

Converting Colors

R_YB(65, 92, 118)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(65, 92, 118) contains.

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Color

`RYB(65, 92, 118)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	417674
RGB	65, 118, 116
RGB Percent	25%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.7451, 0.5373, 0.5450
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.02, 0.54
HSL	178°, 29%, 36%
HSV	178°, 45%, 46%
XYZ	11.8129, 15.3425, 18.8731
YIQ	101.9250, -30.9460, -11.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

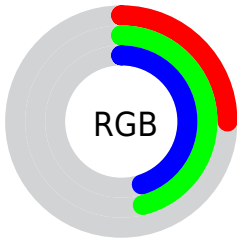
Format	Color
RYB	65, 92, 118
Decimal	4290164
CIELab	46.10, -18.15, -4.44
CIELCh	46, 18.685, 193.759
Yxy	15.3425, 0.2566, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282480244 (0xFF417674)
YUV	101.9250, 6.9390, -32.3832
Hunter-Lab	39.1695, -14.7137, -1.1491

Details

The RYB color **65, 92, 118** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **118, 65, 67**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **117, 144, 170**, and **9, 39, 69** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 86, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 98, 118**.

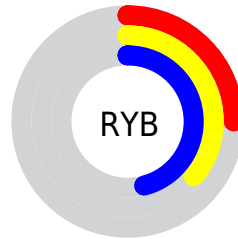
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (46%)

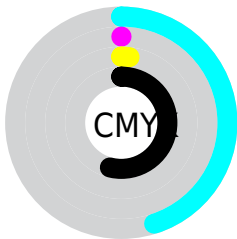
Blue (45%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (46%)

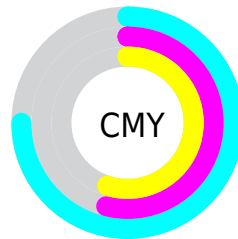


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 65, 92, 118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 65, 92, 118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



65, 92, 118



65, 92, 118

255, 255, 255



39, 67, 93



117, 144, 170



9, 39, 69



143, 171, 198



0, 24, 47



170, 199, 226



0, 14, 27



198, 227, 255



0, 0, 0



227, 241, 255



65, 92, 118



65, 92, 118



53, 86, 118



77, 98, 118



41, 80, 118



89, 104, 118

■ 30, 75, 118

■ 100, 109, 118

■ 18, 69, 118

■ 112, 115, 118

■ 6, 63, 118

■ 124, 118, 118

■ 0, 60, 118

■ 136, 118, 119

■ 148, 118, 119

■ 159, 118, 120

■ 171, 118, 120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78, 103, 117



65, 92, 118



64, 93, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65, 92, 118



121, 103, 132



122, 128, 79

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 92, 118



118, 65, 67

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138, 104, 88



65, 92, 118



135, 99, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65, 92, 118



100, 107, 139



141, 98, 102



82, 113, 79

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 92, 118



72, 98, 137



141, 98, 102



132, 121, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 92, 118



133, 143, 153



65, 118, 115



64, 71, 77



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 92, 118



70, 112, 153



65, 84, 118



53, 56, 59



0, 62, 122



0, 127, 250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118, 65, 67



153, 70, 73



118, 109, 65



59, 53, 53



122, 0, 5



250, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 65, 92, 118 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

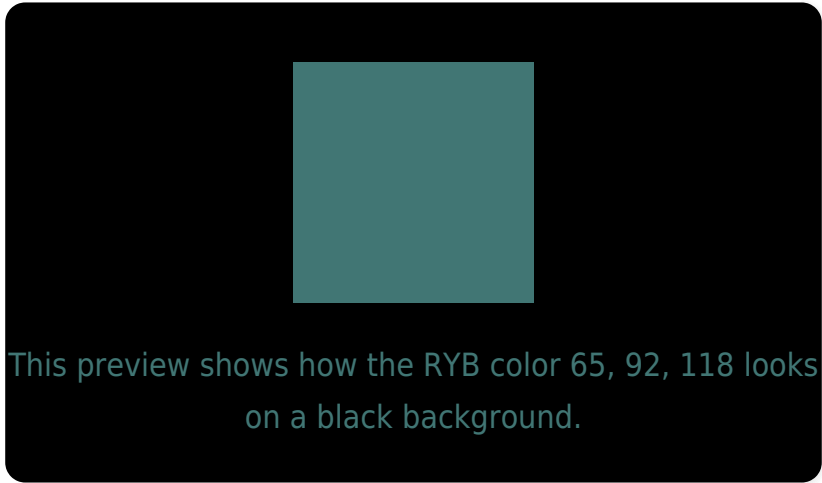
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

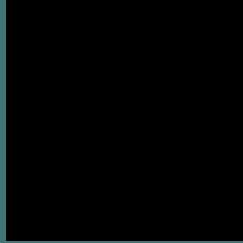
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 65, 92, 118 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 65, 92, 118.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 65, 92, 118.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

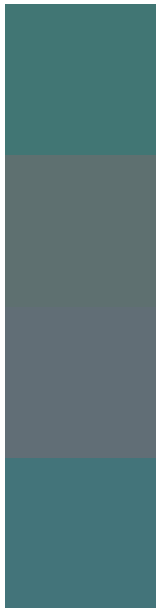




Tritanopia

68, 94, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color

65, 92, 118

Protanomaly

94, 103, 112

Deuteranomaly

97, 105, 118

Tritanomaly

67, 93, 122

Monochromacy



Original Color

65, 92, 118

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

89, 99, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 65, 92, 118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 118, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 118, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 118, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 118, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 65, 92, 118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 118, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 118, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 118, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 118, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 118, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 118,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 65, 92, 118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 118, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 118,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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