

# Converting Colors

R<sub>YB</sub>(76, 75, 101)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(76, 75, 101) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(76, 75, 101)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C4B65
RGB	76, 75, 101
RGB Percent	30%, 29%, 40%
CMY	0.7020, 0.7059, 0.6039
CMYK	0.25, 0.26, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	242°, 15%, 35%
HSV	242°, 26%, 40%
XYZ	7.8455, 7.5082, 13.3476
YIQ	78.2630, -7.7500, 8.2980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

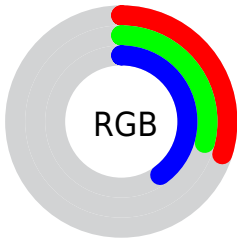
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	76, 75, 101
Decimal	5000037
CIE Lab	32.94, 6.77, -14.98
CIE LCh	33, 16.436, 294.315
Yxy	7.5082, 0.2733, 0.2616
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283190117 (0xFF4C4B65)
YUV	78.2630, 11.2093, -1.9847
Hunter-Lab	27.4012, 3.1563, -9.7005

# Details

The RYB color **76, 75, 101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **75, 101, 76**, and the grayscale version is **78, 78, 78**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125, 124, 152**, and **31, 31, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 65, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 85, 101**.

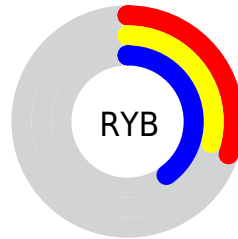
# Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (29%)

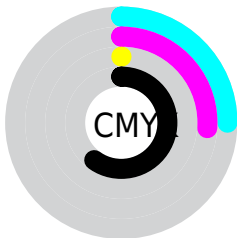
Blue (40%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (40%)

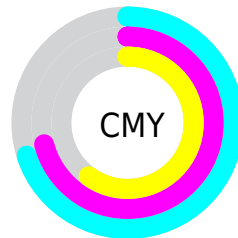


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 76, 75, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 76, 75, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





76, 75, 101



76, 75, 101

255, 255, 255



53, 52, 77



125, 124, 152



31, 31, 54



151, 149, 179



10, 7, 33



178, 176, 206



0, 0, 7



206, 204, 235



0, 0, 0



234, 232, 255



76, 75, 101



76, 75, 101



66, 65, 101



86, 85, 101



57, 55, 101



95, 95, 101

■ 47, 45, 101

■ 101, 105, 101

■ 37, 35, 101

■ 101, 115, 101

■ 27, 25, 101

■ 101, 126, 102

■ 18, 14, 101

■ 101, 136, 103

■ 8, 4, 101

■ 101, 146, 103

■ 4, 0, 101

■ 101, 156, 103

■ 101, 166, 104

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57, 72, 103



76, 75, 101



92, 71, 93

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76, 75, 101



99, 78, 57



46, 69, 85

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 75, 101



75, 101, 76

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61, 82, 83



76, 75, 101



72, 89, 52

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76, 75, 101



103, 68, 67



54, 80, 58



37, 61, 88

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 75, 101



99, 69, 85



54, 80, 58



51, 72, 84



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 75, 101



120, 120, 130



75, 88, 101



60, 60, 66



194, 194, 194



66, 66, 66



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 75, 101



91, 90, 130



89, 75, 101



46, 46, 51



4, 0, 115



9, 0, 242



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101, 75, 100



130, 90, 128



75, 101, 89



51, 46, 51



115, 0, 110

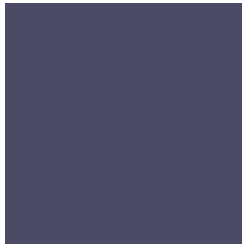


242, 0, 233



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 76, 75, 101 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

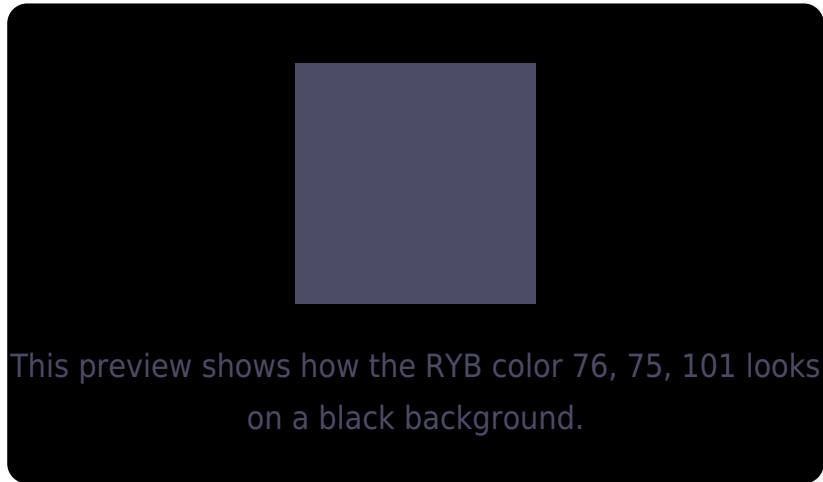
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

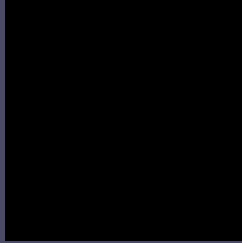
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 76, 75, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 76, 75, 101.

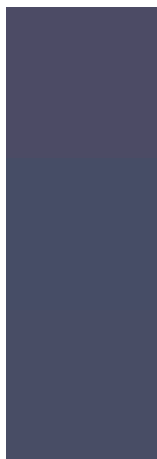


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 76, 75, 101.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

76, 75, 101

**Protanopia**

70, 76, 102

**Deuteranopia**

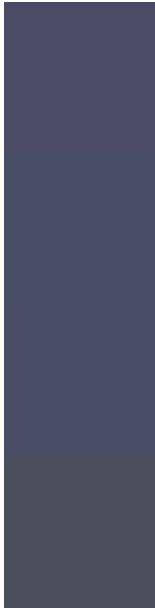
72, 76, 101



# Tritanopia

73, 76, 84

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

76, 75, 101

**Protanomaly**

72, 76, 102

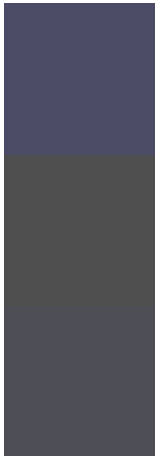
**Deuteranomaly**

73, 76, 101

**Tritanomaly**

74, 77, 90

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

76, 75, 101

**Achromatopsia**

78, 78, 78

**Achromatomaly**

77, 77, 86

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 76, 75, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(76, 75, 101) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 75, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 75, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 75, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 76, 75, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 75, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 75, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 75, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 75, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 75, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 75,  
101) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 76, 75, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 75, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 75,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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