

Converting Colors

`RYB(62, 142, 122)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(62, 142, 122) contains.

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Color

`RYB(62, 142, 122)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	528E3E
RGB	82, 142, 62
RGB Percent	32%, 56%, 24%
CMY	0.6784, 0.4431, 0.7569
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.56, 0.44
HSL	105°, 39%, 40%
HSV	105°, 56%, 56%
XYZ	14.0222, 21.4876, 7.9659
YIQ	114.9400, -10.0800, -37.6000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

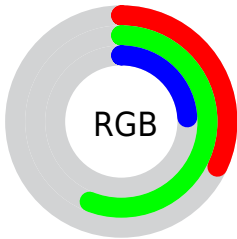
Format	Color
RYB	62, 142, 122
Decimal	5410366
CIELab	53.48, -35.28, 36.14
CIELCh	53, 50.509, 134.308
Yxy	21.4876, 0.3225, 0.4942
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283600446 (0xFF528E3E)
YUV	114.9400, -26.0994, -28.8884
Hunter-Lab	46.3548, -27.1251, 22.2595

Details

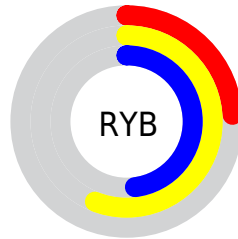
The RYB color **62, 142, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **122, 62, 142**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112, 196, 173**, and **12, 91, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 142, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 142, 125**.

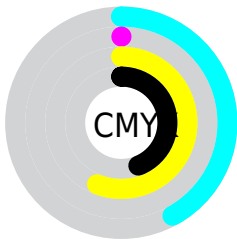
Distribution



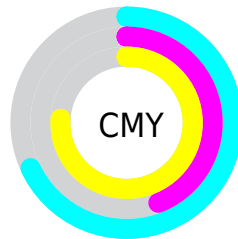
- Red (32%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 62, 142, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 62, 142, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62, 142, 122



62, 142, 122

255, 255, 255



38, 116, 98



112, 196, 173



12, 91, 75



138, 224, 200



0, 67, 67



165, 253, 228



0, 44, 44



192, 255, 228



0, 20, 20



220, 255, 227



0, 0, 0



249, 255, 249



62, 142, 122



62, 142, 122



48, 142, 119



76, 142, 125

■ 34, 142, 115

■ 90, 142, 129

■ 19, 142, 111

■ 105, 142, 133

■ 5, 142, 108

■ 119, 142, 136

■ 0, 142, 106

■ 133, 142, 140

■ 146, 142, 147

■ 157, 142, 161

■ 167, 142, 176

■ 178, 142, 190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36, 132, 37



62, 142, 122



0, 86, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62, 142, 122



0, 84, 211



208, 88, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 142, 122



122, 62, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 91, 152



62, 142, 122



85, 115, 212

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62, 142, 122



0, 82, 188



157, 107, 190



197, 110, 69

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 142, 122



0, 79, 149



157, 107, 190



206, 87, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 142, 122



152, 184, 176



89, 142, 62



73, 92, 87



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 142, 122



59, 184, 153



62, 126, 142



64, 71, 69



0, 135, 101



0, 8, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 62, 142



152, 59, 184



142, 62, 122



70, 64, 71



101, 0, 135



6, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 142, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 142, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

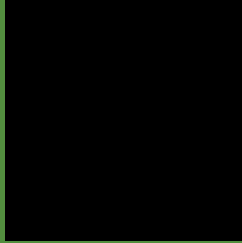
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 62, 142, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 62, 142, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 62, 142, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

62, 142, 122

Protanopia

74, 141, 57

Deuteranopia

126, 156, 68



Tritanopia
96, 117, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 142, 122

Protanomaly
59, 132, 71

Deuteranomaly
66, 129, 66

Tritanomaly
91, 121, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 142, 122

Achromatopsia
115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly
96, 125, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 62, 142, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 142, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 142, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 142, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 142, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 62, 142, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 142, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 142, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 142, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 142, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 142, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 142,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 62, 142, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 142, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 142,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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