

Converting Colors

`RYB(76, 142, 114)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(76, 142, 114) contains.

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Color

R_YB(76, 142, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688E4C
RGB	104, 142, 76
RGB Percent	41%, 56%, 30%
CMY	0.5922, 0.4431, 0.7020
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.46, 0.44
HSL	95°, 30%, 43%
HSV	95°, 46%, 56%
XYZ	16.6864, 22.8109, 10.3609
YIQ	123.1140, -1.4620, -28.5820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

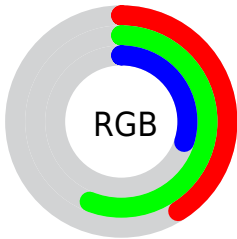
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 142, 114
Decimal	6852172
CIE _{Lab}	54.88, -25.53, 30.89
CIE _{LCh}	55, 40.080, 129.574
Yxy	22.8109, 0.3347, 0.4575
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285042252 (0xFF688E4C)
YUV	123.1140, -23.2272, -16.7630
Hunter-Lab	47.7607, -21.2177, 20.5705

Details

The RYB color **76, 142, 114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **114, 76, 142**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 196, 165**, and **29, 91, 66** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 142, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 142, 120**.

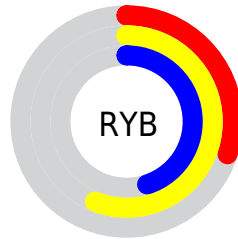
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (56%)

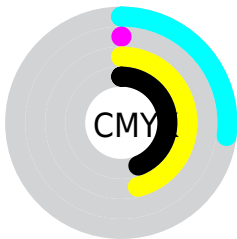
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (45%)

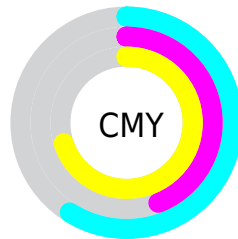


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 76, 142, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 76, 142, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76, 142, 114



76, 142, 114

255, 255, 255



52, 116, 89



126, 196, 165



29, 91, 66



152, 224, 192



5, 68, 43



179, 253, 220



0, 45, 40



207, 255, 221



0, 26, 26



236, 255, 236



0, 0, 0



76, 142, 114



76, 142, 114



62, 142, 108



90, 142, 120



48, 142, 102



104, 142, 126

■ 33, 142, 96

■ 119, 142, 132

■ 19, 142, 90

■ 133, 142, 138

■ 5, 142, 84

■ 145, 142, 147

■ 0, 142, 82

■ 153, 142, 161

■ 161, 142, 175

■ 169, 142, 190

■ 178, 142, 204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71, 142, 61



76, 142, 114



54, 114, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76, 142, 114



0, 82, 196



197, 102, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 142, 114



114, 76, 142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183, 106, 156



76, 142, 114



94, 121, 200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76, 142, 114



0, 80, 175



149, 118, 185



192, 114, 89

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 142, 114



0, 80, 149



149, 118, 185



194, 102, 133

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 142, 114



158, 184, 173



128, 142, 76



76, 92, 85



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 142, 114



81, 184, 141



76, 138, 142



64, 71, 68



0, 135, 78



0, 8, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 76, 142



140, 81, 184



142, 76, 138



68, 64, 71



78, 0, 135



4, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 76, 142, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 76, 142, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 76, 142, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 76, 142, 114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 76, 142, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76, 142, 114

Protanopia

88, 144, 72

Deuteranopia

137, 158, 80



Tritanopia

114, 126, 145

Trichromacy



Original Color

76, 142, 114

Protanomaly

73, 135, 79

Deuteranomaly

87, 138, 79

Tritanomaly

110, 130, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

76, 142, 114

Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly

106, 130, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 76, 142, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 142, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 142, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 142, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 142, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 76, 142, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 142, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 142, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 142, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 142, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 142, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 142,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 76, 142, 114 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 142, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
142, 76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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