

Converting Colors

`RYB(72, 183, 129)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(72, 183, 129) contains.

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Color

R_YB(72, 183, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7EB748
RGB	126, 183, 72
RGB Percent	49%, 72%, 28%
CMY	0.5059, 0.2824, 0.7176
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.61, 0.28
HSL	91°, 44%, 50%
HSV	91°, 61%, 72%
XYZ	26.7074, 38.7705, 12.2067
YIQ	153.3030, 1.6590, -46.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

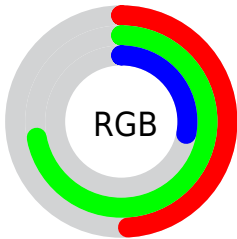
Format	Color
RYB	72, 183, 129
Decimal	8304456
CIELab	68.58, -37.10, 49.40
CIElCh	69, 61.777, 126.905
Yxy	38.7705, 0.3438, 0.4991
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286494536 (0xFF7EB748)
YUV	153.3030, -40.0824, -23.9447
Hunter-Lab	62.2659, -32.4024, 31.9629

Details

The RYB color **72, 183, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **129, 72, 183**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124, 239, 181**, and **15, 130, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 183, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 183, 138**.

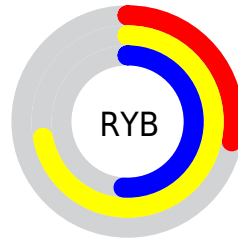
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (72%)

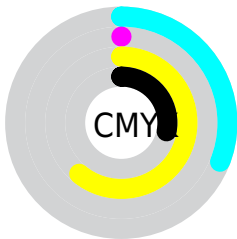
Blue (28%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (51%)

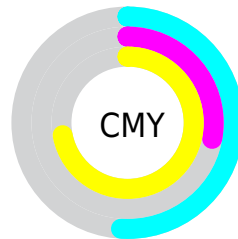


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (51%)


Magenta (28%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 72, 183, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 72, 183, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 72, 183, 129

255, 255, 255


 124, 239, 181


 151, 255, 196

 179, 255, 195


 207, 255, 207

 236, 255, 236

 72, 183, 129

 46, 156, 103

 15, 130, 73


 0, 104, 60


 0, 79, 64


 0, 56, 56


 0, 36, 36

 0, 0, 0

 72, 183, 129

 54, 183, 120

 72, 183, 129

 90, 183, 138

■ 35, 183, 111

■ 109, 183, 147

■ 17, 183, 102

■ 127, 183, 156

■ 0, 183, 94

■ 145, 183, 164

■ 164, 183, 174

■ 182, 183, 183

■ 192, 183, 200

■ 201, 183, 218

■ 211, 183, 237

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64, 185, 46



72, 183, 129



1, 117, 191

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72, 183, 129



0, 107, 255



255, 115, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 183, 129



129, 72, 183

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



245, 125, 212



72, 183, 129



74, 136, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72, 183, 129



0, 106, 233



187, 147, 255



255, 132, 103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 183, 129



0, 107, 194



187, 147, 255



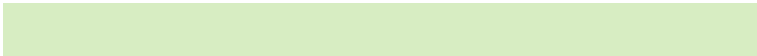
255, 116, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 183, 129



194, 237, 216



181, 183, 72



93, 120, 107



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 183, 129



64, 237, 153



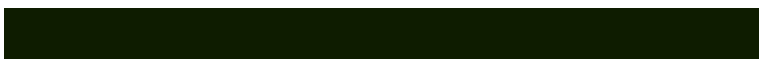
72, 183, 183



83, 92, 88



0, 156, 80



0, 28, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129, 72, 183



153, 64, 237



183, 72, 183



87, 83, 92



80, 0, 156



14, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 72, 183, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 72, 183, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 72, 183, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 72, 183, 129.

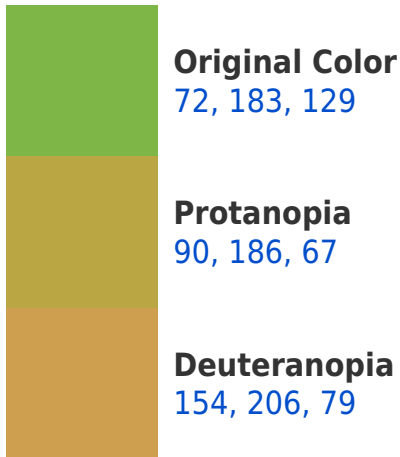


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 72, 183, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

142, 160, 185

Trichromacy



Original Color

72, 183, 129



Protanomaly

69, 173, 78



Deuteranomaly

86, 177, 76



Tritanomaly

136, 169, 176

Monochromacy



Original Color

72, 183, 129



Achromatopsia

153, 153, 153



Achromatomaly

124, 164, 145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 72, 183, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 183, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 183, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 183, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 183, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 72, 183, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 183, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 183, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 183, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 183, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 183, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 183,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 72, 183, 129 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 183, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
183, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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