

Converting Colors

`RYB(70, 121, 152)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(70, 121, 152) contains.

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Color

R_YB(70, 121, 152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	469878
RGB	70, 152, 120
RGB Percent	27%, 60%, 47%
CMY	0.7255, 0.4039, 0.5300
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.21, 0.40
HSL	156°, 37%, 44%
HSV	156°, 54%, 60%
XYZ	17.1347, 25.1108, 21.6632
YIQ	123.8340, -38.6000, -27.3360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

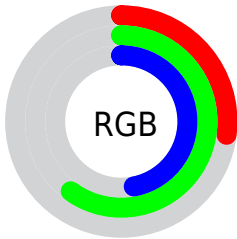
Format	Color
RYB	70, 121, 152
Decimal	4626552
CIELab	57.18, -32.99, 9.42
CIELCh	57, 34.309, 164.063
Yxy	25.1108, 0.2681, 0.3929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282816632 (0xFF469878)
YUV	123.8340, -1.8902, -47.2124
Hunter-Lab	50.1107, -26.6581, 9.4460

Details

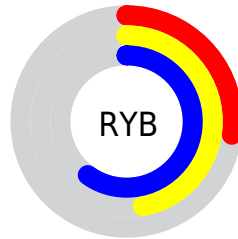
The RYB color **70, 121, 152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **152, 70, 102**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124, 177, 207**, and **1, 59, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 115, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 127, 152**.

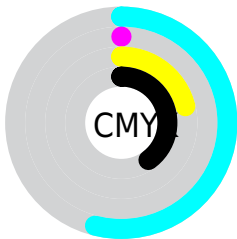
Distribution



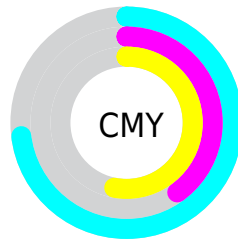
- Red (27%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 70, 121, 152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 70, 121, 152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70, 121, 152



70, 121, 152

255, 255, 255



41, 93, 126



124, 177, 207



1, 59, 100



152, 205, 235



0, 46, 76



180, 226, 255



0, 34, 52



209, 232, 255



0, 31, 33



238, 247, 255



0, 0, 0



70, 121, 152



70, 121, 152



55, 115, 152




85, 127, 152



40, 110, 152




100, 132, 152


 24, 104, 152


 116, 138, 152


 9, 98, 152


 131, 144, 152

 0, 95, 152

 146, 150, 152

 161, 152, 156

 176, 152, 162

 192, 152, 168

 207, 152, 173

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 148, 132



70, 121, 152



8, 81, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70, 121, 152



116, 131, 195



189, 128, 97

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 121, 152



152, 70, 102

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 114, 124



70, 121, 152



158, 124, 180

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70, 121, 152



61, 112, 194



185, 116, 154



152, 170, 80

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 121, 152



0, 80, 170



185, 116, 154



193, 119, 105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 121, 152



165, 184, 196



70, 152, 119



81, 92, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 121, 152



69, 148, 196



70, 109, 152



69, 74, 77



0, 87, 140



0, 8, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 70, 102



196, 69, 119



152, 79, 70



77, 69, 72



140, 0, 55



13, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 70, 121, 152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

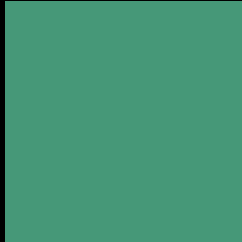
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 70, 121, 152 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

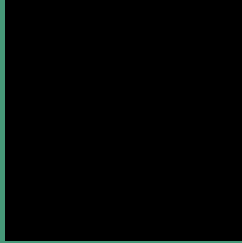
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 70, 121, 152 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 70, 121, 152.

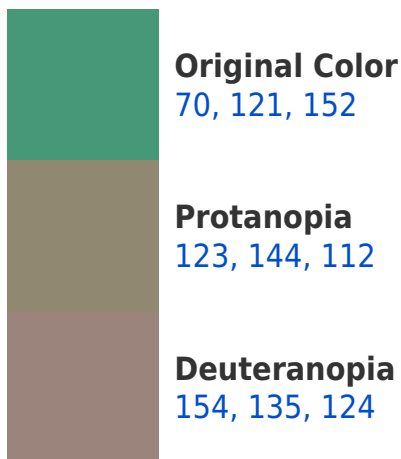


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 70, 121, 152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 117, 159

Trichromacy



Original Color
70, 121, 152

Protanomaly
115, 142, 140

Deuteranomaly
122, 139, 138

Tritanomaly
78, 115, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 121, 152

Achromatopsia
124, 124, 124

Achromatomaly
104, 123, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 70, 121, 152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 152, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 152, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 152, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 152, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 70, 121, 152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 152, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 152, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 152, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 152, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 152, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 152,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 70, 121, 152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 152, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 152,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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