

Converting Colors

`RYB(72, 219, 178)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(72, 219, 178) contains.

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Color

`RYB(72, 219, 178)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71DB48
RGB	113, 219, 72
RGB Percent	44%, 86%, 28%
CMY	0.5569, 0.1412, 0.7176
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.67, 0.14
HSL	103°, 67%, 57%
HSV	103°, 67%, 86%
XYZ	33.3113, 54.6416, 14.9221
YIQ	170.5480, -15.9890, -68.1890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

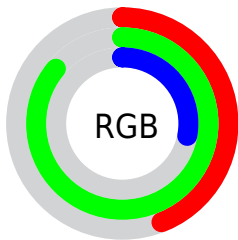
Format	Color
RYB	72, 219, 178
Decimal	7461704
CIELab	78.83, -56.25, 60.39
CIElCh	79, 82.528, 132.964
Yxy	54.6416, 0.3238, 0.5311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285651784 (0xFF71DB48)
YUV	170.5480, -48.5842, -50.4696
Hunter-Lab	73.9200, -48.9208, 39.7752

Details

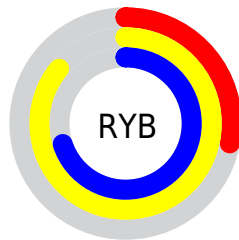
The RYB color **72, 219, 178** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **178, 72, 219**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127, 255, 210**, and **0, 163, 114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 219, 172**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 219, 184**.

Distribution



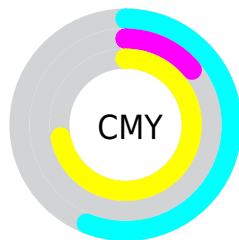
- Red (44%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 72, 219, 178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 72, 219, 178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 72, 219, 178

 72, 219, 178

255, 255, 255

 43, 191, 151


 127, 255, 210

 0, 163, 114


 155, 255, 208

 0, 136, 136

 183, 255, 206

 0, 110, 110

 212, 255, 212

 0, 84, 84

 241, 255, 241

 0, 60, 60

 0, 37, 37

 0, 0, 0

 72, 219, 178

 72, 219, 178

■ 50, 219, 172

■ 94, 219, 184

■ 28, 219, 166

■ 116, 219, 190

■ 6, 219, 159

■ 138, 219, 197

■ 0, 219, 158

■ 160, 219, 203

■ 181, 219, 208

■ 203, 219, 214

■ 224, 219, 225

■ 239, 219, 247

■ 255, 219, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 202, 1



72, 219, 178



0, 139, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72, 219, 178



0, 117, 255



255, 118, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 219, 178



178, 72, 219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 126, 242



72, 219, 178



88, 152, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72, 219, 178



0, 120, 255



241, 159, 255



255, 163, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 219, 178



0, 124, 231



241, 159, 255



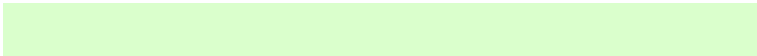
255, 116, 191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 219, 178



204, 255, 241



131, 219, 72



97, 128, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 219, 178



48, 255, 197



72, 193, 219



99, 110, 107



0, 173, 125



0, 46, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178, 72, 219



197, 48, 255



219, 72, 187



107, 99, 110



125, 0, 173



33, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 72, 219, 178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 72, 219, 178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 72, 219, 178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 72, 219, 178.

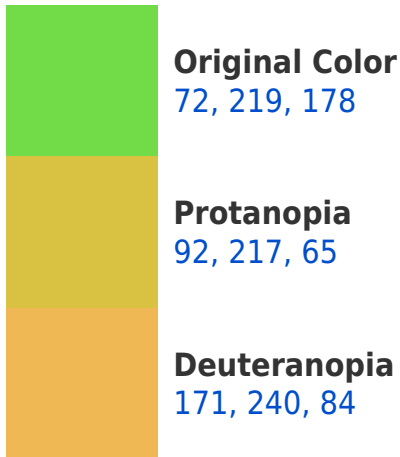


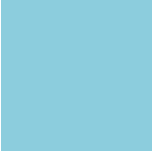
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 72, 219, 178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
140, 176, 221

Trichromacy



Original Color

72, 219, 178



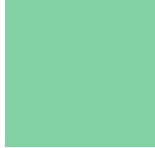
Protanomaly

68, 203, 92



Deuteranomaly

80, 197, 83



Tritanomaly

130, 185, 210

Monochromacy



Original Color

72, 219, 178



Achromatopsia

171, 171, 171



Achromatomaly

135, 188, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 72, 219, 178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 219, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 219, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 219, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 219, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 72, 219, 178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 219, 72) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 219, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 219, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 219, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 219, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 219,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 72, 219, 178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 219, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
219, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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