

Converting Colors

`RYB(67, 28, 255)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(67, 28, 255) contains.

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Color

R_YB(67, 28, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	431CFF
RGB	67, 28, 255
RGB Percent	26%, 11%, 100%
CMY	0.7373, 0.8902, 0.0000
CMYK	0.74, 0.89, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	250°, 100%, 55%
HSV	250°, 89%, 100%
XYZ	20.7800, 9.2438, 95.2967
YIQ	65.5390, -49.6230, 78.8650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

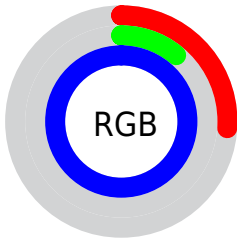
Format	Color
R _{YB}	67, 28, 255
Decimal	4398335
CIE Lab	36.45, 75.14, -100.88
CIE LCh	36, 125.786, 306.679
Yxy	9.2438, 0.1658, 0.0738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282588415 (0xFF431CFF)
YUV	65.5390, 93.4043, 1.2813
Hunter-Lab	30.4036, 68.7933, -164.5554

Details

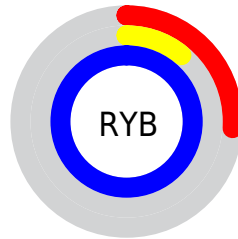
The RYB color **67, 28, 255** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **28, 255, 67**, and the grayscale version is **65, 65, 65**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144, 86, 255**, and **0, 0, 196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 3, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 54, 255**.

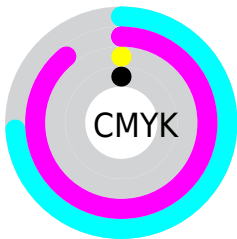
Distribution



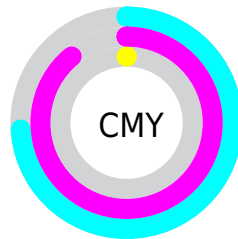
- Red (26%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 67, 28, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 67, 28, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



67, 28, 255



67, 28, 255

255, 255, 255



0, 0, 225



144, 86, 255



0, 0, 196



177, 114, 255



0, 0, 168



210, 141, 255



0, 0, 141



242, 169, 255



0, 8, 114



255, 197, 255



0, 11, 88



255, 226, 255



0, 6, 64



0, 3, 41



0, 1, 19

■ 67, 28, 255

■ 67, 28, 255

■ 46, 3, 255

■ 88, 54, 255

■ 44, 0, 255

■ 109, 79, 255

■ 130, 105, 255

■ 151, 130, 255

■ 173, 156, 255

■ 194, 181, 255

■ 215, 207, 255

■ 236, 232, 255

255, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 72, 255



67, 28, 255



211, 0, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67, 28, 255



165, 48, 0



0, 60, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 28, 255



28, 255, 67

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 113, 113



67, 28, 255



0, 91, 6

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67, 28, 255



220, 0, 0



0, 107, 107



0, 76, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 28, 255



239, 0, 102



0, 107, 107



0, 70, 114

Sweetspot

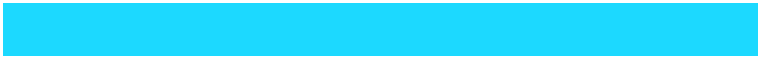
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 28, 255



198, 186, 255



28, 131, 255



94, 87, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 28, 255



44, 0, 255



179, 28, 255



117, 115, 128



33, 0, 191



11, 0, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 28, 216



255, 0, 211



28, 255, 179



128, 115, 125



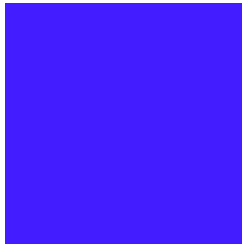
191, 0, 158



64, 0, 53

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 67, 28, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

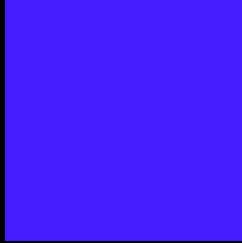
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 67, 28, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 67, 28, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 67, 28, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 67, 28, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
67, 28, 255

Protanopia
0, 56, 172

Deuteranopia
0, 55, 146



Tritanopia

0, 48, 100

Trichromacy



Original Color

67, 28, 255

Protanomaly

24, 55, 202

Deuteranomaly

24, 57, 186

Tritanomaly

24, 58, 156

Monochromacy



Original Color

67, 28, 255

Achromatopsia

66, 66, 66

Achromatomaly

66, 52, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 67, 28, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 28, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 28, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 28, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 28, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 67, 28, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 28, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 28, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 28, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 28, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 28, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 28,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 67, 28, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 28, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 28,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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