

Converting Colors

`RYB(77, 126, 138)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(77, 126, 138) contains.

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Color

R_YB(77, 126, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D8A5C
RGB	77, 138, 92
RGB Percent	30%, 54%, 36%
CMY	0.6980, 0.4588, 0.6395
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.33, 0.46
HSL	135°, 28%, 42%
HSV	135°, 44%, 54%
XYZ	14.0781, 20.5264, 13.3312
YIQ	114.5170, -21.5900, -27.2380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

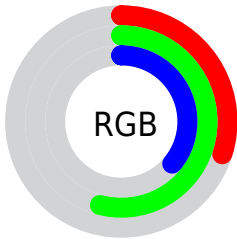
Format	Color
RYB	77, 126, 138
Decimal	5081692
CIELab	52.43, -30.40, 18.67
CIELCh	52, 35.670, 148.446
Yxy	20.5264, 0.2937, 0.4282
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283271772 (0xFF4D8A5C)
YUV	114.5170, -11.1009, -32.9024
Hunter-Lab	45.3060, -23.8195, 14.2683

Details

The RYB color **77, 126, 138** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **138, 77, 123**, and the grayscale version is **115, 115, 115**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 181, 192**, and **25, 71, 87** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 123, 138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 129, 138**.

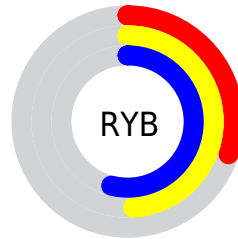
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (54%)

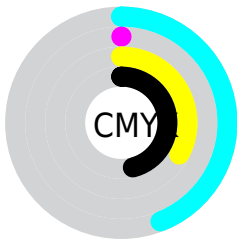
Blue (36%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (54%)

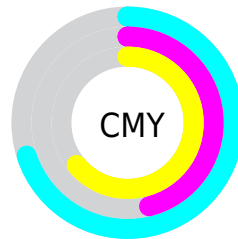


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 77, 126, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 77, 126, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77, 126, 138



77, 126, 138

255, 255, 255



51, 99, 112



129, 181, 192



25, 72, 87



156, 209, 220



0, 47, 64



184, 239, 249



0, 41, 41



212, 246, 255



0, 16, 16



241, 249, 255



0, 0, 0



77, 126, 138



77, 126, 138



63, 123, 138



91, 129, 138



49, 120, 138



105, 132, 138

■ 36, 118, 138

■ 118, 134, 138

■ 22, 115, 138

■ 132, 137, 138

■ 8, 112, 138

■ 146, 138, 144

■ 0, 111, 138

■ 160, 138, 154

■ 174, 138, 165

■ 187, 138, 175

■ 201, 138, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70, 132, 88



77, 126, 138



16, 84, 141

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 126, 138



72, 110, 186



183, 103, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 126, 138



138, 77, 123

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181, 100, 128



77, 126, 138



125, 118, 179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 126, 138



0, 77, 177



162, 107, 158



169, 137, 74

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 126, 138



0, 71, 143



162, 107, 158



184, 101, 107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 126, 138



155, 174, 179



77, 138, 91



75, 87, 89



217, 217, 217



89, 89, 89

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 126, 138



84, 160, 179



77, 112, 138



62, 67, 69



0, 107, 133



0, 4, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138, 77, 123



179, 84, 155



138, 77, 93



69, 62, 67



133, 0, 100



5, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 126, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 126, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

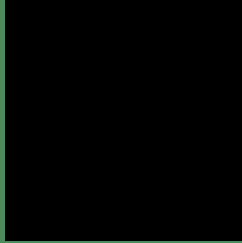
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 77, 126, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 126, 138.

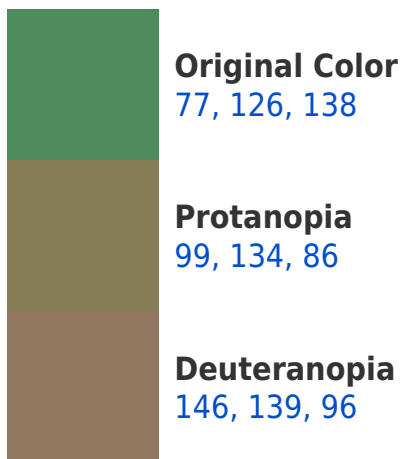


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 126, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

88, 112, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 126, 138

Protanomaly

88, 129, 104

Deuteranomaly

95, 126, 100

Tritanomaly

84, 112, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 126, 138

Achromatopsia

115, 115, 115

Achromatomaly

101, 118, 123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 77, 126, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 138, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 138, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 138, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 138, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 77, 126, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 138, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 138, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 138, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 138, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 138, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 138,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 77, 126, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 138, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 138,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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