

Converting Colors

`RYB(72, 119, 141)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(72, 119, 141) contains.

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Color

`RYB(72, 119, 141)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	488D68
RGB	72, 141, 104
RGB Percent	28%, 55%, 41%
CMY	0.7176, 0.4471, 0.5910
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.26, 0.45
HSL	148°, 32%, 42%
HSV	148°, 49%, 55%
XYZ	14.7112, 21.4330, 16.5378
YIQ	116.1510, -29.2470, -26.1350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

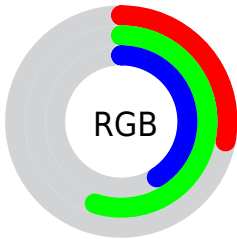
Format	Color
RYB	72, 119, 141
Decimal	4754792
CIELab	53.42, -30.77, 12.98
CIELCh	53, 33.395, 157.126
Yxy	21.4330, 0.2792, 0.4068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282944872 (0xFF488D68)
YUV	116.1510, -5.9904, -38.7204
Hunter-Lab	46.2958, -24.2965, 11.2275

Details

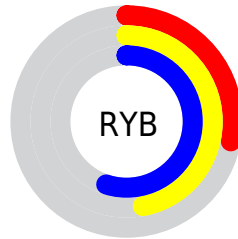
The RYB color **72, 119, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **141, 72, 109**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125, 174, 195**, and **15, 63, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 114, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 123, 141**.

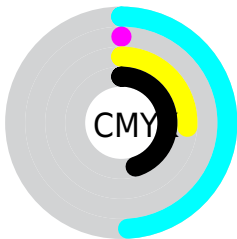
Distribution



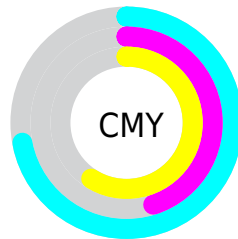
- Red (28%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 72, 119, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 72, 119, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 72, 119, 141  72, 119, 141

255, 255, 255  46, 92, 115

 125, 174, 195  15, 63, 90

 152, 202, 223  0, 43, 66

 179, 230, 252  0, 32, 43

 208, 237, 255  0, 20, 20

 237, 246, 255  0, 0, 0

 72, 119, 141  72, 119, 141

 58, 114, 141  86, 123, 141

 44, 110, 141  100, 128, 141

■ 30, 106, 141

■ 114, 132, 141

■ 16, 101, 141

■ 128, 137, 141

■ 1, 96, 141

■ 143, 141, 142

■ 0, 96, 141

■ 157, 141, 149

■ 171, 141, 157

■ 185, 141, 164

■ 199, 141, 172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81, 136, 109



72, 119, 141



18, 83, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72, 119, 141



96, 119, 184



180, 112, 94

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 119, 141



141, 72, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182, 105, 122



72, 119, 141



140, 118, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72, 119, 141



36, 95, 180



169, 108, 151



164, 158, 75

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 119, 141



0, 74, 153



169, 108, 151



182, 107, 103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 119, 141



156, 175, 184



72, 141, 104



75, 87, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 119, 141



75, 149, 184



72, 107, 141



64, 68, 71



0, 92, 135



0, 5, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 72, 109



184, 75, 133



141, 72, 74



71, 64, 68



135, 0, 72



8, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 72, 119, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 72, 119, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 72, 119, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 72, 119, 141.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 72, 119, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


72, 119, 141

Protanopia

110, 136, 98

Deuteranopia

146, 130, 108



Tritanopia
83, 111, 146

Trichromacy



Original Color

72, 119, 141

Protanomaly

100, 132, 119

Deuteranomaly

107, 129, 117

Tritanomaly

79, 110, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

72, 119, 141

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

100, 117, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 72, 119, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 141, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 141, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 141, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 141, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 72, 119, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 141, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 141, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 141, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 141, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 141, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 141,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 72, 141, 104 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 141, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 141,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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