

Converting Colors

`RYB(67, 91, 200)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(67, 91, 200) contains.

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Color

R_YB(67, 91, 200)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4360C8
RGB	67, 96, 200
RGB Percent	26%, 38%, 78%
CMY	0.7373, 0.6224, 0.2157
CMYK	0.67, 0.52, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	227°, 55%, 52%
HSV	227°, 66%, 78%
XYZ	16.9489, 13.7812, 56.4103
YIQ	99.1850, -50.6680, 26.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

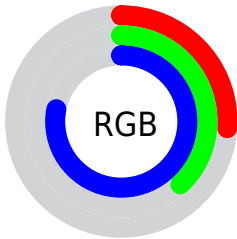
Format	Color
R _{YB}	67, 91, 200
Decimal	4415688
CIE Lab	43.92, 23.17, -57.33
CIE LCh	44, 61.829, 292.004
Yxy	13.7812, 0.1945, 0.1581
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282605768 (0xFF4360C8)
YUV	99.1850, 49.7018, -28.2262
Hunter-Lab	37.1230, 16.5311, -64.1082

Details

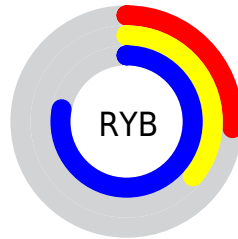
The RYB color **67, 91, 200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **104, 200, 67**, and the grayscale version is **99, 99, 99**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128, 144, 255**, and **0, 38, 145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 75, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 107, 200**.

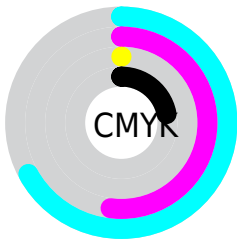
Distribution



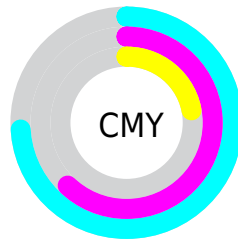
- Red (26%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



















- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 67, 91, 200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 67, 91, 200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 67, 91, 200	 67, 91, 200
 255, 255, 255	 27, 62, 172
 128, 144, 255	 0, 38, 145
 158, 171, 255	 0, 25, 119
 187, 198, 255	 0, 9, 93
 217, 226, 255	 0, 7, 69
 247, 251, 255	 0, 3, 46
	 0, 1, 24
	 0, 0, 0

 67, 91, 200	 67, 91, 200
---	---

■ 47, 75, 200

■ 87, 107, 200

■ 27, 58, 200

■ 107, 123, 200

■ 7, 41, 200

■ 127, 140, 200

■ 0, 36, 200

■ 147, 157, 200

■ 167, 173, 200

■ 187, 189, 200

■ 203, 207, 200

■ 208, 227, 200

■ 213, 247, 200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 73, 206



67, 91, 200



151, 70, 168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67, 91, 200



173, 105, 19



0, 74, 126

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 91, 200



104, 200, 67

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 94, 121



67, 91, 200



56, 137, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67, 91, 200



192, 48, 69



0, 112, 22



0, 67, 141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 91, 200



179, 52, 137



0, 112, 22



0, 80, 125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 91, 200



204, 213, 255



67, 142, 200



97, 103, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 91, 200



51, 88, 255



102, 67, 200



90, 92, 99



0, 29, 163



0, 7, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



200, 67, 96



255, 51, 96



67, 200, 102



99, 90, 92



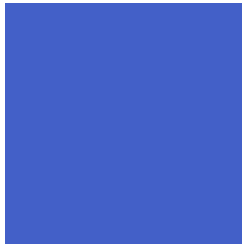
163, 0, 36



36, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 67, 91, 200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 67, 91, 200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

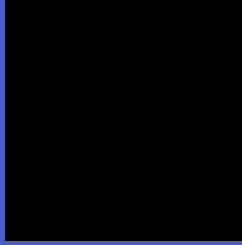
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 67, 91, 200 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 67, 91, 200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 67, 91, 200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 60, 124

Trichromacy



Original Color

67, 91, 200

Protanomaly

48, 86, 203

Deuteranomaly

24, 77, 190

Tritanomaly

24, 75, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color

67, 91, 200

Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly

87, 96, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 67, 91, 200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 96, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 96, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 96, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 96, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 67, 91, 200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 96, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 96, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 96, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 96, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 96, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 96,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 67, 91, 200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 96, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 96,  
200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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