

Converting Colors

`RYB(77, 113, 157)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(77, 113, 157) contains.

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Color

R_YB(77, 113, 157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D8E9D
RGB	77, 142, 157
RGB Percent	30%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.6980, 0.4414, 0.3843
CMYK	0.51, 0.09, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	191°, 34%, 46%
HSV	191°, 51%, 62%
XYZ	18.8871, 23.4936, 35.4376
YIQ	124.2750, -43.5550, -9.1150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

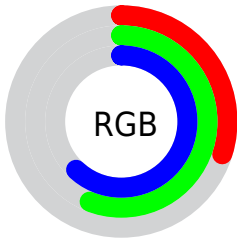
Format	Color
RYB	77, 113, 157
Decimal	5082781
CIELab	55.58, -16.75, -14.16
CIElCh	56, 21.935, 220.219
Yxy	23.4936, 0.2427, 0.3019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283272861 (0xFF4D8E9D)
YUV	124.2750, 16.1334, -41.4602
Hunter-Lab	48.4702, -15.2678, -9.4189

Details

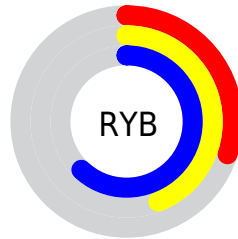
The RYB color **77, 113, 157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **157, 95, 77**, and the grayscale version is **124, 124, 124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131, 167, 212**, and **15, 57, 106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 104, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 122, 157**.

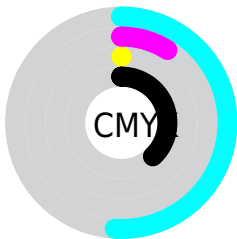
Distribution



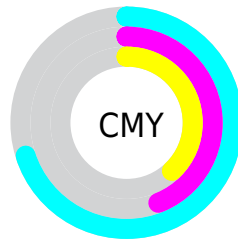
- Red (30%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 77, 113, 157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 77, 113, 157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77, 113, 157



77, 113, 157

255, 255, 255



49, 86, 131



131, 167, 212



14, 56, 106



159, 195, 240



0, 37, 82



187, 220, 255



0, 26, 59



216, 236, 255



0, 15, 37



245, 250, 255



0, 1, 15



0, 0, 0



77, 113, 157



77, 113, 157



61, 104, 157



93, 122, 157

■ 46, 96, 157

■ 108, 130, 157

■ 30, 87, 157

■ 124, 139, 157

■ 14, 78, 157

■ 140, 148, 157

■ 0, 71, 157

■ 155, 156, 157

■ 171, 161, 157

■ 187, 163, 157

■ 203, 167, 157

■ 218, 170, 157

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80, 113, 144



77, 113, 157



93, 122, 168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 113, 157



163, 121, 146



103, 140, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 113, 157



157, 95, 77

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158, 158, 98



77, 113, 157



171, 119, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 113, 157



144, 126, 162



169, 126, 109



104, 139, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 113, 157



110, 128, 171



169, 126, 109



116, 147, 95

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 113, 157



173, 187, 204



77, 146, 157



84, 92, 102



230, 230, 230



102, 102, 102

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 113, 157



80, 136, 204



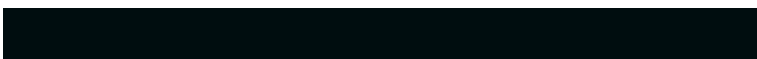
77, 97, 157



71, 75, 79



0, 64, 143



0, 7, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157, 77, 142



204, 80, 181



118, 157, 77



79, 71, 78



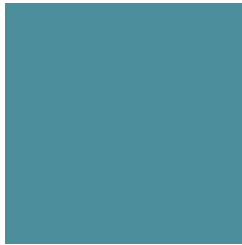
143, 0, 117



15, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 113, 157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 113, 157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

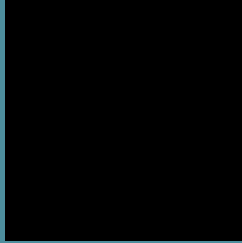
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 77, 113, 157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 113, 157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 113, 157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
77, 113, 157

Protanopia
130, 131, 150

Deuteranopia
132, 130, 160



Tritanopia
76, 112, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color
77, 113, 157

Protanomaly
111, 126, 153

Deuteranomaly
112, 127, 159

Tritanomaly
76, 112, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color
77, 113, 157

Achromatopsia
125, 125, 125

Achromatomaly
108, 121, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 77, 113, 157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 142, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 142, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 142, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 142, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 77, 113, 157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

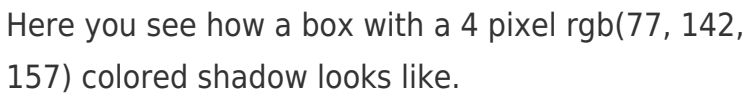
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 142, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 142, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 142, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 142, 157); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 142, 157); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 142, 157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 77, 113, 157 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 142, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 142,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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