

Converting Colors

RYP(77, 48, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(77, 48, 193) contains.

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Color

R_YB(77, 48, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D30C1
RGB	77, 48, 193
RGB Percent	30%, 19%, 76%
CMY	0.6980, 0.8118, 0.2431
CMYK	0.60, 0.75, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	252°, 60%, 47%
HSV	252°, 75%, 76%
XYZ	13.7432, 7.5419, 51.1835
YIQ	73.2010, -29.2610, 51.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

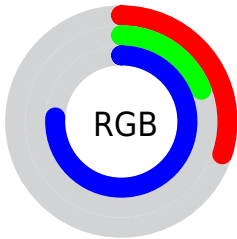
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 48, 193
Decimal	5058753
CIE Lab	33.01, 51.18, -71.01
CIE LCh	33, 87.532, 305.784
Yxy	7.5419, 0.1896, 0.1041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283248833 (0xFF4D30C1)
YUV	73.2010, 59.0609, 3.3317
Hunter-Lab	27.4626, 41.2676, -91.2781

Details

The RYB color **77, 48, 193** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **48, 193, 77**, and the grayscale version is **73, 73, 73**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138, 98, 251**, and **0, 0, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 29, 193**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 67, 193**.

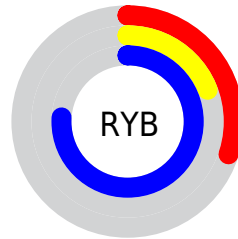
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (19%)

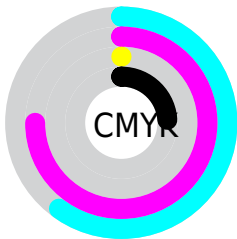
Blue (76%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (76%)

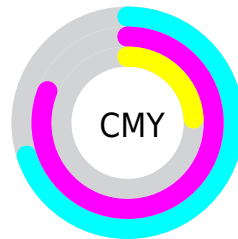


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 77, 48, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 77, 48, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 77, 48, 193

 77, 48, 193


255, 255, 255

 41, 23, 165

 138, 98, 251

 0, 0, 138

 168, 124, 255

 0, 0, 112

 198, 150, 255

 0, 0, 86

 228, 177, 255

 0, 5, 62

 255, 205, 255

 0, 3, 39

 255, 234, 255

 0, 1, 16

 0, 0, 0

 77, 48, 193

 77, 48, 193

■ 62, 29, 193

■ 92, 67, 193

■ 46, 9, 193

■ 108, 87, 193

■ 39, 0, 193

■ 123, 106, 193

■ 139, 125, 193

■ 154, 145, 193

■ 170, 164, 193

■ 185, 183, 193

■ 193, 202, 194

■ 193, 222, 199

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 61, 220



77, 48, 193



164, 0, 136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 48, 193



138, 76, 0



0, 54, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 48, 193



48, 193, 77

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 92, 99



77, 48, 193



4, 84, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 48, 193



176, 0, 0



0, 94, 94



0, 63, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 48, 193



186, 0, 91



0, 94, 94



0, 61, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 48, 193



204, 192, 250



48, 112, 193



97, 90, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 48, 193



70, 25, 250



150, 48, 193



89, 87, 97



32, 0, 161



7, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 48, 164



250, 25, 205



48, 193, 149



97, 87, 95



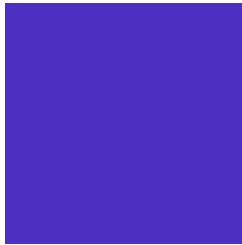
161, 0, 129



33, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 48, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

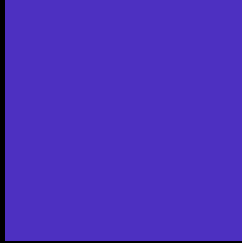
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 48, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

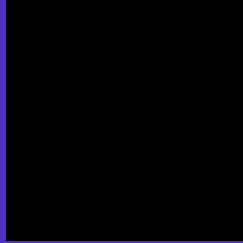
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 77, 48, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 48, 193.

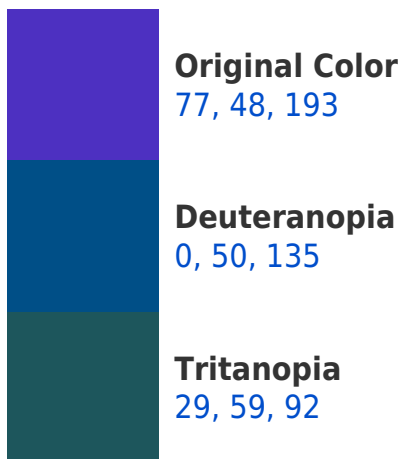


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 48, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 48, 193

Deuteranomaly

28, 58, 156

Tritanomaly

46, 66, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 48, 193

Achromatopsia

73, 73, 73

Achromatomaly

74, 64, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 77, 48, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 48, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 48, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 48, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 48, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 77, 48, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 48, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 48, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 48, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 48, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 48, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 48,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 77, 48, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 48, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 48,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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