

Converting Colors

RYB(73, 83, 144)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(73, 83, 144) contains.

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Color

R_YB(73, 83, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	495590
RGB	73, 85, 144
RGB Percent	29%, 33%, 56%
CMY	0.7137, 0.6681, 0.4353
CMYK	0.49, 0.41, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	230°, 33%, 43%
HSV	230°, 49%, 56%
XYZ	11.0019, 9.8704, 27.7109
YIQ	88.1380, -26.0910, 15.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

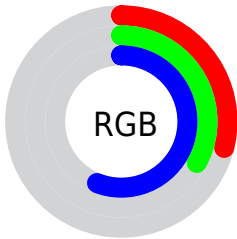
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 83, 144
Decimal	4806032
CIE _{Lab}	37.61, 12.60, -34.31
CIE _{LCh}	38, 36.556, 290.167
Yxy	9.8704, 0.2265, 0.2032
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282996112 (0xFF495590)
YUV	88.1380, 27.5400, -13.2760
Hunter-Lab	31.4173, 7.5280, -30.3033

Details

The RYB color **73, 83, 144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **87, 144, 73**, and the grayscale version is **88, 88, 88**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 133, 198**, and **17, 35, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 71, 144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 96, 144**.

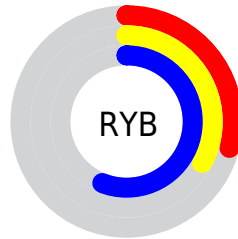
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (33%)

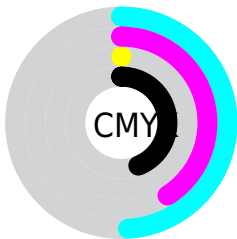
Blue (56%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (56%)

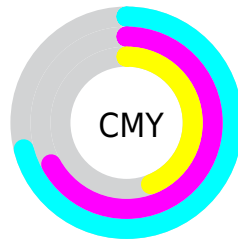


Cyan (49%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 73, 83, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 73, 83, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73, 83, 144



73, 83, 144

255, 255, 255



47, 59, 118



126, 133, 198



17, 35, 93



153, 159, 226



0, 16, 69



180, 186, 255



0, 2, 46



209, 214, 255



0, 1, 25



237, 242, 255



0, 0, 0



73, 83, 144



73, 83, 144



59, 71, 144



87, 96, 144



44, 59, 144



102, 108, 144

■ 30, 46, 144

■ 116, 120, 144

■ 15, 33, 144

■ 131, 133, 144

■ 1, 21, 144

■ 144, 145, 144

■ 0, 21, 144

■ 146, 159, 144

■ 150, 174, 144

■ 152, 188, 144

■ 156, 203, 144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 58, 146



73, 83, 144



115, 73, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73, 83, 144



133, 85, 44



0, 58, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 83, 144



87, 144, 73

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49, 99, 98



73, 83, 144



72, 113, 28

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73, 83, 144



143, 63, 70



29, 93, 37



0, 53, 108

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 83, 144



132, 66, 109



29, 93, 37



3, 63, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 83, 144



158, 162, 186



73, 112, 144



77, 80, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 83, 144



76, 91, 186



97, 73, 144



64, 65, 71



0, 19, 135



0, 1, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 73, 85



186, 76, 94



73, 144, 97



71, 64, 65



135, 0, 22



8, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 73, 83, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 73, 83, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R_YB 73, 83, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R_YB color 73, 83, 144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R_YB color 73, 83, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73, 83, 144

Protanopia

64, 81, 146

Deuteranopia

55, 80, 143



Tritanopia
60, 79, 101

Trichromacy



Original Color
73, 83, 144

Protanomaly
67, 82, 145

Deuteranomaly
62, 81, 143

Tritanomaly
65, 82, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color
73, 83, 144

Achromatopsia
88, 88, 88

Achromatomaly
83, 86, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 73, 83, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 85, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 85, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 85, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 85, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 73, 83, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 85, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 85, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 85, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 85, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 85, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 85,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 73, 85, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 85, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 85,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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