

Converting Colors

`RYB(69, 128, 194)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(69, 128, 194) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(69, 128, 194)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	45B5C2
RGB	69, 181, 194
RGB Percent	27%, 71%, 76%
CMY	0.7294, 0.2912, 0.2392
CMYK	0.64, 0.07, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	186°, 51%, 52%
HSV	186°, 64%, 76%
XYZ	28.6634, 38.1033, 56.8829
YIQ	148.9940, -70.9250, -19.7010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

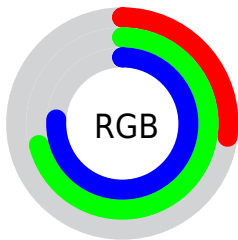
Format	Color
R _Y B	69, 128, 194
Decimal	4568514
CIE Lab	68.10, -27.19, -16.08
CIE LCh	68, 31.588, 210.610
Yxy	38.1033, 0.2318, 0.3082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282758594 (0xFF45B5C2)
YUV	148.9940, 22.1880, -70.1547
Hunter-Lab	61.7279, -25.1372, -11.4268

Details

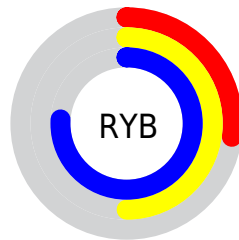
The RYB color **69, 128, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **194, 84, 69**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131, 187, 250**, and **0, 67, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 118, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 138, 194**.

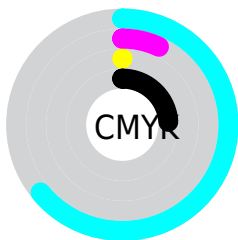
Distribution



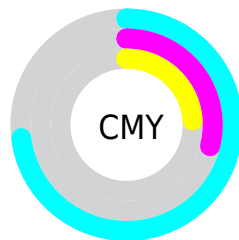
- Red (27%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 69, 128, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 69, 128, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 69, 128, 194

 69, 128, 194

255, 255, 255

 29, 95, 167

 131, 187, 250

 0, 67, 140

 161, 208, 255

 0, 54, 115


 190, 223, 255

 0, 42, 90

 220, 238, 255


 0, 30, 67


 250, 253, 255

 0, 19, 45

 0, 1, 25

 0, 0, 0

 69, 128, 194

 69, 128, 194

■ 50, 118, 194

■ 88, 138, 194

■ 30, 108, 194

■ 108, 149, 194

■ 11, 97, 194

■ 127, 159, 194

■ 0, 91, 194

■ 147, 169, 194

■ 166, 179, 194

■ 185, 189, 194

■ 205, 195, 194

■ 224, 197, 194

■ 244, 200, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89, 140, 182



69, 128, 194



87, 139, 215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69, 128, 194



203, 149, 194



138, 185, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 128, 194



194, 84, 69

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



209, 182, 117



69, 128, 194



220, 144, 166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69, 128, 194



171, 158, 215



222, 148, 138



116, 173, 134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 128, 194



114, 151, 222



222, 148, 138



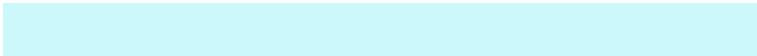
164, 194, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 128, 194



204, 227, 252



69, 183, 194



98, 112, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 128, 194



58, 150, 252



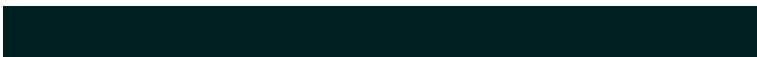
69, 105, 194



87, 92, 97



0, 76, 161



0, 16, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 69, 181



252, 58, 232



152, 194, 69



97, 87, 96



161, 0, 144



33, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 69, 128, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 69, 128, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

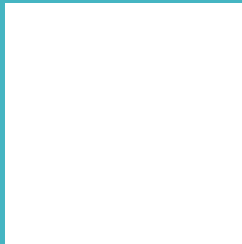
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 69, 128, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 69, 128, 194.

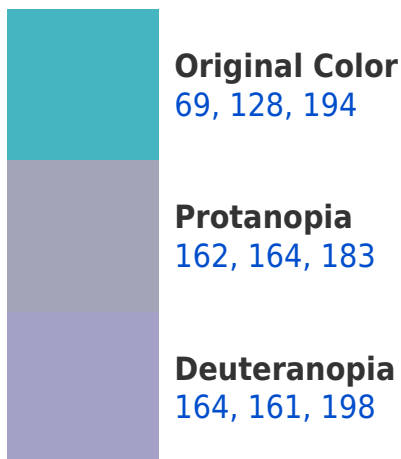


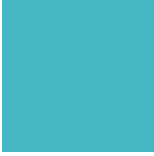
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 69, 128, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
70, 129, 195

Trichromacy



Original Color

69, 128, 194



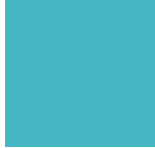
Protanomaly

128, 153, 187



Deuteranomaly

129, 154, 197



Tritanomaly

70, 129, 195

Monochromacy



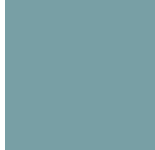
Original Color

69, 128, 194



Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149



Achromatomaly

120, 141, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 69, 128, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 181, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 181, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 181, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 181, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 69, 128, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 181, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 181, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 181, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 181, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 181, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 181,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 69, 128, 194 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 181, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 181,  
194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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