

Converting Colors

`RYB(64, 125, 223)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(64, 125, 223) contains.

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Color

R_YB(64, 125, 223)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40A3DF
RGB	64, 163, 223
RGB Percent	25%, 64%, 87%
CMY	0.7490, 0.3609, 0.1255
CMYK	0.71, 0.27, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	203°, 71%, 56%
HSV	203°, 71%, 87%
XYZ	28.5254, 32.6012, 74.6013
YIQ	140.2390, -78.2640, -2.3280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

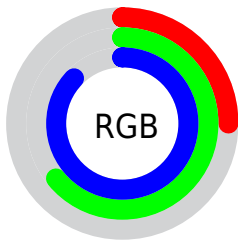
Format	Color
RYB	64, 125, 223
Decimal	4236255
CIELab	63.84, -9.36, -38.67
CIELCh	64, 39.784, 256.388
Yxy	32.6012, 0.2102, 0.2402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282426335 (0xFF40A3DF)
YUV	140.2390, 40.8012, -66.8616
Hunter-Lab	57.0975, -10.7436, -37.4977

Details

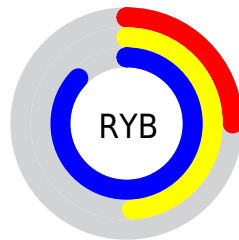
The RYB color **64, 125, 223** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **223, 160, 64**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130, 182, 255**, and **0, 67, 167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 112, 223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 138, 223**.

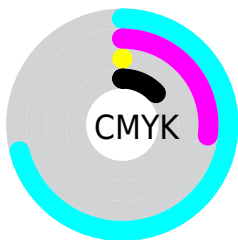
Distribution



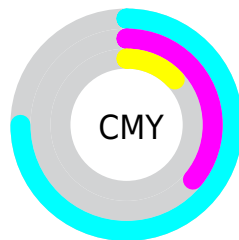
- Red (25%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)




















- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 64, 125, 223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 64, 125, 223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 64, 125, 223	 64, 125, 223
 255, 255, 255	 9, 85, 195
 130, 182, 255	 0, 67, 167
 160, 205, 255	 0, 54, 141
 191, 223, 255	 0, 41, 115
 221, 238, 255	 0, 29, 90
 252, 254, 255	 0, 17, 66
	 0, 3, 44
	 0, 1, 22
	 0, 0, 0

■ 64, 125, 223

■ 64, 125, 223

■ 42, 112, 223

■ 86, 138, 223

■ 19, 97, 223

■ 109, 153, 223

■ 0, 86, 223

■ 131, 166, 223

■ 153, 180, 223

■ 176, 194, 223

■ 198, 207, 223

■ 220, 221, 223

■ 242, 234, 223

■ 255, 255, 223

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 93, 205



64, 125, 223



133, 148, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64, 125, 223



223, 127, 136



104, 167, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64, 125, 223



223, 160, 64

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85, 159, 86



64, 125, 223



214, 146, 105

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64, 125, 223



213, 128, 172



160, 191, 85



68, 131, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64, 125, 223



168, 143, 212



160, 191, 85



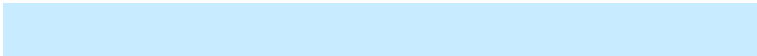
96, 165, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64, 125, 223



201, 222, 255



64, 181, 223



96, 108, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64, 125, 223



36, 120, 255



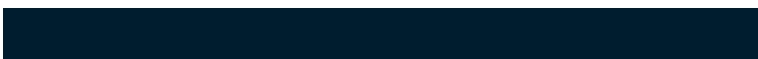
64, 83, 223



101, 105, 112



0, 68, 176



0, 18, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



223, 64, 163



255, 36, 172



88, 223, 64



112, 101, 108



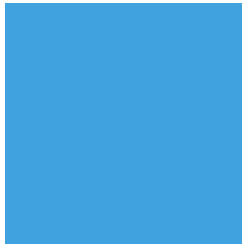
176, 0, 110



48, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 64, 125, 223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

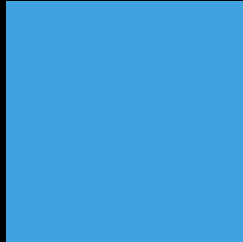
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 64, 125, 223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

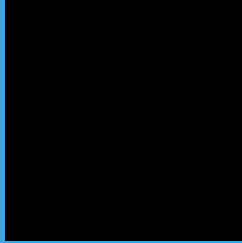
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

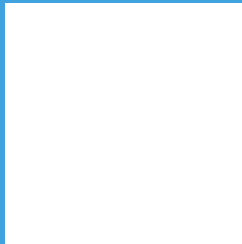
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 64, 125, 223 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 64, 125, 223.

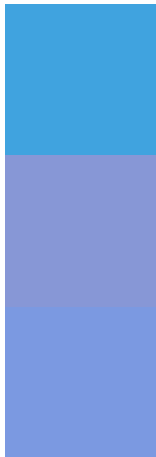


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 64, 125, 223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

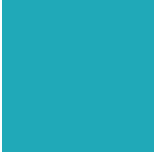
Dichromacy



Original Color
64, 125, 223

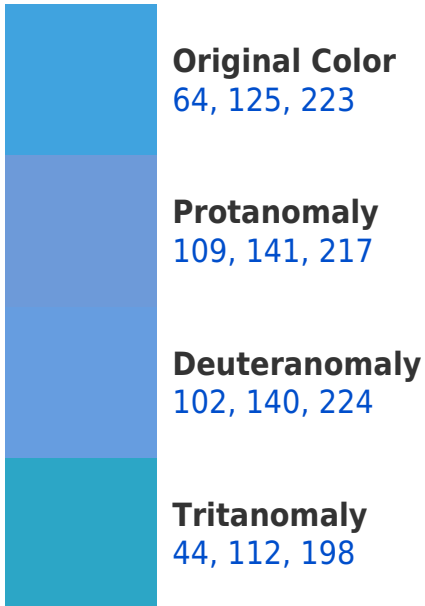
Protanopia
135, 148, 214

Deuteranopia
123, 146, 225

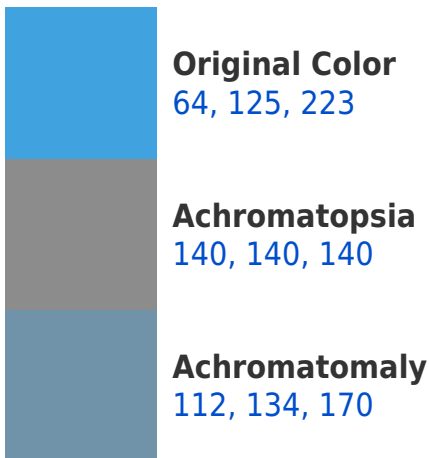


Tritanopia
32, 104, 184

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 64, 125, 223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 163, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 163, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 163, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 163, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 64, 125, 223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 163, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 163, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 163, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 163, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 163, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 163,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 64, 125, 223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 163, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 163,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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