

Converting Colors

`RYB(77, 110, 108)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(77, 110, 108) contains.

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Color

R_YB(77, 110, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F6E4D
RGB	79, 110, 77
RGB Percent	31%, 43%, 30%
CMY	0.6902, 0.5686, 0.6980
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.30, 0.57
HSL	116°, 18%, 37%
HSV	116°, 30%, 43%
XYZ	10.1399, 13.3499, 9.0635
YIQ	96.9690, -7.8830, -16.8350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

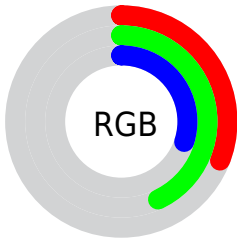
Format	Color
RYB	77, 110, 108
Decimal	5205581
CIELab	43.29, -18.40, 14.89
CIELCh	43, 23.674, 141.023
Yxy	13.3499, 0.3115, 0.4101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283395661 (0xFF4F6E4D)
YUV	96.9690, -9.8447, -15.7588
Hunter-Lab	36.5376, -14.4033, 10.8688

Details

The RYB color **77, 110, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **108, 77, 110**, and the grayscale version is **97, 97, 97**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126, 162, 159**, and **32, 62, 61** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 110, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 110, 109**.

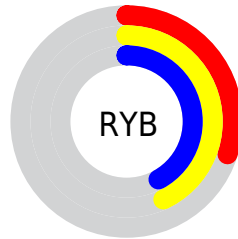
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (43%)

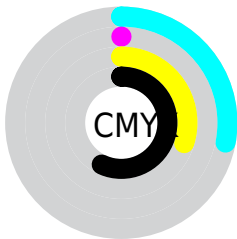
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (42%)

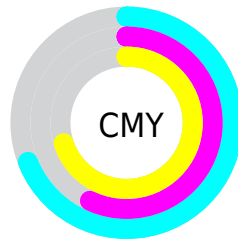


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 77, 110, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 77, 110, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77, 110, 108



77, 110, 108

255, 255, 255



54, 86, 85



126, 162, 159



32, 62, 61



152, 189, 186



10, 40, 39



179, 217, 214



0, 20, 20



206, 245, 241



0, 0, 0



235, 255, 251



77, 110, 108



77, 110, 108



66, 110, 107



88, 110, 109



55, 110, 107



99, 110, 109

■ 44, 110, 106

■ 110, 110, 110

■ 33, 110, 105

■ 120, 110, 121

■ 22, 110, 105

■ 131, 110, 132

■ 11, 110, 104

■ 141, 110, 143

■ 0, 110, 103

■ 151, 110, 154

■ 162, 110, 165

■ 172, 110, 176

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65, 105, 69



77, 110, 108



55, 89, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 110, 108



66, 92, 141



141, 88, 89

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 110, 108



108, 77, 110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137, 88, 109



77, 110, 108



96, 99, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 110, 108



38, 79, 132



121, 92, 127



135, 100, 73

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 110, 108



40, 78, 113



121, 92, 127



141, 87, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 110, 108



130, 143, 142



79, 110, 77



64, 71, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 110, 108



91, 143, 139



77, 100, 110



50, 56, 55



0, 120, 113



0, 247, 232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 77, 110



140, 91, 143



110, 77, 96



56, 50, 56



113, 0, 120



232, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 110, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 110, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 77, 110, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 77, 110, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 77, 110, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77, 110, 108

Protanopia

83, 110, 73

Deuteranopia

119, 113, 80



Tritanopia
86, 97, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 110, 108

Protanomaly

74, 105, 80

Deuteranomaly

81, 104, 79

Tritanomaly

83, 97, 107

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 110, 108

Achromatopsia

97, 97, 97

Achromatomaly

90, 102, 102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 77, 110, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 110, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 110, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 110, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 110, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 77, 110, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 110, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 110, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 110, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 110, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 110, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 110,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 77, 110, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 110, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 110,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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