

Converting Colors

`RYB(71, 113, 230)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(71, 113, 230) contains.

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Color

R_YB(71, 113, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4780E6
RGB	71, 128, 230
RGB Percent	28%, 50%, 90%
CMY	0.7216, 0.4977, 0.0980
CMYK	0.69, 0.44, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	218°, 76%, 59%
HSV	218°, 69%, 90%
XYZ	24.6107, 22.5112, 77.9109
YIQ	122.5850, -66.7140, 19.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

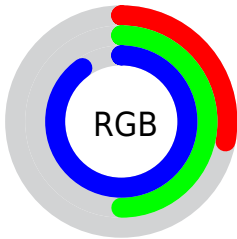
Format	Color
RYB	71, 113, 230
Decimal	4686054
CIELab	54.57, 14.53, -57.22
CIELCh	55, 59.037, 284.245
Yxy	22.5112, 0.1968, 0.1800
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282876134 (0xFF4780E6)
YUV	122.5850, 52.9556, -45.2400
Hunter-Lab	47.4460, 9.5592, -64.1478

Details

The RYB color **71, 113, 230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **160, 230, 71**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136, 168, 255**, and **0, 55, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 96, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 130, 230**.

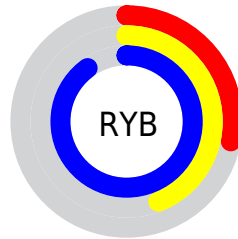
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (50%)

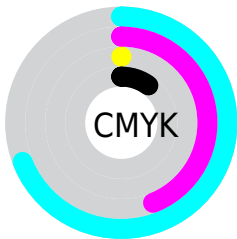
Blue (90%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (90%)

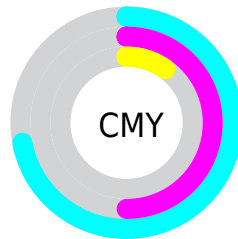


Cyan (69%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (72%)


Magenta (50%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 71, 113, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 71, 113, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 71, 113, 230


255, 255, 255


 136, 168, 255

 166, 195, 255

 196, 220, 255

 227, 241, 255


 71, 113, 230

 26, 80, 202

 0, 55, 174

 0, 42, 147

 0, 28, 120

 0, 15, 95

 0, 7, 70

 0, 4, 47

 0, 1, 25

 0, 0, 0

■ 71, 113, 230

■ 71, 113, 230

■ 48, 96, 230

■ 94, 130, 230

■ 25, 79, 230

■ 117, 147, 230

■ 2, 62, 230

■ 140, 164, 230

■ 0, 61, 230

■ 163, 181, 230

■ 186, 198, 230

■ 209, 215, 230

■ 232, 232, 230

■ 244, 255, 230

■ 230, 255, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 88, 229



71, 113, 230



164, 106, 204

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71, 113, 230



210, 108, 61



0, 92, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 113, 230



160, 230, 71

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51, 147, 124



71, 113, 230



117, 178, 20

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71, 113, 230



222, 81, 108



9, 136, 12



0, 78, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 113, 230



197, 91, 176



9, 136, 12



0, 97, 151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 113, 230



201, 216, 255



71, 168, 230



96, 104, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 113, 230



43, 99, 255



92, 71, 230



103, 106, 115



0, 47, 179



0, 13, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 71, 128



255, 43, 119



71, 230, 92



115, 103, 107



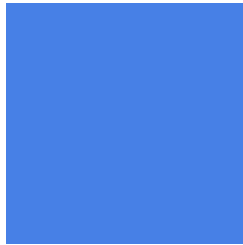
179, 0, 64



51, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 71, 113, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

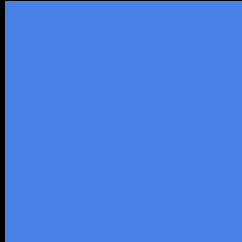
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 71, 113, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

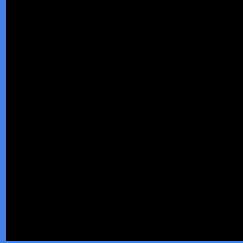
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

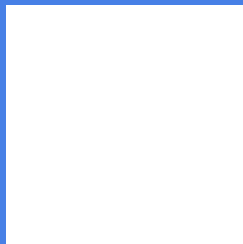
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 71, 113, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 71, 113, 230.

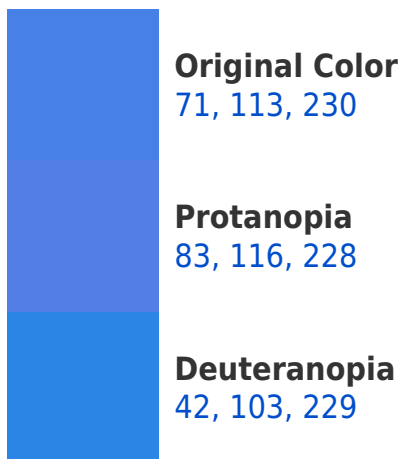


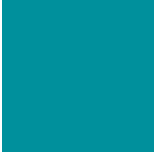
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 71, 113, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

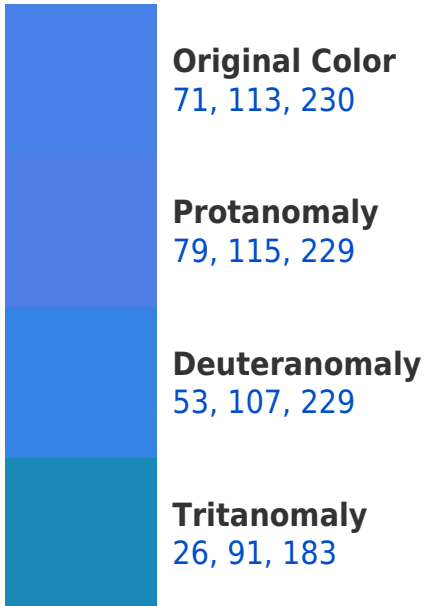
Dichromacy



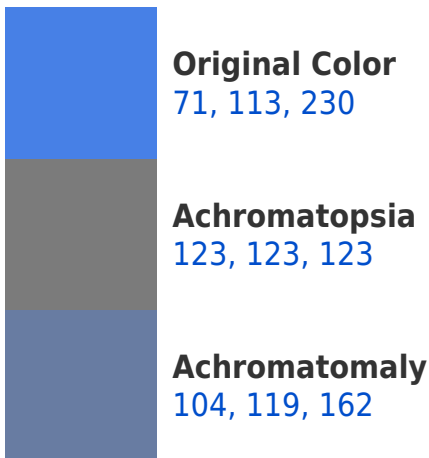


Tritanopia
0, 75, 156

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 71, 113, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 128, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 128, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 128, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 128, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 71, 113, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 128, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 128, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 128, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 128, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 128, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 128,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 71, 113, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 128, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 128,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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