

Converting Colors

R_YB(65, 48, 178)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(65, 48, 178) contains.

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Color

R_YB(65, 48, 178)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4130B2
RGB	65, 48, 178
RGB Percent	25%, 19%, 70%
CMY	0.7451, 0.8118, 0.3020
CMYK	0.63, 0.73, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	248°, 58%, 44%
HSV	248°, 73%, 70%
XYZ	11.2728, 6.4521, 42.7707
YIQ	67.9030, -31.5980, 44.0340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

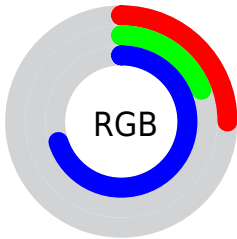
Format	Color
R_{YB}	65, 48, 178
Decimal	4272306
CIE _{Lab}	30.53, 45.12, -66.26
CIE _{LCh}	31, 80.161, 304.254
Yxy	6.4521, 0.1863, 0.1067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282462386 (0xFF4130B2)
YUV	67.9030, 54.2778, -2.5459
Hunter-Lab	25.4009, 34.7658, -82.0533

Details

The RYB color **65, 48, 178** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. A complement of this color would be **48, 178, 65**, and the grayscale version is **67, 67, 67**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 96, 235**, and **0, 2, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 30, 178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 66, 178**.

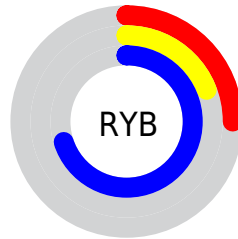
Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (19%)

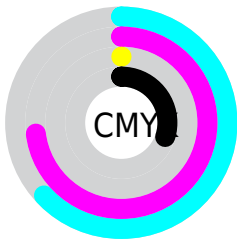
 Blue (70%)




 Red (25%)

 Yellow (19%)

 Blue (70%)

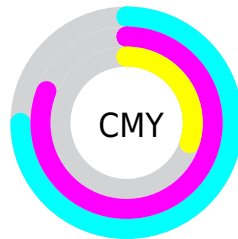


 Cyan (63%)

 Magenta (73%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (30%)



 Cyan (75%)

 Magenta (81%)

 Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 65, 48, 178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 65, 48, 178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 65, 48, 178

 65, 48, 178

255, 255, 255

 26, 25, 151

 126, 96, 235

 0, 2, 124

 155, 122, 255

 0, 0, 98

 185, 148, 255

 0, 5, 73

 215, 175, 255

 0, 4, 50

 245, 203, 255

 0, 1, 28

 255, 231, 255

 0, 0, 0

 65, 48, 178

 65, 48, 178

 50, 30, 178

 80, 66, 178

■ 34, 12, 178

■ 96, 84, 178

■ 23, 0, 178

■ 111, 101, 178

■ 127, 119, 178

■ 142, 137, 178

■ 158, 155, 178

■ 173, 173, 178

■ 178, 190, 179

■ 178, 208, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 57, 201



65, 48, 178



148, 0, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65, 48, 178



130, 67, 0



0, 51, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 48, 178



48, 178, 65

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 88, 92



65, 48, 178



9, 81, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65, 48, 178



163, 0, 1



0, 86, 86



0, 57, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 48, 178



169, 0, 87



0, 86, 86



0, 57, 93

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 48, 178



188, 181, 232



48, 109, 178



91, 87, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 48, 178



55, 28, 232



128, 48, 178



81, 80, 89



20, 0, 153



3, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178, 48, 161



232, 28, 205



48, 178, 128



89, 80, 88



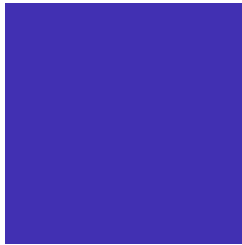
153, 0, 133



26, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 65, 48, 178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 65, 48, 178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

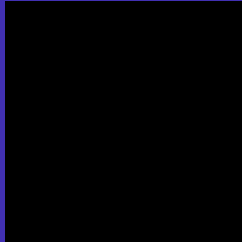
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 65, 48, 178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 65, 48, 178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 65, 48, 178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65, 48, 178

Protanopia

0, 47, 146

Deuteranopia

0, 46, 125



Tritanopia
0, 41, 86

Trichromacy



Original Color

65, 48, 178

Protanomaly

24, 53, 158

Deuteranomaly

24, 55, 144

Tritanomaly

24, 54, 119

Monochromacy



Original Color

65, 48, 178

Achromatopsia

68, 68, 68

Achromatomaly

67, 61, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 65, 48, 178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 48, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 48, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 48, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 48, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 65, 48, 178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 48, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 48, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 48, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 48, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 48, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 48,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 65, 48, 178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 48, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 48,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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