

Converting Colors

`RYB(62, 92, 159)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(62, 92, 159) contains.

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Color

R_YB(62, 92, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E699F
RGB	62, 105, 159
RGB Percent	24%, 41%, 62%
CMY	0.7569, 0.5865, 0.3765
CMYK	0.61, 0.34, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	213°, 44%, 43%
HSV	213°, 61%, 62%
XYZ	13.3404, 13.7189, 34.7458
YIQ	98.2990, -42.9620, 7.6780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

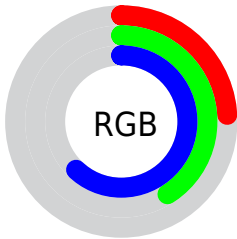
Format	Color
R _{YB}	62, 92, 159
Decimal	4090271
CIE Lab	43.83, 1.97, -33.52
CIE LCh	44, 33.579, 273.362
Yxy	13.7189, 0.2158, 0.2220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282280351 (0xFF3E699F)
YUV	98.2990, 29.9256, -31.8342
Hunter-Lab	37.0390, -0.5277, -29.6918

Details

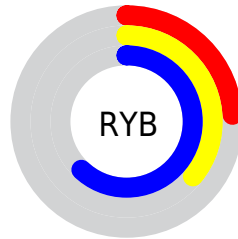
The RYB color **62, 92, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **139, 159, 62**, and the grayscale version is **98, 98, 98**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **118, 145, 214**, and **0, 38, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 81, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 103, 159**.

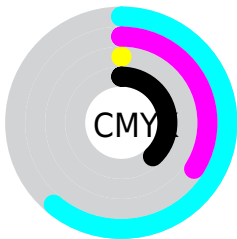
Distribution



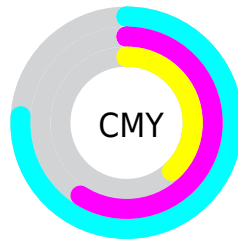
- Red (24%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 62, 92, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 62, 92, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 62, 92, 159

■ 62, 92, 159

255, 255, 255

■ 31, 65, 133

■ 118, 145, 214

■ 0, 38, 107

■ 145, 172, 243

■ 0, 26, 83

■ 173, 199, 255

■ 0, 13, 59

■ 202, 224, 255

■ 0, 2, 37

■ 231, 243, 255

■ 0, 1, 13

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 62, 92, 159

■ 62, 92, 159

■ 46, 81, 159

■ 78, 103, 159

■ 30, 70, 159

■ 94, 114, 159

■ 14, 59, 159

■ 110, 125, 159

■ 0, 49, 159

■ 126, 136, 159

■ 142, 147, 159

■ 157, 158, 159

■ 170, 173, 159

■ 182, 189, 159

■ 198, 205, 159

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 65, 153



62, 92, 159



110, 95, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62, 92, 159



154, 85, 74



52, 98, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62, 92, 159



139, 159, 62

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55, 111, 78



62, 92, 159



140, 125, 54

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62, 92, 159



155, 80, 102



63, 117, 46



0, 62, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62, 92, 159



132, 88, 137



63, 117, 46



65, 111, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62, 92, 159



169, 181, 207



62, 125, 159



82, 89, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62, 92, 159



56, 102, 207



67, 62, 159



71, 74, 79



0, 44, 143



0, 5, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 62, 105



207, 56, 123



62, 159, 67



79, 71, 75



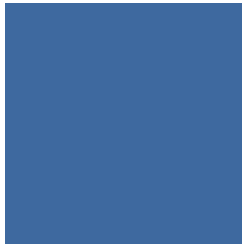
143, 0, 64



15, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 92, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 62, 92, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

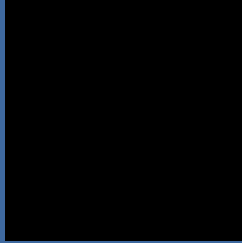
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 62, 92, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 62, 92, 159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 62, 92, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


62, 92, 159

Protanopia

84, 98, 156

Deuteranopia

74, 96, 160



Tritanopia
45, 81, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color
62, 92, 159

Protanomaly
76, 96, 157

Deuteranomaly
70, 95, 160

Tritanomaly
51, 86, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color
62, 92, 159

Achromatopsia
99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly
86, 97, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 62, 92, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 105, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 105, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 105, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 105, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 62, 92, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 105, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 105, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 105, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 105, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 105, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 105,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 62, 92, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 105, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 105,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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