

Converting Colors

`RYB(71, 126, 194)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(71, 126, 194) contains.

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Color

`RYB(71, 126, 194)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47AAC2
RGB	71, 170, 194
RGB Percent	28%, 67%, 76%
CMY	0.7216, 0.3314, 0.2392
CMYK	0.63, 0.12, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	191°, 50%, 52%
HSV	191°, 63%, 76%
XYZ	26.8020, 34.1664, 56.2211
YIQ	143.1350, -66.7080, -13.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

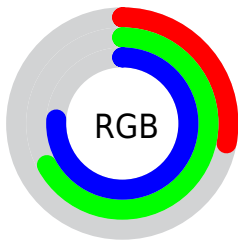
Format	Color
R _{YB}	71, 126, 194
Decimal	4696770
CIE Lab	65.09, -21.67, -20.63
CIE LCh	65, 29.919, 223.601
Yxy	34.1664, 0.2287, 0.2915
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282886850 (0xFF47AAC2)
YUV	143.1350, 25.0764, -63.2624
Hunter-Lab	58.4520, -20.4434, -16.1107

Details

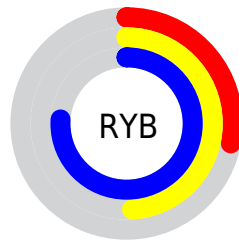
The RYB color **71, 126, 194** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **194, 101, 71**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132, 184, 251**, and **0, 64, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 116, 194**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 136, 194**.

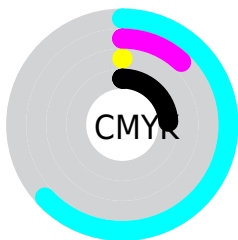
Distribution



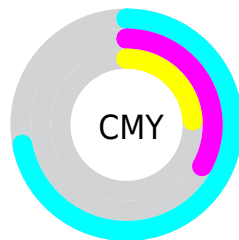
- Red (28%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 71, 126, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 71, 126, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71, 126, 194

■ 71, 126, 194

255, 255, 255

■ 34, 94, 167

■ 132, 185, 251

■ 0, 64, 140

■ 161, 208, 255

■ 0, 51, 115

■ 190, 223, 255

■ 0, 39, 90

■ 220, 238, 255

■ 0, 28, 67

■ 250, 253, 255

■ 0, 17, 44

■ 0, 1, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 71, 126, 194

■ 71, 126, 194

■ 52, 116, 194

■ 90, 136, 194

■ 32, 104, 194

■ 110, 148, 194

■ 13, 94, 194

■ 129, 158, 194

■ 0, 87, 194

■ 149, 169, 194

■ 168, 180, 194

■ 187, 190, 194

■ 207, 196, 194

■ 226, 201, 194

■ 246, 206, 194

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75, 125, 173



71, 126, 194



100, 141, 209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71, 126, 194



201, 140, 174



109, 164, 105

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 126, 194



194, 101, 71

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181, 190, 107



71, 126, 194



211, 138, 147

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71, 126, 194



177, 147, 197



206, 150, 122



118, 167, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 126, 194



127, 150, 211



206, 150, 122



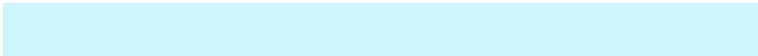
125, 173, 104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 126, 194



204, 226, 252



71, 175, 194



98, 111, 128



0, 0, 0



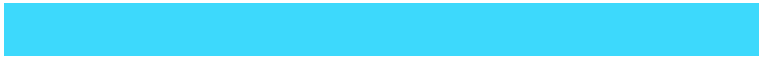
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 126, 194



61, 147, 252



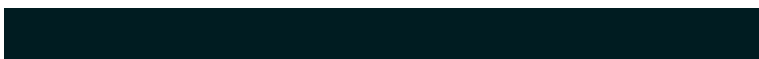
71, 101, 194



87, 91, 97



0, 72, 161



0, 15, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 71, 170



252, 61, 216



128, 194, 71



97, 87, 95



161, 0, 130



33, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 71, 126, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 71, 126, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

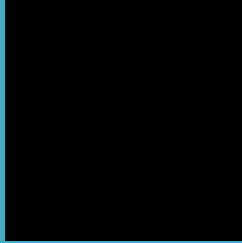
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 71, 126, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 71, 126, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 71, 126, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
67, 123, 186

Trichromacy



Original Color

71, 126, 194



Protanomaly

123, 147, 188



Deuteranomaly

122, 147, 197



Tritanomaly

68, 124, 189

Monochromacy



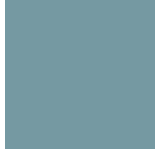
Original Color

71, 126, 194



Achromatopsia

143, 143, 143



Achromatomaly

117, 137, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 71, 126, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 170, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 170, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 170, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 170, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 71, 126, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 170, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 170, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 170, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 170, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 170, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 170,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 71, 126, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 170, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 170,  
194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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