

Converting Colors

`RYB(69, 126, 128)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(69, 126, 128) contains.

RYB(69, 126, 128)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(69, 126, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	458047
RGB	69, 128, 71
RGB Percent	27%, 50%, 28%
CMY	0.7294, 0.4980, 0.7213
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.44, 0.50
HSL	122°, 30%, 39%
HSV	122°, 46%, 50%
XYZ	11.3130, 17.1594, 8.6889
YIQ	103.8610, -16.8670, -30.2350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

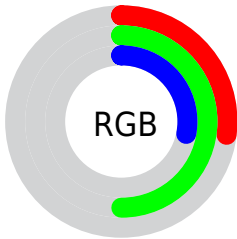
Format	Color
RYB	69, 126, 128
Decimal	4554823
CIELab	48.46, -31.89, 25.03
CIELCh	48, 40.545, 141.873
Yxy	17.1594, 0.3044, 0.4618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282744903 (0xFF458047)
YUV	103.8610, -16.2005, -30.5731
Hunter-Lab	41.4239, -23.7429, 16.5603

Details

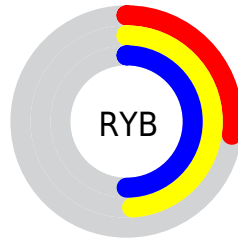
The RYB color **69, 126, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **128, 69, 126**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120, 181, 180**, and **14, 69, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 125, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 127, 128**.

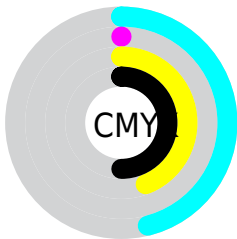
Distribution



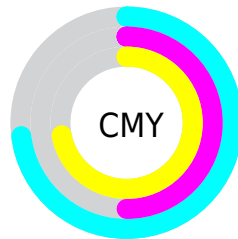
- Red (27%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 69, 126, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 69, 126, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69, 126, 128



69, 126, 128

255, 255, 255



43, 98, 103



120, 181, 180



14, 68, 78



146, 209, 207



0, 54, 55



173, 238, 236



0, 35, 35



201, 255, 253



0, 0, 0



229, 255, 252



69, 126, 128



69, 126, 128



56, 125, 128



82, 127, 128



43, 125, 128



95, 127, 128

■ 31, 125, 128

■ 107, 127, 128

■ 18, 124, 128

■ 120, 128, 128

■ 5, 124, 128

■ 133, 128, 133

■ 0, 124, 128

■ 146, 128, 145

■ 159, 128, 158

■ 171, 128, 170

■ 184, 128, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48, 121, 59



69, 126, 128



0, 74, 132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69, 126, 128



0, 73, 183



179, 87, 91

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 126, 128



128, 69, 126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173, 86, 126



69, 126, 128



102, 109, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69, 126, 128



0, 73, 168



148, 96, 158



167, 115, 62

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 126, 128



0, 67, 132



148, 96, 158



179, 86, 103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 126, 128



143, 166, 166



69, 128, 71



70, 84, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 126, 128



75, 163, 166



69, 108, 128



57, 63, 64



0, 124, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128, 69, 126



166, 75, 163



128, 69, 97



64, 57, 64



128, 0, 123



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 69, 126, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

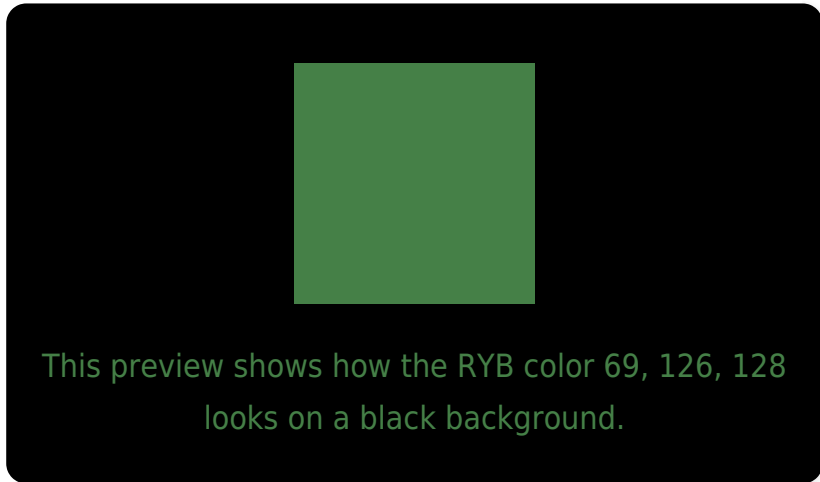
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

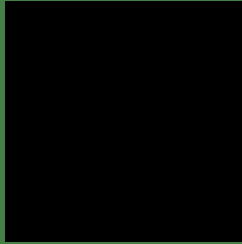
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R/YB 69, 126, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R/YB color 69, 126, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R/YB color 69, 126, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69, 126, 128

Protanopia

79, 126, 66

Deuteranopia

126, 137, 75



Tritanopia
82, 104, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color
69, 126, 128

Protanomaly
68, 120, 83

Deuteranomaly
74, 116, 78

Tritanomaly
77, 105, 124

Monochromacy



Original Color
69, 126, 128

Achromatopsia
104, 104, 104

Achromatomaly
91, 112, 113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 69, 126, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 128, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 128, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 128, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 128, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 69, 126, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 128, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 128, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 128, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 128, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 128, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 128,  
71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 69, 126, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 128, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 128,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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