

Converting Colors

`RYB(76, 197, 219)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(76, 197, 219) contains.

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Color

R_YB(76, 197, 219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4CDB66
RGB	76, 219, 102
RGB Percent	30%, 86%, 40%
CMY	0.7020, 0.1412, 0.6000
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 0.53, 0.14
HSL	131°, 67%, 58%
HSV	131°, 65%, 86%
XYZ	30.7103, 53.1588, 21.2125
YIQ	162.9050, -47.6710, -66.7030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

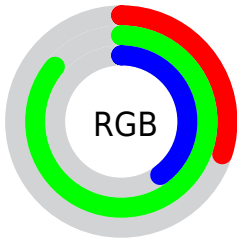
Format	Color
RYB	76, 197, 219
Decimal	5036902
CIELab	77.97, -61.94, 46.07
CIELCh	78, 77.196, 143.357
Yxy	53.1588, 0.2923, 0.5059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283226982 (0xFF4CDB66)
YUV	162.9050, -30.0262, -76.2157
Hunter-Lab	72.9101, -52.4072, 33.7873

Details

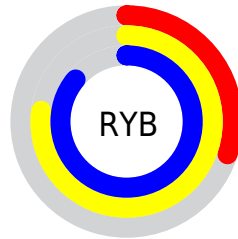
The RYB color **76, 197, 219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as dark muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **219, 76, 193**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140, 242, 255**, and **0, 125, 163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 194, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 200, 219**.

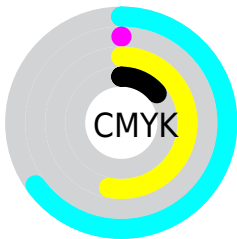
Distribution



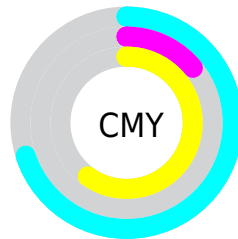
- Red (30%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 76, 197, 219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 76, 197, 219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 76, 197, 219	 76, 197, 219
 255, 255, 255	 35, 159, 191
 140, 242, 255	 0, 125, 163
 170, 244, 255	 0, 116, 135
 200, 246, 255	 0, 109, 109
 231, 248, 255	 0, 83, 83
	 0, 59, 59
	 0, 35, 35
	 0, 0, 0
 76, 197, 219	 76, 197, 219

■ 54, 194, 219

■ 98, 200, 219

■ 32, 190, 219

■ 120, 204, 219

■ 10, 187, 219

■ 142, 207, 219

■ 0, 185, 219

■ 164, 211, 219

■ 186, 214, 219

■ 207, 217, 219

■ 229, 219, 227

■ 251, 219, 245

■ 255, 219, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42, 206, 74



76, 197, 219



0, 127, 225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76, 197, 219



0, 114, 255



255, 128, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 197, 219



219, 76, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 124, 212



76, 197, 219



162, 178, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76, 197, 219



0, 118, 255



255, 148, 255



255, 216, 77

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 197, 219



0, 114, 227



255, 148, 255



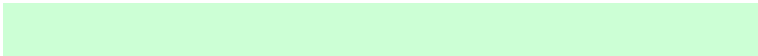
255, 123, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 197, 219



204, 247, 255



76, 219, 100



97, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 197, 219



56, 225, 255



76, 162, 219



99, 108, 110



0, 146, 173



0, 39, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



219, 76, 193



255, 56, 219



219, 76, 124



110, 99, 108



173, 0, 142



46, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 76, 197, 219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

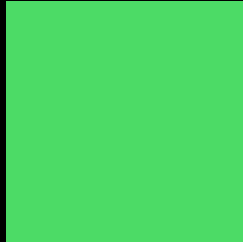
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 76, 197, 219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

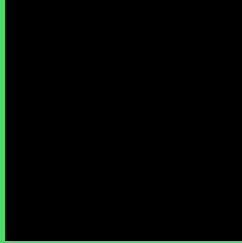
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 76, 197, 219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 76, 197, 219.

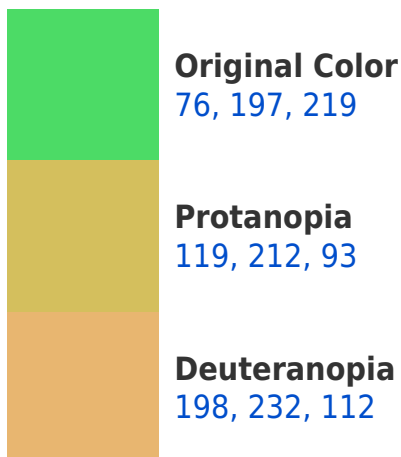


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 76, 197, 219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
111, 162, 223

Trichromacy



Original Color

76, 197, 219



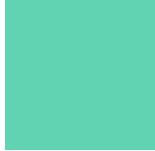
Protanomaly

96, 201, 134



Deuteranomaly

108, 195, 128



Tritanomaly

98, 164, 211

Monochromacy



Original Color

76, 197, 219



Achromatopsia

163, 163, 163



Achromatomaly

131, 175, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 76, 197, 219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 219, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 219, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 219, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 219, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 76, 197, 219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 219, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 219, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 219, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 219, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 219, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 219,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 76, 197, 219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 219, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 219,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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