

Converting Colors

`RYB(78, 102, 120)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(78, 102, 120) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(78, 102, 120)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E786E
RGB	78, 120, 110
RGB Percent	31%, 47%, 43%
CMY	0.6941, 0.5294, 0.5706
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.09, 0.53
HSL	165°, 21%, 39%
HSV	165°, 35%, 47%
XYZ	12.6457, 16.1676, 17.0637
YIQ	106.3020, -21.8220, -12.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

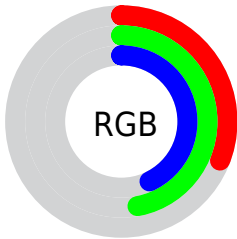
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 102, 120
Decimal	5142638
CIE _{Lab}	47.19, -17.13, 1.13
CIE _{LCh}	47, 17.170, 176.241
Yxy	16.1676, 0.2756, 0.3524
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283332718 (0xFF4E786E)
YUV	106.3020, 1.8231, -24.8209
Hunter-Lab	40.2089, -14.2275, 2.9850

Details

The RYB color **78, 102, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **120, 78, 89**, and the grayscale version is **106, 106, 106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129, 153, 172**, and **30, 53, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 97, 120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 107, 120**.

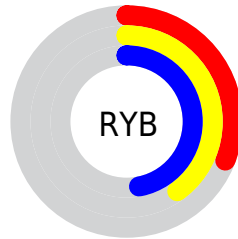
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (47%)

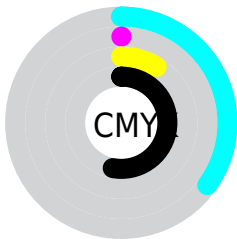
Blue (43%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (47%)

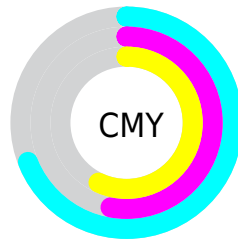


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 78, 102, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 78, 102, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



78, 102, 120



78, 102, 120

255, 255, 255



54, 77, 95



129, 154, 172



30, 53, 71



155, 181, 200



4, 29, 49



182, 208, 228



0, 17, 29



210, 236, 255



0, 0, 0



239, 247, 255



78, 102, 120



78, 102, 120



66, 97, 120



90, 107, 120



54, 92, 120



102, 112, 120

■ 42, 87, 120

■ 114, 118, 120

■ 30, 81, 120

■ 126, 120, 121

■ 18, 76, 120

■ 138, 120, 125

■ 6, 71, 120

■ 150, 120, 127

■ 0, 69, 120

■ 162, 120, 130

■ 174, 120, 133

■ 186, 120, 136

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 116, 118



78, 102, 120



71, 96, 124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78, 102, 120



112, 109, 138



136, 117, 88

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 102, 120



120, 78, 89

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 102, 100



78, 102, 120



129, 104, 128

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78, 102, 120



92, 107, 140



139, 102, 114



104, 124, 83

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 102, 120



73, 99, 132



139, 102, 114



139, 108, 92

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 102, 120



138, 148, 156



78, 120, 109



69, 75, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 102, 120



90, 128, 156



78, 96, 120



55, 58, 61



0, 71, 125



0, 144, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 78, 89



156, 90, 107



120, 93, 78



61, 55, 57



125, 0, 31



252, 0, 63

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 78, 102, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 78, 102, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

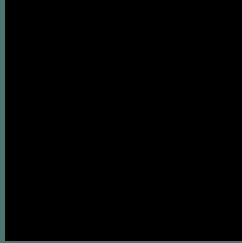
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 78, 102, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 78, 102, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 78, 102, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
78, 102, 120

Protanopia
112, 115, 105

Deuteranopia
122, 108, 112



Tritanopia
82, 102, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

78, 102, 120

Protanomaly

102, 110, 114

Deuteranomaly

106, 109, 112

Tritanomaly

81, 100, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

78, 102, 120

Achromatopsia

106, 106, 106

Achromatomaly

96, 105, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 78, 102, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 120, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 120, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 120, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 120, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 78, 102, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 120, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 120, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 120, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 120, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 120, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 120,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 78, 102, 120 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 120, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 120,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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