

Converting Colors

`RYB(71, 117, 186)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(71, 117, 186) contains.

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Color

R_YB(71, 117, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4794BA
RGB	71, 148, 186
RGB Percent	28%, 58%, 73%
CMY	0.7216, 0.4209, 0.2706
CMYK	0.62, 0.21, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	200°, 45%, 50%
HSV	200°, 62%, 73%
XYZ	21.9992, 25.9601, 50.3057
YIQ	129.3090, -58.0900, -4.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

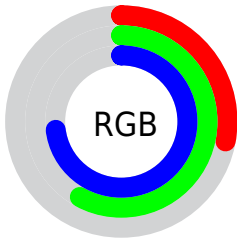
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 117, 186
Decimal	4691130
CIE _{Lab}	58.00, -11.97, -27.03
CIE _{LCh}	58, 29.562, 246.112
Yxy	25.9601, 0.2239, 0.2642
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282881210 (0xFF4794BA)
YUV	129.3090, 27.9487, -51.1370
Hunter-Lab	50.9511, -12.0935, -22.8732

Details

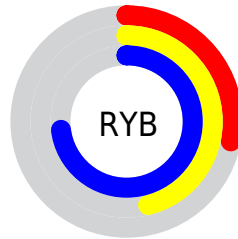
The RYB color **71, 117, 186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **186, 128, 71**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 173, 242**, and **0, 56, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 105, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 128, 186**.

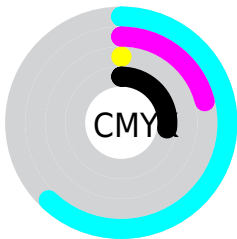
Distribution



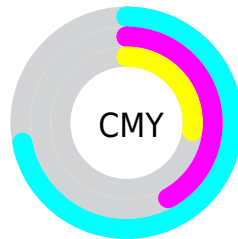
- Red (28%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 71, 117, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 71, 117, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71, 117, 186

■ 71, 117, 186

255, 255, 255

■ 37, 87, 159

■ 129, 173, 242

■ 0, 56, 133

■ 158, 199, 255

■ 0, 43, 107

■ 187, 221, 255

■ 0, 32, 83

■ 216, 236, 255

■ 0, 20, 60

■ 246, 251, 255

■ 0, 2, 38

■ 0, 1, 15

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 71, 117, 186

■ 71, 117, 186

■ 52, 105, 186

■ 90, 128, 186

■ 34, 95, 186

■ 108, 139, 186

■ 15, 83, 186

■ 127, 150, 186

■ 0, 74, 186

■ 145, 161, 186

■ 164, 173, 186

■ 183, 184, 186

■ 201, 194, 186

■ 220, 202, 186

■ 238, 211, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46, 103, 169



71, 117, 186



112, 133, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71, 117, 186



189, 120, 135



97, 147, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 117, 186



186, 128, 71

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103, 152, 88



71, 117, 186



188, 126, 110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71, 117, 186



177, 123, 161



174, 165, 93



93, 134, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 117, 186



138, 134, 186



174, 165, 93



92, 145, 103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 117, 186



196, 215, 242



71, 157, 186



94, 105, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 117, 186



63, 134, 242



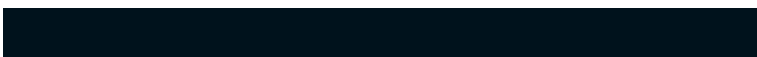
71, 89, 186



83, 87, 92



0, 62, 156



0, 11, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 71, 148



242, 63, 182



94, 186, 71



92, 83, 89



156, 0, 104



28, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 71, 117, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 71, 117, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

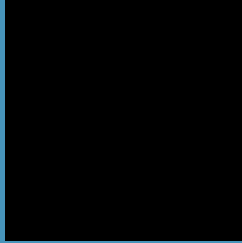
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 71, 117, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 71, 117, 186.

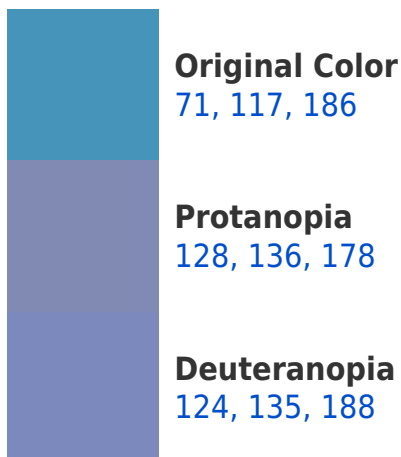


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 71, 117, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

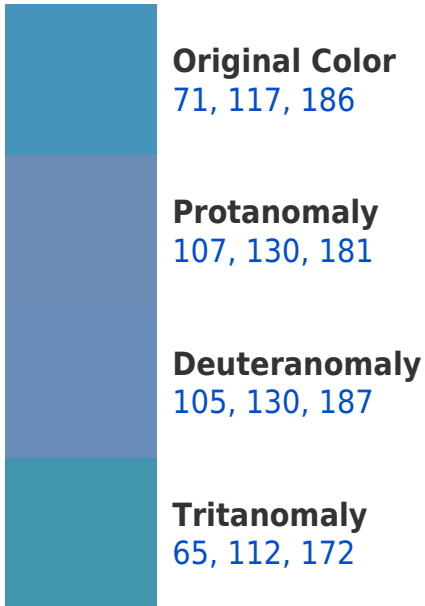
Dichromacy



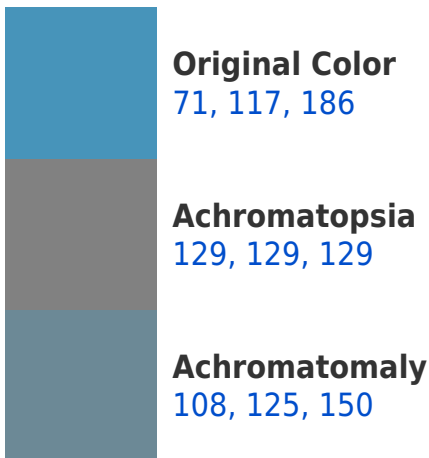


Tritanopia
61, 109, 164

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 71, 117, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 148, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 148, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 148, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 148, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 71, 117, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 148, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 148, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 148, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 148, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 148, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 148,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 71, 117, 186 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 148, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 148,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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