

Converting Colors

R_YB(62, 210, 79)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(62, 210, 79) contains.

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Color

RYB(62, 210, 79)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C1D23E
RGB	193, 210, 62
RGB Percent	76%, 82%, 24%
CMY	0.2431, 0.1765, 0.7569
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.70, 0.18
HSL	67°, 62%, 53%
HSV	67°, 70%, 82%
XYZ	45.9084, 57.7784, 13.2902
YIQ	188.0450, 37.3760, -49.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

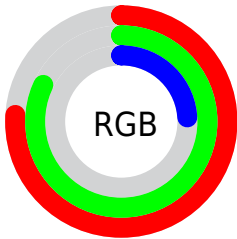
Format	Color
RYB	62, 210, 79
Decimal	12702270
CIELab	80.62, -24.14, 67.37
CIELCh	81, 71.564, 109.716
Yxy	57.7784, 0.3925, 0.4939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290892350 (0xFFC1D23E)
YUV	188.0450, -62.1402, 4.3455
Hunter-Lab	76.0121, -25.2141, 42.8421

Details

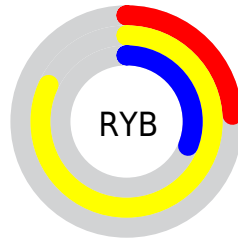
The RYB color **62, 210, 79** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **79, 62, 210**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **119, 255, 122**, and **0, 156, 20** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 210, 60**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 210, 98**.

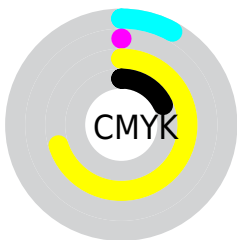
Distribution



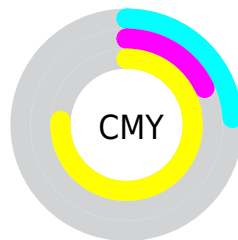
- Red (76%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (18%)




















- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 62, 210, 79 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 62, 210, 79 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 62, 210, 79	 62, 210, 79
 255, 255, 255	 29, 182, 47
 119, 255, 122	 0, 156, 20
 146, 255, 146	 0, 130, 22
 175, 255, 175	 0, 104, 23
 203, 255, 203	 0, 80, 26
 233, 255, 233	 0, 57, 31
	 0, 36, 36
	 0, 4, 4
	 0, 0, 0

■ 62, 210, 79

■ 62, 210, 79

■ 41, 210, 60

■ 83, 210, 98

■ 20, 210, 42

■ 104, 210, 116

■ 0, 210, 24

■ 125, 210, 135

■ 146, 210, 153

■ 167, 210, 172

■ 188, 210, 191

■ 209, 210, 209

■ 212, 210, 230

■ 215, 210, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159, 255, 59



62, 210, 79



109, 224, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62, 210, 79



0, 120, 255



255, 141, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 210, 79



79, 62, 210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 163, 255



62, 210, 79



0, 116, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62, 210, 79



0, 119, 243



160, 184, 255



255, 141, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 210, 79



0, 138, 229



160, 184, 255



255, 147, 248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 210, 79



201, 255, 207



210, 79, 62



96, 128, 100



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 210, 79



38, 255, 63



62, 210, 151



94, 105, 96



0, 168, 19



0, 41, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 62, 210



63, 38, 255



151, 62, 210



95, 94, 105



19, 0, 168



5, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 210, 79 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 210, 79 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 62, 210, 79 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 62, 210, 79.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 62, 210, 79.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
62, 210, 79

Protanopia
87, 224, 59

Deuteranopia
160, 250, 70



Tritanopia
207, 196, 212

Trichromacy



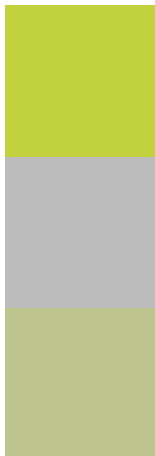
Original Color
62, 210, 79

Protanomaly
70, 213, 60

Deuteranomaly
107, 229, 67

Tritanomaly
158, 202, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 210, 79

Achromatopsia
188, 188, 188

Achromatomaly
142, 196, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 62, 210, 79 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 210, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 210, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 210, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 210, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 62, 210, 79 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 210, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 210, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 210, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 210, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 210, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 210,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 193, 210, 62 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 210, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
210, 62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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