

Converting Colors

`RYB(70, 155, 77)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(70, 155, 77) contains.

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Color

R_YB(70, 155, 77)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	949B46
RGB	148, 155, 70
RGB Percent	58%, 61%, 27%
CMY	0.4196, 0.3922, 0.7255
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.55, 0.39
HSL	65°, 38%, 44%
HSV	65°, 55%, 61%
XYZ	25.0396, 30.1808, 10.3001
YIQ	143.2170, 23.1130, -27.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

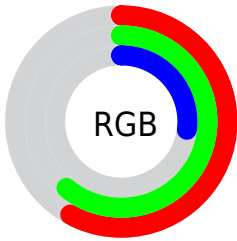
Format	Color
RYB	70, 155, 77
Decimal	9739078
CIELab	61.81, -14.86, 43.03
CIELCh	62, 45.520, 109.053
Yxy	30.1808, 0.3822, 0.4606
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287929158 (0xFF949B46)
YUV	143.2170, -36.0960, 4.1947
Hunter-Lab	54.9370, -14.7819, 27.3397

Details

The RYB color **70, 155, 77** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **77, 70, 155**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121, 209, 126**, and **19, 104, 28** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 155, 62**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 155, 92**.

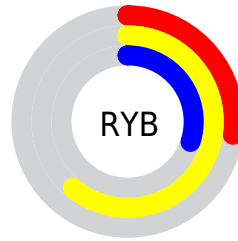
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (61%)

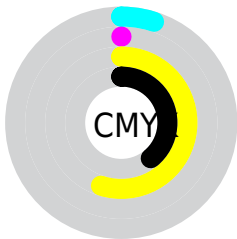
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (30%)

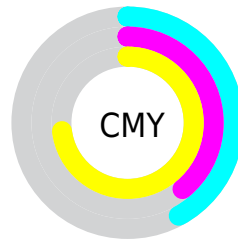


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (42%)


Magenta (39%)


Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 70, 155, 77 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 70, 155, 77 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 70, 155, 77

 70, 155, 77


255, 255, 255

 45, 129, 53

 121, 209, 126

 19, 104, 28

 148, 238, 153

 0, 80, 10


 175, 255, 175

 0, 57, 11

 203, 255, 203


 0, 36, 15


 231, 255, 231

 0, 12, 12

 0, 0, 0

 70, 155, 77

 70, 155, 77

 54, 155, 62

 86, 155, 92

■ 39, 155, 49

■ 101, 155, 105

■ 23, 155, 34

■ 117, 155, 120

■ 8, 155, 20

■ 132, 155, 134

■ 0, 155, 13

■ 147, 155, 148

■ 156, 155, 163

■ 157, 155, 179

■ 158, 155, 194

■ 159, 155, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140, 186, 69



70, 155, 77



95, 164, 158

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70, 155, 77



0, 93, 209



217, 117, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 155, 77



77, 70, 155

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185, 129, 203



70, 155, 77



21, 103, 228

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70, 155, 77



0, 86, 174



128, 142, 226



225, 117, 125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 155, 77



59, 129, 168



128, 142, 226



209, 120, 179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 155, 77



169, 201, 171



155, 76, 70



83, 102, 85



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 155, 77



68, 201, 78



70, 155, 118



69, 77, 70



0, 140, 11



0, 13, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 70, 155



79, 68, 201



118, 70, 155



69, 69, 77



12, 0, 140



1, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 70, 155, 77 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

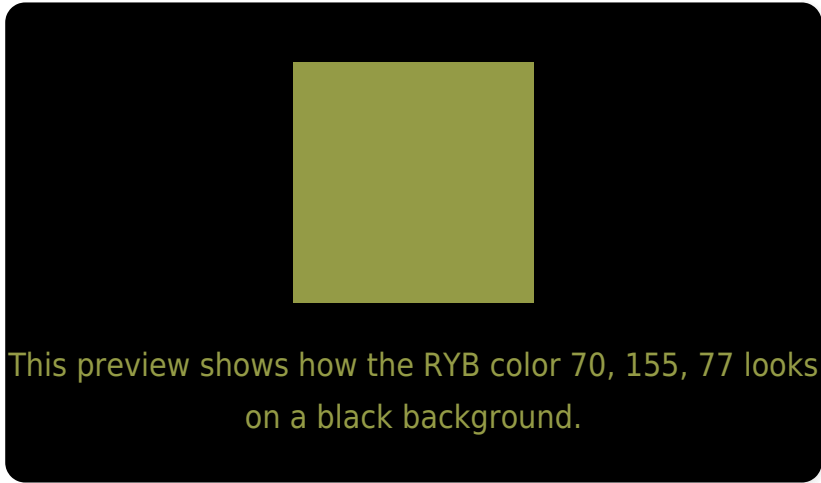
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 70, 155, 77 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 70, 155, 77.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 70, 155, 77.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70, 155, 77

Protanopia

89, 166, 68

Deuteranopia

141, 184, 73



Tritanopia
157, 146, 157

Trichromacy



Original Color
70, 155, 77

Protanomaly
78, 159, 69

Deuteranomaly
104, 171, 72

Tritanomaly
131, 154, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color
70, 155, 77

Achromatopsia
143, 143, 143

Achromatomaly
116, 147, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 70, 155, 77 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 155, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 155, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 155, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 155, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 70, 155, 77 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 155, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 155, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 155, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 155, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 155, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 155,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 70, 155, 77 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 155, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
155, 70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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