

Converting Colors

`RYB(78, 164, 209)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(78, 164, 209) contains.

RYB(78, 164, 209)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

$\text{RYB}(78, 164, 209)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4ED193
RGB	78, 209, 147
RGB Percent	31%, 82%, 58%
CMY	0.6941, 0.1804, 0.4253
CMYK	0.63, 0.00, 0.30, 0.18
HSL	151°, 59%, 56%
HSV	151°, 63%, 82%
XYZ	31.1733, 49.3130, 35.2929
YIQ	162.7630, -58.1740, -47.0540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

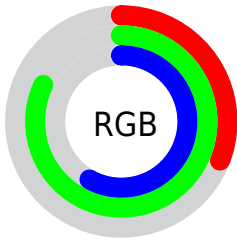
Format	Color
RYB	78, 164, 209
Decimal	5165459
CIELab	75.65, -50.21, 20.62
CIELCh	76, 54.281, 157.669
Yxy	49.3130, 0.2692, 0.4259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283355539 (0xFF4ED193)
YUV	162.7630, -7.7712, -74.3372
Hunter-Lab	70.2232, -43.6514, 19.3582

Details

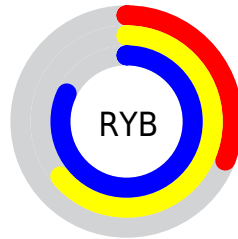
The RYB color **78, 164, 209** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **209, 78, 140**, and the grayscale version is **163, 163, 163**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139, 215, 255**, and **0, 94, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57, 157, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 171, 209**.

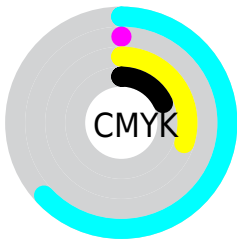
Distribution



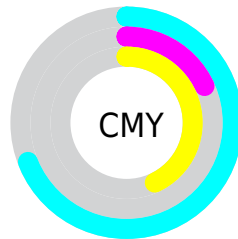
- Red (31%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 78, 164, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 78, 164, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



78, 164, 209



78, 164, 209

255, 255, 255



42, 131, 181



139, 215, 255



0, 94, 153



169, 220, 255



0, 81, 127



198, 227, 255



0, 68, 101



228, 242, 255



0, 56, 76



0, 49, 52



0, 28, 28



0, 0, 0



78, 164, 209



78, 164, 209

■ 57, 157, 209

■ 99, 171, 209

■ 36, 149, 209

■ 120, 179, 209

■ 15, 142, 209

■ 141, 186, 209

■ 0, 137, 209

■ 162, 193, 209

■ 183, 200, 209

■ 203, 207, 209

■ 224, 209, 216

■ 245, 209, 226

■ 255, 209, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

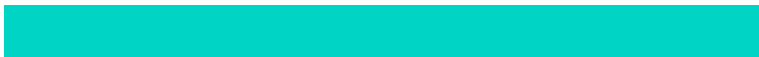
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



104, 201, 155



78, 164, 209



0, 110, 212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78, 164, 209



124, 167, 255



255, 159, 128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 164, 209



209, 78, 140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 144, 175



78, 164, 209



207, 168, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78, 164, 209



0, 113, 255



255, 150, 226



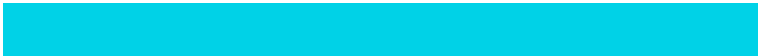
247, 247, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 164, 209



0, 110, 231



255, 150, 226



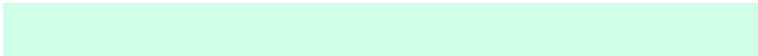
255, 148, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 164, 209



207, 239, 255



78, 209, 146



98, 118, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 164, 209



64, 189, 255



78, 143, 209



94, 101, 105



0, 110, 168



0, 27, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 78, 140



255, 64, 155



209, 80, 78



105, 94, 99



168, 0, 80



41, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 78, 164, 209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

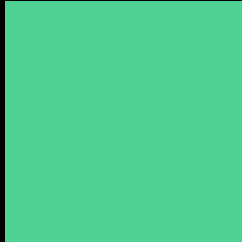
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 78, 164, 209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

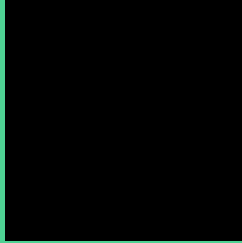
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 78, 164, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 78, 164, 209.

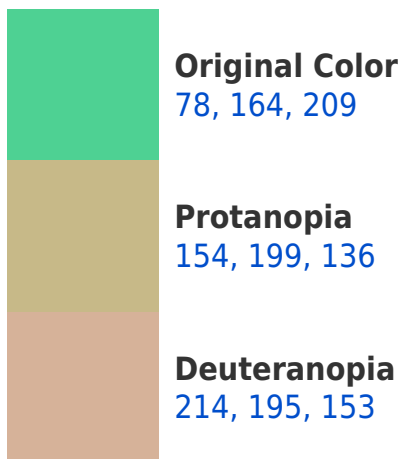


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 78, 164, 209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
102, 155, 216

Trichromacy



Original Color

78, 164, 209



Protanomaly

140, 194, 179



Deuteranomaly

151, 189, 175



Tritanomaly

93, 151, 203

Monochromacy



Original Color

78, 164, 209



Achromatopsia

163, 163, 163



Achromatomaly

132, 164, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 78, 164, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 209, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 209, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 209, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 209, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 78, 164, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 209, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 209, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 209, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 209, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 209, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 209,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 78, 164, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 209, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 209,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor