

Converting Colors

RYB(79, 101, 86)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(79, 101, 86) contains.

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Color

R_YB(79, 101, 86)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E654F
RGB	94, 101, 79
RGB Percent	37%, 40%, 31%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6039, 0.6902
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.22, 0.60
HSL	79°, 12%, 35%
HSV	79°, 22%, 40%
XYZ	10.6811, 12.2516, 9.1990
YIQ	96.3990, 2.8900, -8.3260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

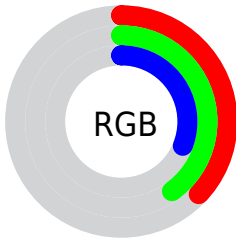
Format	Color
R_{YB}	79, 101, 86
Decimal	6186319
CIE Lab	41.61, -7.05, 11.57
CIE LCh	42, 13.552, 121.340
Yxy	12.2516, 0.3324, 0.3813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284376399 (0xFF5E654F)
YUV	96.3990, -8.5777, -2.1039
Hunter-Lab	35.0022, -6.7840, 8.9195

Details

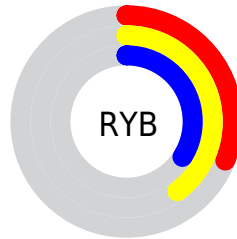
The RYB color **79, 101, 86** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **86, 79, 101**, and the grayscale version is **96, 96, 96**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128, 152, 135**, and **34, 54, 40** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 101, 79**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 101, 93**.

Distribution



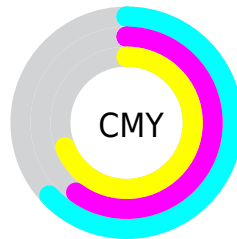
- Red (37%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 79, 101, 86 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 79, 101, 86 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 79, 101, 86 ■ 79, 101, 86

255, 255, 255 ■ 56, 77, 63

■ 128, 152, 135 ■ 34, 54, 40

■ 154, 179, 162 ■ 13, 33, 19

■ 181, 206, 189 ■ 0, 11, 11

■ 209, 234, 217 ■ 0, 0, 0

■ 237, 255, 237

■ 79, 101, 86 ■ 79, 101, 86

■ 69, 101, 79 ■ 89, 101, 93

■ 59, 101, 72 ■ 99, 101, 100

■ 49, 101, 66

■ 104, 101, 109

■ 39, 101, 59

■ 107, 101, 119

■ 29, 101, 52

■ 110, 101, 130

■ 18, 101, 44

■ 113, 101, 140

■ 8, 101, 37

■ 116, 101, 150

■ 0, 101, 32

■ 120, 101, 160

■ 123, 101, 170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87, 106, 76



79, 101, 86



81, 98, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79, 101, 86



73, 90, 117



120, 90, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 101, 86



86, 79, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113, 92, 109



79, 101, 86



86, 95, 120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79, 101, 86



68, 87, 109



101, 95, 117



121, 92, 87

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 101, 86



74, 92, 104



101, 95, 117



118, 91, 102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 101, 86



121, 130, 124



101, 89, 79



61, 66, 62



194, 194, 194



66, 66, 66

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 101, 86



96, 130, 107



79, 101, 97



46, 51, 48



0, 115, 37



0, 242, 77

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 79, 101



107, 96, 130



97, 79, 101



48, 46, 51



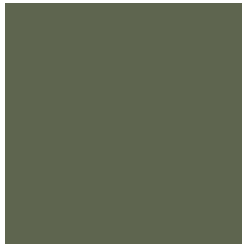
37, 0, 115



77, 0, 242

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 79, 101, 86 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

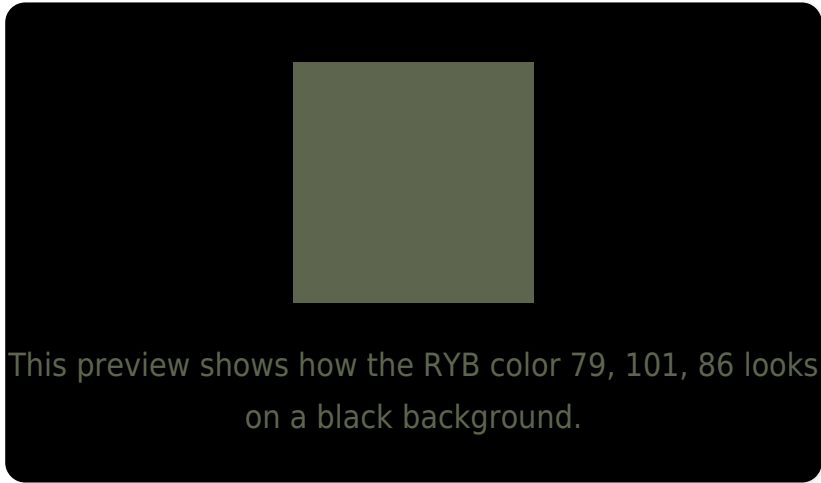
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

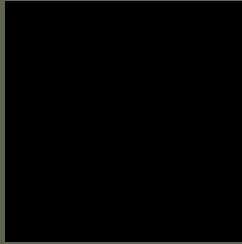
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

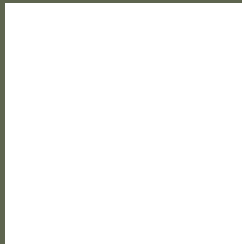
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 79, 101, 86 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 79, 101, 86.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 79, 101, 86.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

79, 101, 86

Protanopia

86, 104, 78

Deuteranopia

114, 104, 80



Tritanopia
98, 97, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

79, 101, 86

Protanomaly

79, 100, 78

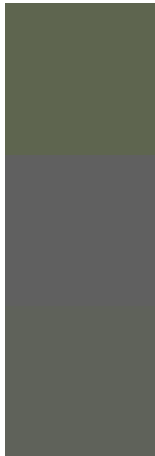
Deuteranomaly

96, 107, 80

Tritanomaly

96, 98, 97

Monochromacy



Original Color

79, 101, 86

Achromatopsia

96, 96, 96

Achromatomaly

90, 98, 93

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 79, 101, 86 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(94, 101, 79) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 101, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 101, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 101, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 79, 101, 86 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 101, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 101, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 101, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 101, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 101, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 101,  
79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 79, 101, 86 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 101, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 101,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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