

Converting Colors

`RYB(62, 199, 82)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(62, 199, 82) contains.

RYB(62, 199, 82)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RYB(62, 199, 82)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3C73E
RGB	179, 199, 62
RGB Percent	70%, 78%, 24%
CMY	0.2980, 0.2196, 0.7569
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.69, 0.22
HSL	69°, 55%, 51%
HSV	69°, 69%, 78%
XYZ	39.8833, 50.7784, 12.2566
YIQ	177.4020, 32.0570, -46.8470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

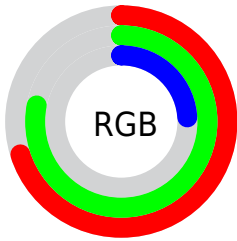
Format	Color
RYB	62, 199, 82
Decimal	11781950
CIELab	76.54, -24.57, 62.99
CIELCh	77, 67.614, 111.308
Yxy	50.7784, 0.3875, 0.4934
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289972030 (0xFFB3C73E)
YUV	177.4020, -56.8932, 1.4014
Hunter-Lab	71.2589, -24.7974, 39.6834

Details

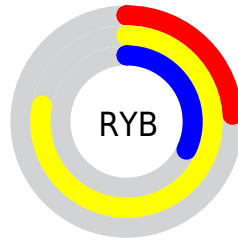
The RYB color **62, 199, 82** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **82, 62, 199**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **117, 255, 135**, and **0, 145, 22** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 199, 65**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 199, 99**.

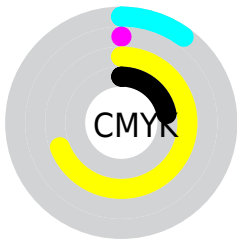
Distribution



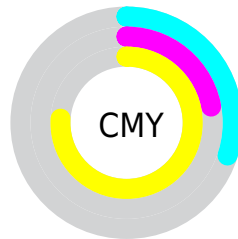
- Red (70%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 62, 199, 82 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 62, 199, 82 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62, 199, 82



62, 199, 82

255, 255, 255



31, 172, 52



117, 255, 135



0, 145, 22



145, 255, 145



0, 120, 25



173, 255, 173



0, 95, 26



201, 255, 201



0, 71, 29



230, 255, 230



0, 48, 34



0, 30, 30



0, 0, 0



62, 199, 82



62, 199, 82

■ 42, 199, 65

■ 82, 199, 99

■ 22, 199, 48

■ 102, 199, 116

■ 2, 199, 31

■ 122, 199, 133

■ 0, 199, 29

■ 142, 199, 150

■ 162, 199, 167

■ 181, 199, 184

■ 199, 199, 201

■ 202, 199, 221

■ 205, 199, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 238, 56



62, 199, 82



102, 207, 212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62, 199, 82



0, 116, 255



255, 133, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 199, 82



82, 62, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



247, 153, 255



62, 199, 82



0, 112, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62, 199, 82



0, 113, 232



158, 176, 255



255, 135, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 199, 82



0, 130, 217



158, 176, 255



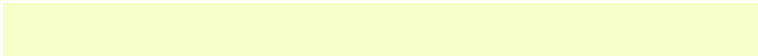
255, 138, 230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 199, 82



201, 255, 209



199, 83, 62



96, 128, 101



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 199, 82



43, 255, 74



62, 199, 149



90, 99, 91



0, 163, 24



0, 36, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 62, 199



74, 43, 255



149, 62, 199



91, 90, 99



24, 0, 163



5, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 199, 82 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 199, 82 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 62, 199, 82 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 62, 199, 82.

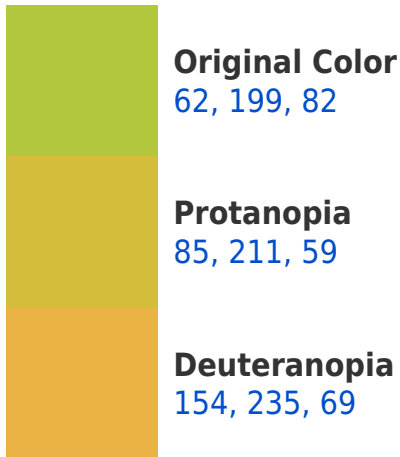



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 62, 199, 82.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
193, 186, 201

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 199, 82

Protanomaly
66, 199, 60

Deuteranomaly
102, 215, 66

Tritanomaly
150, 191, 153

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 199, 82

Achromatopsia
177, 177, 177

Achromatomaly
135, 185, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 62, 199, 82 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 199, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 199, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 199, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 199, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 62, 199, 82 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 199, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 199, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 199, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 199, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 199, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 199,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 179, 199, 62 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 199, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
199, 62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor