

Converting Colors

`RYB(69, 99, 119)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(69, 99, 119) contains.

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Color

R_YB(69, 99, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	457766
RGB	69, 119, 102
RGB Percent	27%, 47%, 40%
CMY	0.7294, 0.5333, 0.5987
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.14, 0.53
HSL	160°, 27%, 37%
HSV	160°, 42%, 47%
XYZ	11.4659, 15.4248, 15.0302
YIQ	102.1120, -24.3430, -15.8870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

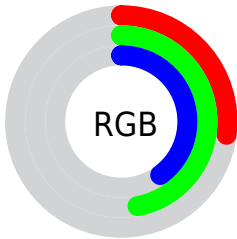
Format	Color
R_{YB}	69, 99, 119
Decimal	4552550
CIE _{Lab}	46.21, -21.09, 3.90
CIE _{LCh}	46, 21.451, 169.534
Yxy	15.4248, 0.2735, 0.3680
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282742630 (0xFF457766)
YUV	102.1120, -0.0552, -29.0392
Hunter-Lab	39.2744, -16.6183, 4.8020

Details

The RYB color **69, 99, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **119, 69, 86**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120, 151, 171**, and **19, 49, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 94, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 104, 119**.

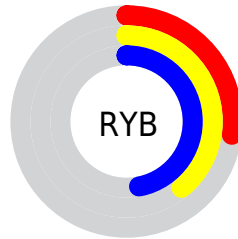
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (47%)

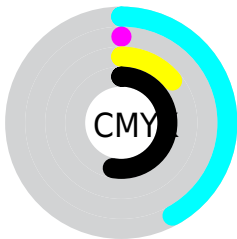
Blue (40%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (47%)

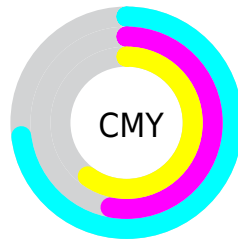


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 69, 99, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 69, 99, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



69, 99, 119



69, 99, 119

255, 255, 255



44, 74, 94



120, 151, 171



19, 49, 70



146, 178, 199



0, 27, 47



173, 206, 227



0, 20, 28



201, 234, 255



0, 0, 0



230, 243, 255



69, 99, 119



69, 99, 119



57, 94, 119



81, 104, 119



45, 90, 119



93, 109, 119

■ 33, 85, 119

■ 105, 114, 119

■ 21, 80, 119

■ 117, 118, 119

■ 9, 75, 119

■ 128, 119, 122

■ 0, 72, 119

■ 140, 119, 126

■ 152, 119, 130

■ 164, 119, 134

■ 176, 119, 138

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86, 117, 113



69, 99, 119



54, 87, 121

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69, 99, 119



103, 107, 143



141, 107, 83

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69, 99, 119



119, 69, 86

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 97, 98



69, 99, 119



126, 101, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69, 99, 119



77, 100, 144



141, 97, 117



111, 128, 74

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69, 99, 119



53, 89, 132



141, 97, 117



143, 102, 87

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69, 99, 119



135, 148, 156



69, 119, 102



66, 74, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69, 99, 119



78, 125, 156



69, 92, 119



53, 57, 59



0, 73, 122



0, 150, 250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 69, 86



156, 78, 104



119, 79, 69



59, 53, 55



122, 0, 41



250, 0, 83

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 69, 99, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

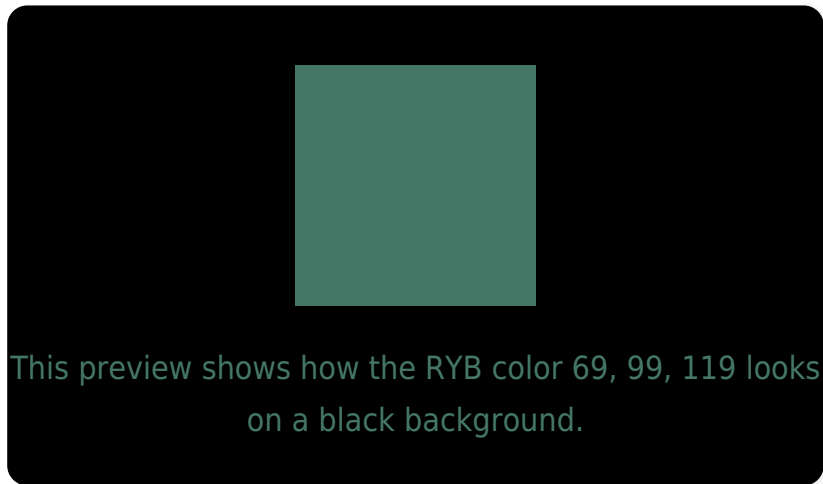
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

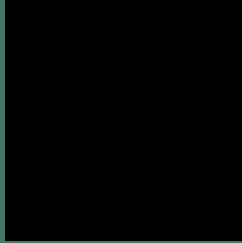
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 69, 99, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 69, 99, 119.

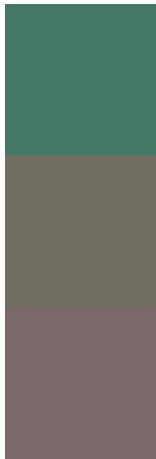


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 69, 99, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
69, 99, 119

Protanopia
104, 114, 97

Deuteranopia
121, 105, 105



Tritanopia
75, 98, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color

69, 99, 119

Protanomaly

98, 112, 113

Deuteranomaly

102, 108, 110

Tritanomaly

73, 95, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color

69, 99, 119

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

90, 101, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 69, 99, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 119, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 119, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 119, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 119, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 69, 99, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 119, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 119, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 119, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 119, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 119, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 119,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 69, 99, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 119, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 119,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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