

Converting Colors

`RYB(77, 99, 147)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(77, 99, 147) contains.

RYB(77, 99, 147)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(77, 99, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D6D93
RGB	77, 109, 147
RGB Percent	30%, 43%, 58%
CMY	0.6980, 0.5722, 0.4235
CMYK	0.48, 0.26, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	212°, 31%, 44%
HSV	212°, 48%, 58%
XYZ	13.8046, 14.6394, 29.7019
YIQ	103.7640, -31.2700, 5.0340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

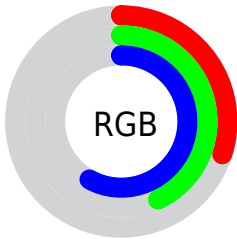
Format	Color
RYB	77, 99, 147
Decimal	5074323
CIELab	45.14, -0.69, -24.30
CIElCh	45, 24.312, 268.362
Yxy	14.6394, 0.2374, 0.2518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283264403 (0xFF4D6D93)
YUV	103.7640, 21.3153, -23.4720
Hunter-Lab	38.2615, -2.5557, -19.2429

Details

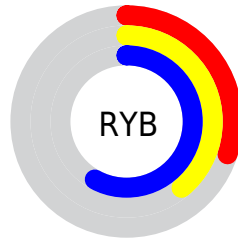
The RYB color **77, 99, 147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **136, 147, 77**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 151, 201**, and **23, 48, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 89, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 109, 147**.

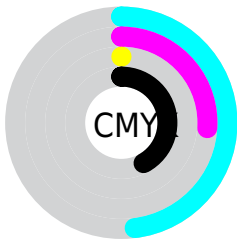
Distribution



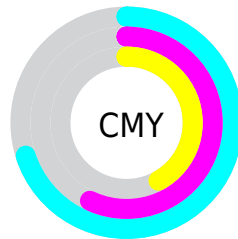
- Red (30%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 77, 99, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 77, 99, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77, 99, 147



77, 99, 147

255, 255, 255



51, 74, 121



129, 151, 201



23, 48, 96



157, 178, 229



0, 26, 72



184, 206, 255



0, 14, 50



213, 231, 255



0, 2, 28



241, 248, 255



0, 0, 0



77, 99, 147



77, 99, 147



62, 89, 147



92, 109, 147



48, 79, 147



106, 119, 147

■ 33, 69, 147

■ 121, 129, 147

■ 18, 58, 147

■ 136, 139, 147

■ 4, 49, 147

■ 151, 151, 147

■ 0, 46, 147

■ 161, 165, 147

■ 175, 180, 147

■ 188, 195, 147

■ 198, 209, 147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46, 86, 141



77, 99, 147



108, 102, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77, 99, 147



146, 93, 89



77, 109, 116

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 99, 147



136, 147, 77

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71, 111, 81



77, 99, 147



138, 114, 73

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77, 99, 147



145, 91, 109



90, 122, 66



52, 89, 118

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 99, 147



125, 97, 134



90, 122, 66



79, 114, 108

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 99, 147



164, 173, 191



77, 123, 147



80, 85, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 99, 147



82, 116, 191



79, 77, 147



67, 69, 74



0, 43, 138



0, 3, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 77, 109



191, 82, 132



77, 147, 79



74, 67, 70



138, 0, 63



10, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 99, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 77, 99, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

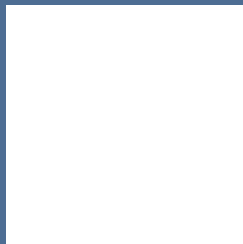
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 77, 99, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 99, 147.

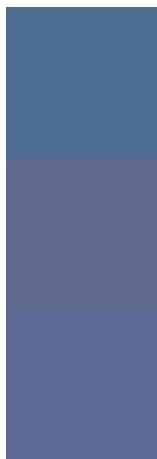


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 77, 99, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77, 99, 147

Protanopia

95, 103, 144

Deuteranopia

93, 103, 148



Tritanopia
70, 94, 123

Trichromacy



Original Color

77, 99, 147

Protanomaly

88, 102, 145

Deuteranomaly

87, 101, 148

Tritanomaly

73, 96, 132

Monochromacy



Original Color

77, 99, 147

Achromatopsia

104, 104, 104

Achromatomaly

94, 102, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 77, 99, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 109, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 109, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 109, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 109, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 77, 99, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

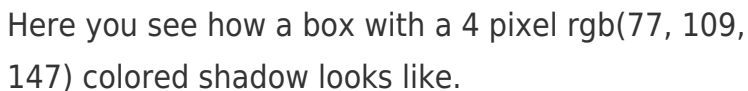
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 109, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 109, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 109, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 109, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 109, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 109,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 77, 99, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 109, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 109,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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