

Converting Colors

`RYB(76, 191, 189)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(76, 191, 189) contains.

RYB(76, 191, 189)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RYB(76, 191, 189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4EBF4C
RGB	78, 191, 76
RGB Percent	31%, 75%, 30%
CMY	0.6941, 0.2510, 0.7020
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.60, 0.25
HSL	119°, 47%, 52%
HSV	119°, 60%, 75%
XYZ	23.0772, 39.4031, 13.2267
YIQ	144.1030, -30.4330, -59.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

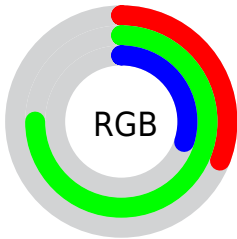
Format	Color
RYB	76, 191, 189
Decimal	5160780
CIELab	69.04, -54.64, 47.57
CIELCh	69, 72.445, 138.953
Yxy	39.4031, 0.3048, 0.5205
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283350860 (0xFF4EBF4C)
YUV	144.1030, -33.5748, -57.9723
Hunter-Lab	62.7719, -44.2278, 31.4473

Details

The RYB color **76, 191, 189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **189, 76, 191**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 248, 240**, and **0, 118, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 191, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 191, 189**.

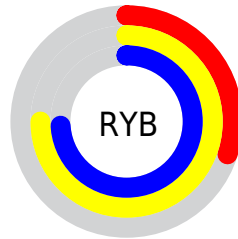
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (75%)

Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (74%)

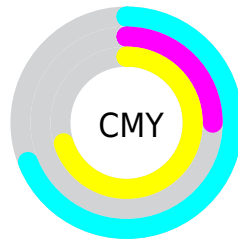


Cyan (59%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 76, 191, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 76, 191, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76, 191, 189



76, 191, 189

255, 255, 255



44, 157, 163



129, 248, 240



0, 118, 136



156, 255, 244



0, 110, 110



183, 255, 242



0, 85, 85



212, 255, 241



0, 60, 60



240, 255, 240



0, 37, 37



0, 0, 0



76, 191, 189



76, 191, 189



57, 191, 189



95, 191, 189

■ 38, 191, 189

■ 114, 191, 189

■ 19, 191, 188

■ 133, 191, 190

■ 0, 191, 188

■ 152, 191, 190

■ 171, 191, 190

■ 191, 191, 191

■ 209, 191, 210

■ 228, 191, 229

■ 247, 191, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16, 178, 33



76, 191, 189



0, 116, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76, 191, 189



0, 107, 255



255, 106, 130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 191, 189



189, 76, 191

Split Complementary

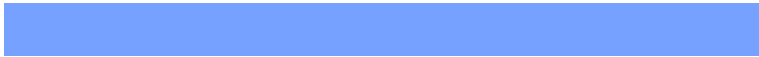
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 106, 196



76, 191, 189



118, 151, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76, 191, 189



0, 111, 255



223, 132, 255



255, 157, 70

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 191, 189



0, 103, 199



223, 132, 255



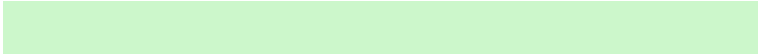
255, 102, 152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 191, 189



203, 247, 246



80, 191, 76



97, 125, 124



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 191, 189



69, 247, 244



76, 154, 191



85, 94, 94



0, 158, 155



0, 31, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 76, 191



244, 69, 247



191, 76, 137



94, 85, 94



155, 0, 158



30, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 76, 191, 189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 76, 191, 189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

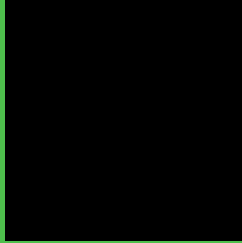
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 76, 191, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 76, 191, 189.

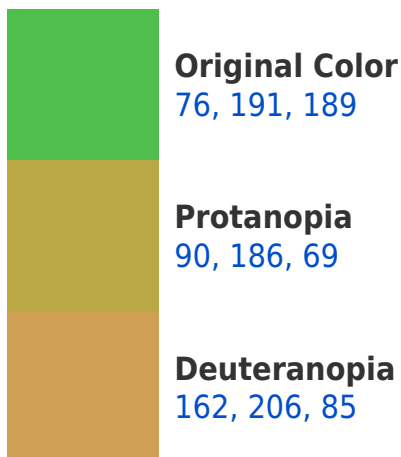


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 76, 191, 189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
106, 146, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color

76, 191, 189



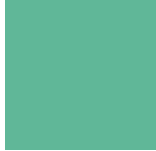
Protanomaly

72, 176, 101



Deuteranomaly

82, 171, 94



Tritanomaly

96, 149, 183

Monochromacy



Original Color

76, 191, 189



Achromatopsia

144, 144, 144



Achromatomaly

119, 161, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 76, 191, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 191, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 191, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 191, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 191, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 76, 191, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 191, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 191, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 191, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 191, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 191, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 191,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 78, 191, 189 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 191, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 191,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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