

Converting Colors

`RYB(77, 191, 78)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(77, 191, 78) contains.

RYB(77, 191, 78)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RYB(77, 191, 78)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BEBF4D
RGB	190, 191, 77
RGB Percent	75%, 75%, 30%
CMY	0.2549, 0.2510, 0.6980
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.60, 0.25
HSL	61°, 47%, 53%
HSV	61°, 60%, 75%
XYZ	41.2056, 48.7446, 14.2581
YIQ	177.7050, 35.9980, -35.6660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

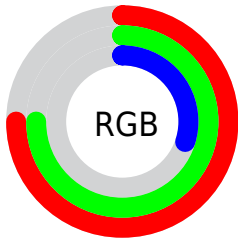
Format	Color
RYB	77, 191, 78
Decimal	12500813
CIELab	75.29, -15.08, 55.84
CIELCh	75, 57.839, 105.112
Yxy	48.7446, 0.3954, 0.4678
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290690893 (0xFFBEBF4D)
YUV	177.7050, -49.6476, 10.7827
Hunter-Lab	69.8173, -16.8312, 36.7639

Details

The RYB color **77, 191, 78** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **78, 77, 191**, and the grayscale version is **178, 178, 178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132, 249, 130**, and **19, 138, 23** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 191, 59**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 191, 97**.

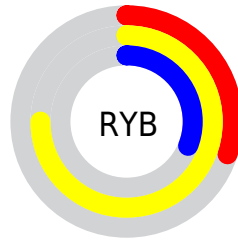
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (75%)

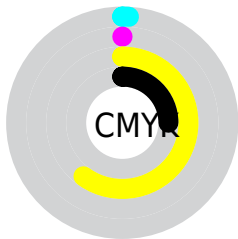
Blue (30%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (31%)

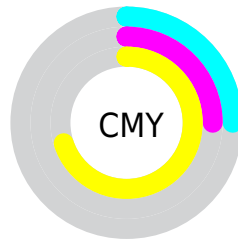


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 77, 191, 78 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 77, 191, 78 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 77, 191, 78  77, 191, 78

255, 255, 255  50, 164, 52

 132, 249, 130  19, 138, 23

 158, 255, 158  0, 112, 5

 186, 255, 186  0, 88, 8

 214, 255, 214  0, 65, 11

 243, 255, 243  0, 43, 14

 0, 24, 24

 0, 0, 0

 77, 191, 78  77, 191, 78

■ 58, 191, 59

■ 96, 191, 97

■ 39, 191, 40

■ 115, 191, 116

■ 20, 191, 22

■ 134, 191, 134

■ 1, 191, 3

■ 153, 191, 153

■ 0, 191, 2

■ 172, 191, 172

■ 191, 191, 192

■ 191, 191, 211

■ 191, 191, 230

■ 192, 191, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190, 238, 80



77, 191, 78



107, 204, 181

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 191, 78



0, 115, 255



255, 143, 214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 191, 78



78, 77, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



224, 161, 255



77, 191, 78



0, 112, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 191, 78



0, 106, 212



143, 172, 255



255, 140, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 191, 78



74, 165, 209



143, 172, 255



255, 148, 231

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 191, 78



203, 247, 203



191, 77, 77



97, 125, 97



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 191, 78



69, 247, 70



77, 191, 134



85, 94, 85



0, 158, 1



0, 31, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 77, 191



71, 69, 247



134, 77, 191



85, 85, 94



1, 0, 158



0, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 191, 78 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 191, 78 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

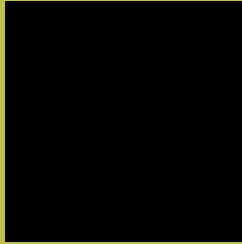
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 77, 191, 78 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 77, 191, 78.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 77, 191, 78.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77, 191, 78

Protanopia

99, 206, 75

Deuteranopia

166, 230, 81



Tritanopia
201, 179, 193

Trichromacy



Original Color
77, 191, 78

Protanomaly
89, 200, 76

Deuteranomaly
125, 215, 80

Tritanomaly
171, 197, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color
77, 191, 78

Achromatopsia
178, 178, 178

Achromatomaly
141, 183, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 77, 191, 78 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 191, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 191, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 191, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 191, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 77, 191, 78 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 191, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 191, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 191, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 191, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 191, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 191,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 77, 191, 78 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 191, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
191, 77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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