

Converting Colors

`RYB(77, 124, 96)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(77, 124, 96) contains.

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Color

R_YB(77, 124, 96)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	697C4D
RGB	105, 124, 77
RGB Percent	41%, 49%, 30%
CMY	0.5882, 0.5137, 0.6980
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.38, 0.51
HSL	84°, 23%, 39%
HSV	84°, 38%, 49%
XYZ	14.3729, 17.9544, 9.7292
YIQ	112.9610, 3.7630, -18.6450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

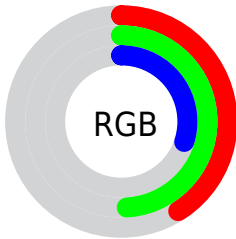
Format	Color
RYB	77, 124, 96
Decimal	6913101
CIELab	49.44, -15.69, 23.42
CIELCh	49, 28.186, 123.824
Yxy	17.9544, 0.3418, 0.4269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285103181 (0xFF697C4D)
YUV	112.9610, -17.7288, -6.9818
Hunter-Lab	42.3726, -13.6044, 16.0472

Details

The RYB color **77, 124, 96** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **96, 77, 124**, and the grayscale version is **113, 113, 113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127, 177, 147**, and **31, 75, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 124, 89**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 124, 103**.

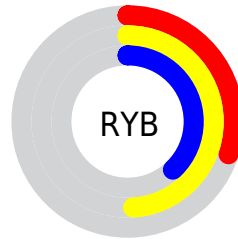
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (49%)

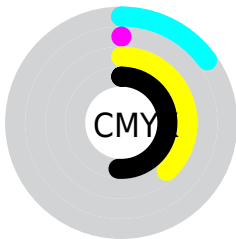
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (38%)

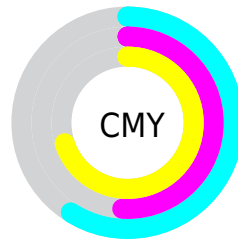


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 77, 124, 96 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 77, 124, 96 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77, 124, 96 ■ 77, 124, 96

255, 255, 255 ■ 54, 99, 73

■ 127, 177, 147 ■ 31, 75, 49

■ 153, 204, 173 ■ 9, 52, 27

■ 180, 232, 200 ■ 0, 31, 19

■ 207, 255, 222 ■ 0, 0, 0

■ 236, 255, 236

■ 77, 124, 96 ■ 77, 124, 96

■ 65, 124, 89 ■ 89, 124, 103

■ 52, 124, 81 ■ 102, 124, 111

■ 40, 124, 74

■ 114, 124, 118

■ 27, 124, 66

■ 125, 124, 127

■ 15, 124, 59

■ 130, 124, 139

■ 3, 124, 52

■ 135, 124, 151

■ 0, 124, 50

■ 140, 124, 164

■ 145, 124, 176

■ 150, 124, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86, 130, 69



77, 124, 96



76, 114, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 124, 96



47, 93, 160



163, 99, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 124, 96



96, 77, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



150, 102, 139



77, 124, 96



88, 110, 165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 124, 96



19, 77, 143



124, 110, 157



163, 104, 92

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 124, 96



55, 98, 130



124, 110, 157



160, 99, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 124, 96



143, 161, 150



124, 109, 77



71, 82, 76



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 124, 96



88, 161, 118



77, 124, 119



55, 61, 57



0, 125, 51



0, 252, 102

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 77, 124



118, 88, 161



119, 77, 124



58, 55, 61



51, 0, 125



102, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 124, 96 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

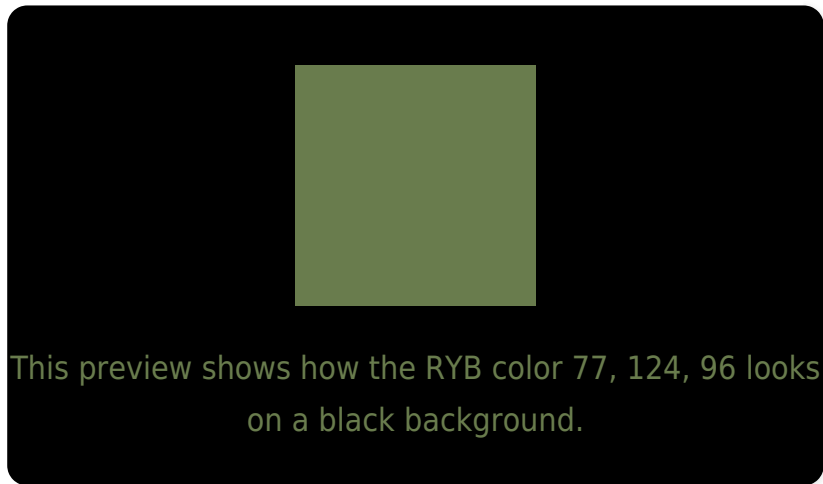
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

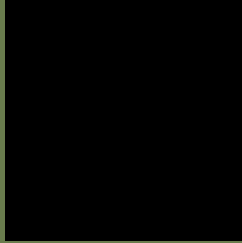
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

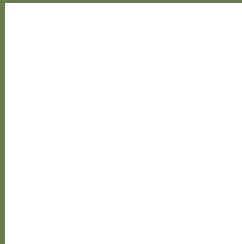
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 77, 124, 96 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 77, 124, 96.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 77, 124, 96.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


77, 124, 96

Protanopia

88, 128, 74

Deuteranopia

133, 140, 80



Tritanopia
112, 116, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 124, 96

Protanomaly

75, 120, 75

Deuteranomaly

93, 127, 79

Tritanomaly

109, 120, 120

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 124, 96

Achromatopsia

113, 113, 113

Achromatomaly

100, 117, 107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 77, 124, 96 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 124, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 124, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 124, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 124, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 77, 124, 96 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 124, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 124, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 124, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 124, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 77, 124, 96 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 124, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
124, 77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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