

Converting Colors

`RYB(64, 104, 214)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(64, 104, 214) contains.

RYB(64, 104, 214)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(64, 104, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4077D6
RGB	64, 119, 214
RGB Percent	25%, 47%, 84%
CMY	0.7490, 0.5351, 0.1608
CMYK	0.70, 0.45, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	218°, 65%, 55%
HSV	218°, 70%, 84%
XYZ	20.7948, 19.0307, 66.1956
YIQ	113.3850, -63.2750, 17.8850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

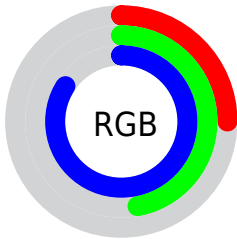
Format	Color
R _Y B	64, 104, 214
Decimal	4224982
CIE Lab	50.72, 13.68, -54.39
CIE LCh	51, 56.084, 284.122
Yxy	19.0307, 0.1961, 0.1795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282415062 (0xFF4077D6)
YUV	113.3850, 49.6032, -43.3106
Hunter-Lab	43.6242, 8.7450, -59.4300

Details

The RYB color **64, 104, 214** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **151, 214, 64**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128, 160, 255**, and **0, 49, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 89, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 119, 214**.

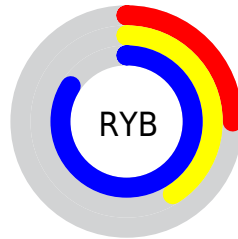
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (47%)

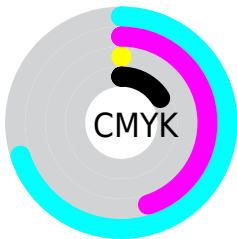
Blue (84%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (84%)

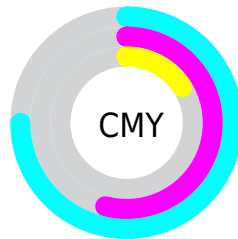


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (75%)


















Magenta (54%)

Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 64, 104, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 64, 104, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 104, 214	 64, 104, 214
 255, 255, 255	 16, 69, 186
 128, 160, 255	 0, 49, 159
 158, 186, 255	 0, 36, 132
 188, 212, 255	 0, 23, 106
 218, 236, 255	 0, 3, 81
 248, 252, 255	 0, 5, 57
	 0, 2, 35
	 0, 0, 10
	 0, 0, 0

■ 64, 104, 214

■ 64, 104, 214

■ 43, 89, 214

■ 85, 119, 214

■ 21, 72, 214

■ 107, 136, 214

■ 0, 57, 214

■ 128, 151, 214

■ 150, 167, 214

■ 171, 183, 214

■ 192, 198, 214

■ 214, 214, 214

■ 227, 235, 214

■ 235, 255, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 82, 213



64, 104, 214



152, 98, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64, 104, 214



195, 99, 56



0, 86, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 104, 214



151, 214, 64

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46, 136, 114



64, 104, 214



107, 165, 17

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64, 104, 214



207, 74, 100



7, 125, 9



0, 72, 143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 104, 214



183, 84, 163



7, 125, 9



0, 90, 140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 104, 214



201, 216, 255



64, 156, 214



96, 104, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 104, 214



41, 98, 255



84, 64, 214



96, 99, 107



0, 46, 171



0, 12, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 64, 119



255, 41, 119



64, 214, 84



107, 96, 100



171, 0, 62



43, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 64, 104, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 64, 104, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

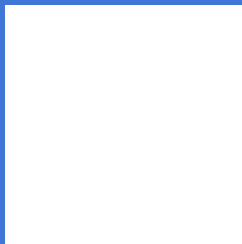
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 64, 104, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 64, 104, 214.

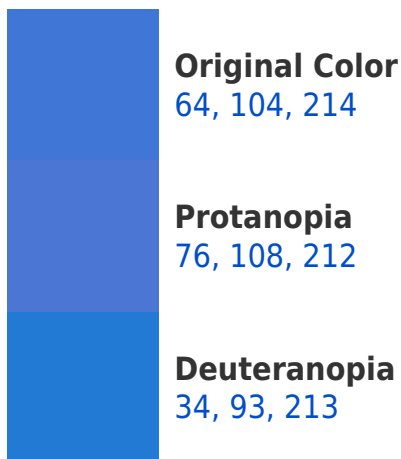


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 64, 104, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



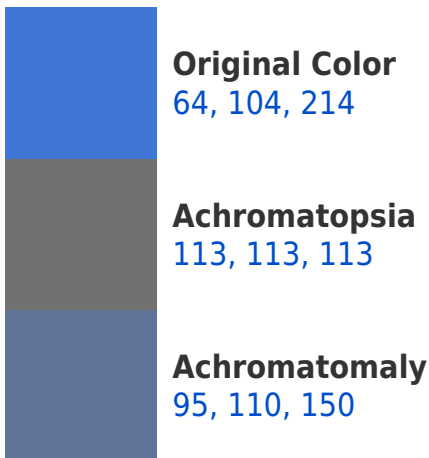


Tritanopia
0, 69, 144

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 64, 104, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 119, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 119, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 119, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 119, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 64, 104, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 119, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 119, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 119, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 119, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 119, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 119,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 64, 104, 214 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 119, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 119,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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