RGB	61, 25, 182
RGB Percent	24%, 10%, 71%
CMY	0.7608, 0.9020, 0.2863
CMYK	0.66, 0.86, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	254°, 76%, 41%
HSV	254°, 86%, 71%
XYZ	10.7156, 5.0648, 44.6688
YIQ	53.6620, -28.9410, 56.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

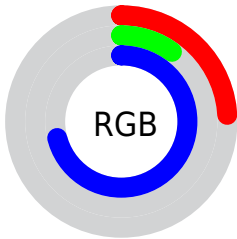
Format	Color
R _Y B	61, 25, 182
Decimal	4004278
CIE Lab	26.92, 56.55, -74.61
CIE LCh	27, 93.621, 307.160
Yxy	5.0648, 0.1773, 0.0838
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282194358 (0xFF3D19B6)
YUV	53.6620, 63.2706, 6.4354
Hunter-Lab	22.5050, 45.6076, -101.9274

Details

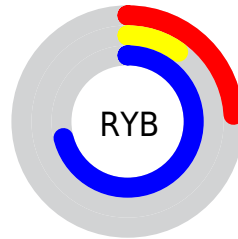
The RYB color **61, 25, 182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. A complement of this color would be **25, 182, 61**, and the grayscale version is **53, 53, 53**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125, 77, 239**, and **0, 0, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 7, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 43, 182**.

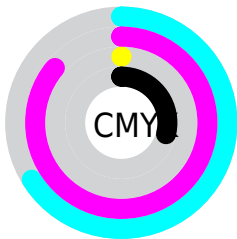
Distribution



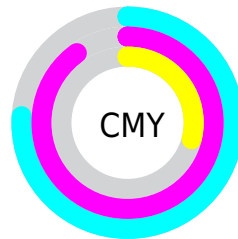
- Red (24%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 61, 25, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 61, 25, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 61, 25, 182

 61, 25, 182


255, 255, 255

 12, 0, 154

 125, 77, 239

 0, 0, 127

 155, 103, 255

 0, 0, 101

 185, 129, 255

 0, 8, 76

 216, 156, 255

 0, 5, 52

 246, 184, 255

 0, 2, 30

 255, 212, 255

 0, 0, 1

 255, 241, 255

 0, 0, 0

 61, 25, 182

 61, 25, 182

■ 47, 7, 182

■ 75, 43, 182

■ 42, 0, 182

■ 89, 61, 182

■ 103, 80, 182

■ 117, 98, 182

■ 131, 116, 182

■ 145, 134, 182

■ 159, 152, 182

■ 173, 171, 182

■ 182, 189, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 54, 212



61, 25, 182



154, 0, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61, 25, 182



120, 46, 0



0, 45, 86

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 25, 182



25, 182, 61

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 84, 84



61, 25, 182



0, 67, 4

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61, 25, 182



160, 0, 0



0, 80, 80



0, 56, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 25, 182



174, 0, 74



0, 80, 80



0, 52, 85

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 25, 182



190, 175, 237



25, 94, 182



91, 83, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 25, 182



54, 0, 237



138, 25, 182



85, 83, 92



36, 0, 156



6, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 25, 146



237, 0, 183



25, 182, 138



92, 83, 90



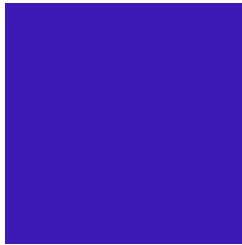
156, 0, 120



28, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 61, 25, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

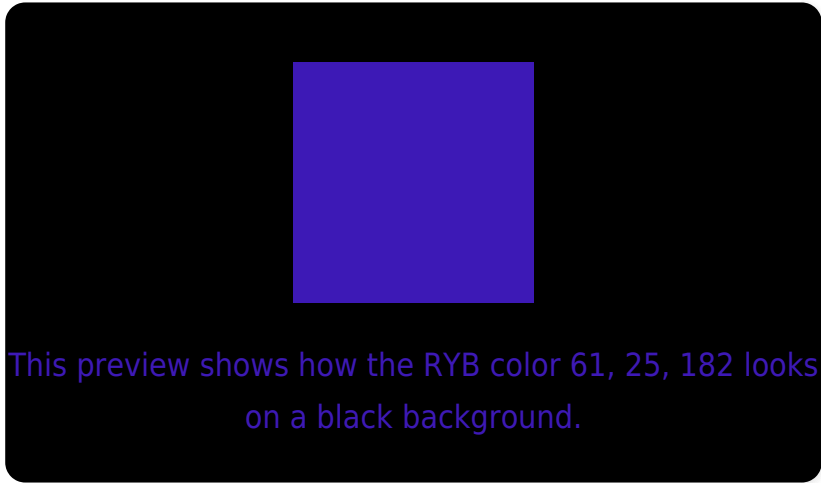
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 61, 25, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 61, 25, 182.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 61, 25, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


61, 25, 182

Protanopia

0, 42, 130

Deuteranopia

0, 41, 111



Tritanopia
0, 37, 76

Trichromacy



Original Color

61, 25, 182

Protanomaly

22, 44, 149

Deuteranomaly

22, 45, 137

Tritanomaly

22, 46, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color

61, 25, 182

Achromatopsia

54, 54, 54

Achromatomaly

57, 43, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 61, 25, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 25, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 25, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 25, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 25, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 61, 25, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 25, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 25, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 25, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 25, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 25, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 25,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 61, 25, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 25, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 25,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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